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HARRIS' SEEDS

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From the Grower to the Sower

A field of HALL'S GOLD NUGGET CORN



JOSEPH HARRIS CO.

Moreton Farm -- COLDWATER, N.Y.

ABOUT OURSELVES AND OUR BUSINESS.

There are some who get this Catalogue who do not know us. To these the following information may be of interest. The business of seed growing was founded by the late Joseph Harris, over thirty years ago. The first complete Catalogue was issued in 1879, and one has been issued each year since that date. The business is now managed by his son, S. M. Harris, and is carried on at MORETON FARM, six miles west of Rochester, N. Y., near COLDWATER, a station on the main line of the New York Central R. R. Shipments by freight and express are made from Rochester as well as from Coldwater. The farm consists of 235 acres of highly improved land, containing miles of underdrains. It is devoted to the raising of Vegetable Seeds, Seed Potatoes and Farm Seeds. We also raise pure bred White Wyandotte Chickens and White Holland Turkeys.

Our P. O. Address is JOSEPH HARRIS CO., Moreton Farm, Coldwater, N. Y.
BELL TELEPHONE—ROCHESTER, Main 1196 R-12.

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BOOKS AT REDUCED PRICES.

We can furnish the following books postpaid, at reduced prices quoted below, which are lower than charged by the publishers:	
American Apple Orchard. By F. A. Waugh, published in 1909. An up-to-date book on apple culture, varieties, spraying, packing, etc. Illustrated, 226 pages.	\$ 95 1 90
Farm Machinery and Farm Motors. Just published. The only first-class up-to-date book on the subject.	
Soils. By Charles W. Burkett. A new book and a valuable one. It treats of drainage, fertilizing, tillage, tools, etc., from both a scientific and practical standpoint. Every progressive farmer should have this book.	1 20
Insects Injurious to Vegetables. By Dr. F. H. Crittenden. If you want to know all about insects that destroy crops, send for this book.	1 45
Bean Culture. All about Beans from planting to marketing. Illustrated, 144 pages. Cloth.....	50
Celery Culture. By W. R. Beattie. A practical guide for beginners and of interest and profit to those already raising this crop. Illustrated, 150 pages.	50
The Principles of Vegetable Gardening. By Prof. Bailey. A very complete and practical work.	1 40
Ginseng. Its culture, harvesting and marketing.	45
Alfalfa. By F. D. Coburn. All about raising this important crop, 160 pages.	45
Cabbage, Cauliflower and Allied Vegetables. A new book, by an expert (C. L. Allen). The best work on the subject.	45
Asparagus. A book giving the modern methods of raising asparagus.	45
The New Rhubarb Culture. All about forcing and out-door culture.	45
Tomato Culture. By W. W. Tracy. A book for the man who wants the latest and most complete information on the subject.	50
Talks on Manures. By Joseph Harris, M. S. New edition. A practical and complete work on Manures and Fertilizers, containing 40 chapters, 366 pages.	1 40 90
Gardening for Young and Old. By Joseph Harris. A work on the cultivation of vegetables and flowers. Illustrated.	
Farmer's Cyclopedia of Agriculture. A complete work on the science and practice of agriculture on the farm, including fruit growing and stock raising. A valuable book and one that every farmer should have.	3 40
" Harris on the Pig." By Joseph Harris. Revised edition.	90
Forage Crops, other than grasses. How to cultivate, harvest and use them. By Thomas Shaw.	95
Onions, How to Raise Them Profitably.	20
New Onion Culture. By T. Greiner. A new and enlarged edition of this popular book.	45
Spraying Crops. How and when to do it. By Prof. Clarence M. Weed. New and enlarged edition, thoroughly up to date.	45
How to Make the Garden Pay. By T. Greiner. A complete book on gardening, from making a hotbed to harvesting the crops—written by a practical man.	1 00
The Potato. By Samuel Fraser. A complete and up-to-date guide to Potato culture. 200 pages.	75
Bookkeeping for Farmers. Gives a practical and easy method of keeping accounts on the farm.	25
Poultry, Feeding and Fattening. Published 1904. A very useful book containing valuable information, including a chapter on capons and caponizing.	50
Turkeys, and How to Grow Them. Treats of breeds and management.	95

ORDER SHEET

JOSEPH HARRIS CO.

MORETON FARM, COLDWATER, N. Y.

Please remit by Postal Money Order, Express Money Order, Draft on New York, or by Registered Letter. Personal Checks for small amounts should have 10 cents added for exchange. Postage Stamps may be sent for small amounts.

Forward to (Name) _____

Post Office _____

County _____, State _____

Express or Freight Station _____

How to be Sent (Please state on this line whether you wish the articles ordered sent by mail, express or freight.)

Date _____

1910

Please do not write in above space.

Amount Enclosed

\$

Please state in what form the money is sent. Postage stamps may be sent for small amounts.

Please state whether you raise vegetables for private use or for market.

We guarantee the seeds ordered to reach the purchaser safely and in good condition and to be fresh and true to name, in so far that if any are lost or damaged on the way, or do not prove satisfactory, we will replace them without charge, or refund the money paid for them; but we will not be responsible for any loss exceeding the price paid for the seed. In sending this order the purchaser agrees to these conditions.—J. H. Co.

Quantity	Name of Seeds or Articles Wanted	Price \$ cts.
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Quantity	Name of Seeds or Articles Wanted	Price \$ cts.
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Amount brought forward

If you have any friends who you think would be interested in seeing our catalogue
will you kindly give their names and addresses below so that we can send it to them? Please
state whether they garden for their own use or for market.

Harris' High Class Seeds

=====FOR 1910=====

FOR THIRTY YEARS we have issued a catalogue each year and sent a copy to each of our customers and to many others who we hoped would become customers. We have still many old friends who have sent us orders each year since we have been in business.

Since 1879 when the first catalogue was issued, our business has grown to such an extent that not only is our entire farm of 235 acres devoted to seed raising, but large areas are grown for us on neighboring farms and in other localities where the soil and climate is especially well adapted to certain seed crops, such as California for Sweet Peas and Lettuce, Denmark for Cauliflower and Danish Cabbage and Holland for Spinach.

We raise on our own farm a larger proportion of the seeds we sell than any other seedsman we know of.

SEEDS YOU CAN RELY ON. As we use great care in raising and curing our seeds, and subject them to a very thorough test for vitality before sending them off to our customers, they can be relied upon to produce good results every time and in every case where the conditions for growth are favorable.

LET US PROVE IT. If you have not tried **Harris' Seeds** and are not getting perfect satisfaction from the seeds you are using we hope you will let us have at least part of your order this season. You can then judge for yourself whether our seeds are better than others or not.

A UNIQUE ADVANTAGE. For some years past we have marked on the packages the percentage, or number of seeds in a hundred, that germinated in our test of the seed enclosed. No other seedsman, as far as we know, does this.

In order to sow seeds intelligently it is necessary to know what proportion of them will grow. If only three-quarters (75%) of them will germinate the seed should be sown thicker than if all of them will grow. If you sow seed testing 90 per cent as thick as you do one testing only 50 per cent you will have a lot of trouble thinning the crop. But on the other hand if you reverse matters and sow the poorer seed as thinly as the one testing 90 per cent you will have a poor stand of plants. When you know how many seeds out of one hundred will germinate you can form an intelligent idea how thick to sow without wasting the seed or getting a thin stand of plants.

SEED CROPS OF 1909.

The past summer has been dry and cool, following a very wet and backward spring, consequently such crops as Melons, Cucumbers, Tomatoes and Sweet Corn were late in maturing and produced only half to three-quarters of a crop. Peas were put in late and greatly injured by the drought so the yield in most cases was small and the supply of seed will be far short of the demand. There has not been such a poor crop of seed peas in many years.

Beets and Mangels produced only small crops of seed and the same is true of Cabbage. Onions produced a fair crop of seed. Potatoes yielded fair crops of fine quality and prices will probably be somewhat lower than last year, although there will be no surplus of the best early kinds.

HARRIS' SEEDS ARE NOT "CHEAP SEEDS."

We could raise seeds at much less cost and sell them at lower prices than we do if we cared to follow the methods of many of our competitors. As long as there are gardeners who will buy of the man who sells at the lowest prices, just so long will there be seedsman who will supply them with the kind of seeds they deserve to get. It is easy to raise "cheap" seeds, but it takes constant care and intelligent selection of the plants to produce such seeds as the best gardeners demand.

Cheap seeds often grow perfectly and sometimes they produce good crops true to name, but in far more cases they either fail to germinate, or when the crop is matured it is found to be of some other kind than ordered, or of such an inferior strain that it is nearly worthless. There are always men who will try to save a dollar or two on seeds and then when they fail to raise profitable crops attribute their failure to "hard luck."

Our aim is to raise as good seeds as we possibly can and sell them at as low a price as will leave us a fair profit for our work. Our prices may be higher in some cases than charged by other dealers, but on the other hand they are in most cases lower than most other first-class houses charge and we are sure the seeds will be found equal to any obtainable, no matter what the price charged for them.

ABOUT THE HOME GARDEN.

Any one who has land enough around the house or elsewhere should have a vegetable garden. Vegetables and fruit taste so much better when they come fresh from your own garden that they will well repay for the time and trouble it takes to raise them.

Don't limit yourself to a small corner of the yard for a garden, but take a good-sized piece of land and give it good care and it will be the best investment on the farm.

Why not have plenty of nice fresh Asparagus, Peas, String Beans, Lima Beans, Tomatoes, Sweet Corn, Cauliflower and the many other delicious vegetables that can so easily be grown? Most people plant too small a quantity. Have enough so you can use them every day during the season.

Below we give a list of what should be raised in the home garden where ample space is available. With such a garden you will enjoy delicious fresh vegetables from early spring until late in the fall. If you have not the room or the time to raise all these kinds we should advise omitting Egg Plant, Okra, Water Melons, Cabbage and Potatoes. The last two take up considerable room and can usually be raised as field crops to better advantage than in a garden. **See collections of vegetable seeds for the home garden, page 4.**

Asparagus. From 100 to 200 roots, set out 2 feet apart.

Beets. About 40 feet of row. 1 ounce of seed.

Beans. About 20 feet of row, Valentine Wax or Stringless Green Pod (early). 20 feet Crystal Wax or Hudson Wax (late), $\frac{1}{2}$ pint each. 10 hills Scotia, 1 pt. 200 feet of row, Burpee's Bush Lima, 1 qt.; or, if preferred, 20 hills Pole Limas, Leviathan or Seibert's, 1 pint.

Sweet Corn. About 50 hills each, Harris' Extra Early or Peep-o'-Day, Metropolitan, Hickox, Country Gentlemen and Egyptian. If you want to prolong the season still more plant Hickox 3 weeks later than the main crop. Half-pint of seed of each kind.

Cucumbers. 10 hills Coy's Cyclone for very early, and 10 hills Fordhook Famous for late.

Celery. 100 or 200 plants each of Golden Self-Blanching and French's Success. Better buy the plants than try to raise them.

Cabbage. If early cabbage is desired plants must be started in frames in February or March, but for late crop the seed is sown in May. We recommend Eureka or Enkhuizen Glory for early and Perfection Drumhead Savoy for late fall and winter use. 1 pkt. each.

Cauliflower. 50 plants Snowball. 1 pkt. seed, or buy the plants.

Brussels Sprouts. 50 plants. 1 pkt. seed.

Swiss Chard, for greens. 20 feet of row, 1 pkt. seed.

Carrots. If used as a vegetable, 25 feet of row, if merely for flavoring, 10 feet of row, 1 pkt. seed. Harris' Half Long.

Egg Plant. 25 plants, 1 pkt. seed, Black Beauty.

Lettuce. Plants for early crop should be started in frames. May King, Holyrood Hot-Weather, Deacon, Iceberg and Salamander are best heading varieties. 2 pkts. seed.

Musk Melons. Those who have good soil and a sunny situation can raise fine Musk Melons. For early, Emerald Gem is excellent. For later, Lewis' Perfection, Irondequoit and Miller's Cream are fine. 10 hills of early and 20 hills of late will be enough. 1 pkt. early, 2 pkts. late.

Watermelons. We do not advise amateur gardeners to raise watermelons in the Northern States unless they have light soil and plenty of room. Harris' Earliest and Hungarian Honey are good for the North and Halbert Honey or Kleckley Sweets for further South.

Okra. 20 feet of row, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. seed.

Onions. Green Onions for early spring are raised by planting small sets. Set out a quart of white sets about 3 ins. apart in the row. If dry onions are required for winter use, sow 1 oz. of seed early in the spring. Prizetaker is a good kind.

Potatoes. For early, 300 to 500 feet of row. Noroton Beauty, Irish Cobbler or Early May. For late, Green Mountain, Vermont Gold Coin or Silver King, all of fine quality.

Peas. If an abundance of peas is desired, so as to have them every day during pea season, it will require the following: 1 qt. (100 feet of row) Surprise. 1 qt. Gradus or Thomas Laxten. 1 qt. Nott's Excelsior or Sutton's Excelsior. 1 qt. Telephone. 1 qt. Heroine. 1 qt. New Queen. Sow 2 or 3 weeks later, 1 qt. Horsford's Market Garden. These varieties will mature in the order named and will give a constant supply of green peas as long as they last.

Parsnips. 25 feet of row, 1 oz. of seed.

Peppers. 10 plants each, Neapolitan and Giant Crimson. 1 pkt. each.

Parsley. 10 feet of row, Dwarf Perfection, 1 pkt.

Radish. For forcing in frames the round extra early varieties are best, and many prefer them for open ground also. It is well to sow some radish seed in September for fall use.

Rhubarb. 1 dozen roots set 3 feet apart.

Spinach. 100 feet of row will produce a good lot of Spinach if it is on rich ground and the plants thinned out to 4 or 5 ins. apart. 2 ozs. Victoria for spring sowing and Norfolk Savoy Leaf for fall. Sown September 1st, spinach will last over winter with slight protection and be available for use as soon as the snow goes off in the spring.

Squash. For summer use 8 or 10 hills Early Bush Crookneck and Mammoth White Bush Scallop. For fall and winter, Boston Marrow and Delicious are excellent. 1 pkt. seed of each variety.

Salsify. 50 feet of row, 1 oz. seed.

Tomatoes. 25 plants of an early variety, Earliana, Bonny Best or Chalk's Jewel, and 50 plants of a late kind, such as Stone, Success or Potomac.

Turnips. Red Top, White Globe and Golden Ball are excellent kinds. Sow in August. 1 pkt. seed of each kind. For winter use sow Breadstone in July.

Herbs for Flavoring. Every garden should have Sage, Thyme, Summer Savory and Sweet Marjoram.

DIRECTIONS FOR CULTIVATION. We have issued a little pamphlet giving directions for the cultivation of vegetables and flowers raised from seed as well as other information of interest to amateur gardeners. We will send the pamphlet free with all orders amounting to 25 cents or more, *if requested*. Or it will be sent on receipt of 10 cents, which may be deducted from the first order.

Directions About Ordering, Discounts, Etc.

Making Out the Order. An order sheet which is attached to this catalogue will be found convenient to use. Please write your name very distinctly and give your full postoffice address, and also state **how you wish the seeds sent**, whether by mail, express or freight, and **give your nearest railroad station** if different from your postoffice.

How to send money. Money is most conveniently and safely sent in the form of a postoffice money order or express money order or draft on New York or Chicago. Personal check for small amounts should have 10c added for exchange. We cannot afford to pay exchange on small checks. Small amounts may be sent in postage stamps, 1c, 2c, 5c, 8c or 10c stamps preferred.

We take all the risk of money reaching us if it is sent in the form of a postal money order or bank draft, or for amounts of \$1.00 or less in bills or stamps (not silver).

Terms. Our usual terms are cash with the order. We shall, however, be glad to open accounts with anyone of established credit, or who will send us satisfactory references.

Seeds sent by Mail or Prepaid Express: When seeds are ordered at the prices quoted in this catalogue **except such prices** as are headed or preceded by the words "**By Express**," we will send the seeds by mail or prepaid express without any further expense to the purchaser.

This does not apply to Potatoes, Field and Grass seeds and Farm seeds, such as Oats, Corn, etc. These seeds are always sent by freight or express at the expense of the purchaser. (See freight and express rates below.)

How Seeds are Sent. Small lots of seeds, bulbs or plants weighing less than 4 lbs., will go by mail cheaper than by express. The express charges will amount to 35c even on a small package unless the charges are **prepaid by us**, in which case the charges will be the same as if sent by mail, 8c per lb. gross weight, including boxes and packing, which makes it amount to about 10c per lb. for the seed.

If the seeds weigh over 4 lbs. and under 50 lbs., they will go cheaper, quicker and safer by express than in any other way, provided they can be sent to places having offices of the American, United States, Adams, National or Wells-Fargo Express Companies. (See express rates below.)

Heavy seeds in quantities weighing 50 lbs. or more will usually go by freight cheaper than by express. (See freight rates below.) We prefer our customers to state how they want the seeds shipped, but if left to our judgment we will ship by cheapest way. Freight is often delayed, and if you are in a hurry for the seeds please state on the order about how long before you wish to use them.

Some people object to paying a little extra to have seeds sent by express, and others kick because we ship by freight to save them money, and there is a few days delay in the seeds reaching them.

Shipping by Freight. Heavy lots of seeds, potatoes, etc., usually go much cheaper by freight than by express, especially for long distances. It costs just as much to send 10 pounds by freight as 100 pounds, and often as much to send 100 pounds as 200 or 300 pounds. For any considerable distance the charges on any package, however small, would be 35c. or 40c. For instance, the rate from here to New York on potatoes is 18c. per 100 pounds, so that 200 pounds would go for 36c., while any smaller package, say 20 pounds, would cost 35c. It takes much longer to get things through when shipped by freight than by express, so that if there is any reason for avoiding delay, and the package is not too heavy, it is best to have seeds sent by express.

We can ship by the following Railroads from Coldwater and Rochester:

New York Central,	Lehigh Valley,
West Shore,	Erie,
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg,	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh,
	Pennsylvania.

Freight Rates on potatoes and heavy seeds are as follows per 100 pounds:

To New York.....	18c	To Richmond, Va.....	23c
To Chicago, most points in		To Boston.....	20½c
Ind. and lower Mich...	25c	To Buffalo.....	7c
To Cincinnati.....	21c	To Albany.....	15½c
To Pittsburg.....	18c	To Philadelphia.....	18c
To Louisville, Ky.....	25c	To Baltimore.....	18c
To Washington, D. C.....	23c	To places on Long Island	25c

To other points within 50 miles of these places the rates are usually the same, unless the distance is farther than to the point named.

Please state on your order whether we are to ship by freight or express. If left to our judgment, please state at what date you will need the seeds.

Express Rates on Seeds.

We can ship seeds by express at the following **special low rates**, which are much lower than the regular express rates. To places having either the Adams, American, National, United States, or Wells-Fargo Express, not over 500 miles from Rochester, a package of seeds weighing not over 15 pounds can be sent for 35c., and each additional pound will not cost over 2c. The rates are regulated by the distance to be sent, but except for short distances no packages of 4 pounds or more will be carried for less than 35c., but much heavier packages will usually cost no more.

The following table gives the express rates to the larger cities. For places near them, having any of the before mentioned express companies' offices, the rates are usually the same:

To Buffalo.....	70 lbs. or less, 35c., each additional lb.	½c
To New York.....	35 "	35c., "
To Cincinnati.....	23 "	35c., "
To Pittsburg.....	28 "	35c., "
To Chicago.....	23 "	35c., "
To St. Louis.....	14 "	35c., "
To Cairo, Ill.....	14 "	35c., "
To Kansas City.....	11 "	35c., "
To Minneapolis.....	11 "	35c., "
To Boston.....	23 "	35c., "
To Augusta, Me.....	17 "	35c., "
To Philadelphia.....	23 "	35c., "
To Washington.....	23 "	35c., "

Please note that these rates apply only to places having either the Adams, American, National, United States or Wells-Fargo express offices. To the offices of other companies the rates are higher.

If you are charged more than above rate, do not pay it, but write to us and we will get the charge adjusted.

We Guarantee Safe Delivery.

You run no risk in ordering seeds of us. We take all the responsibility of the seeds, etc., reaching you in good condition. If they are not satisfactory when received you get your money back.

WE GUARANTEE all seeds or plants to reach the purchaser in good condition and to be as represented in so far that if seeds or plants are damaged on the road and do not reach the purchaser in good condition, or if seeds do not germinate under favorable conditions, or if they do not prove true to name, we will replace them without charge or refund the money paid for them, but we will not be responsible in any way for the crop.

Discounts and Premiums.

When garden seeds are ordered at the prices quoted in the catalogue, we will allow the following discounts and premiums:

Send us one dollar (\$1.00) or more for seeds in PACKET or OUNCES and we will send you 35 cents worth of seeds in PACKET of your own selection.

This applies only to orders accompanied by a cash remittance, and does not apply to orders for seeds in larger quantities than packets and ounces.

On orders for Garden and Flower Seeds amounting to \$2.50 or more we will allow a discount of 10% if the order is accompanied by a cash remittance to cover the full amount less the discount.

This applies to any **general order** for garden and flower seeds in any quantities, but does not apply to orders for a considerable quantity of one or two kinds of seed. It does not apply to farm and grass seeds, potatoes by the barrel or sack, fertilizers or tools.

COLLECTIONS OF SEEDS FOR

A Complete Vegetable Garden

Many people do not know enough about the different varieties of vegetables to choose them so as to get the best results. To all such the collections as given below will be both convenient and economical.

The quantities and varieties are chosen with the aid of our long experience so as to make a garden that will furnish a constant supply of vegetables from the beginning to the end of the season.

We cannot make any changes in these collections. The collections are put up ready to ship so we cannot change them in any way; but of course any one may order additional seeds to go with the collection.

COLLECTION No. 1—For Small Vegetable Garden.

Price 75c Postpaid.

The regular price of these seeds bought separately is \$1.15.

This collection contains one packet of each of the following varieties:

Beet—Eclipse.
Beans—Valentine Wax.
Cabbage—All Head Early.
Cauliflower—Snowball.
Carrot—Harris' Perfected Half Long.
Cucumber—Early White Spine.
Celery—Golden Self-Blanching.
Sweet Corn—Harris' Extra Early.
 " " White Evergreen.
Lettuce—May King (early).
 " Iceberg (later).
Musk Melon—Emerald Gem.
Watermelon—Harris' Earliest.
Onion—Yellow Globe Danvers.
Parsnip—Guernsey Half Long.
Radish—Early Scarlet Globe.
Summer Squash—Early Bush Crookneck.
Salsify, or Vegetable Oyster.
Turnip—Red Top White Globe.
Tomato—Bonny Best.

Club Orders

If any one will get two or three (or more) other people to join with him in ordering seeds, and if the order amounts to **\$2.50**, not including the seeds ordered by the sender of the club, we will give the sender of the order **50c worth** of seeds or plants of his or her selection, **free**.

If the order amounts to **\$5.00**, not including the sender's order, we will give **\$1.00 worth free**. If it amounts to **\$7.50**, **\$1.50 worth free**. If it amounts to **\$10.00**, **\$2.00 worth free**. If it amounts to **\$15.00**, **\$3.00 worth free**.

Please note that the club must consist of at least three people, not members of the same family or household.

This is for general garden seed orders, either vegetables or flowers, but does not apply to orders including any **large quantity of one kind** of seed or to orders for farm or field seeds, or potatoes in larger quantities than bushels.

The seeds will be mailed direct to the different members of the club if so desired, or will be sent in one package to any address given, with the seeds for each member done up separately and marked with the name of the person to whom they belong. **In all cases the names and addresses of each member of the club must be given on the order.**

By a little work, at any spare time, you can easily get \$2.00 or \$3.00 worth of seeds or plants free.

COLLECTION No. 2—For Complete Vegetable Garden. Price \$2.50 by Express.

Regular price if bought separately, \$3.45.

The collection will be delivered free of all charges to any place having an office of either the American, Adams, National, United States or Wells-Fargo Express for **\$2.85**, and to other places for **\$3.10**.

This collection contains the following seeds:

1 pint **Beans**—Valentine Wax, very early.
 1 pint " Bountiful, later.
 1 pint " Burpee's Bush Lima.
 1 ounce **Beet**—Crosby's Egyptian.
 1 packet **Brussels Sprouts**—Hercules.
 1 packet **Cabbage**—Jersey Wakefield, very early.
 1 packet " All Head Early.
 1 packet " Savoy—For Winter use.
 1 packet **Carrot**—Harris' Perfected Half Long.
 1 packet **Cauliflower**—Snowball.
 1 packet **Celery**—Golden Self-Blanching.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ pint **Sweet Corn**—Pocahontas, very early.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ pint " " Buttercup (new), very sweet.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ pint " " Hickox, medium late.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ pint " " White Evergreen, later.
 1 ounce **Cucumber**—Early White Spine.
 1 ounce " Boston Pickling.
 1 packet **Kohlrabi**—White Vienna.
 1 packet **Lettuce**—May King (early).
 1 packet " Iceberg (later).
 1 packet **Musk Melon**—Emerald Gem, early and very sweet.
 1 packet **Watermelon**—Harris' Earliest, best for the North.
 $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce **Onion**—Yellow Globe Danvers.
 1 packet " Silver Skin, white.
 1 packet **Parsley**—Dwarf Perfection.
 1 ounce **Parsnip**—Guernsey Half Long.
 1 quart **Peas**—Sutton's Excelsior, early.
 1 quart " Heroine, medium late.
 1 quart " New Queen, late.
 1 packet **Peppers**—Giant Crimson (new), large and mild.
 1 ounce **Radish**—Early Scarlet Globe.
 1 ounce **Salsify** or Vegetable Oyster.
 1 ounce **Spinach**—Long Season.
 1 packet **Summer Squash**—Early Bush Crookneck.
 1 packet **Winter Squash**—Delicious.
 1 packet **Tomato**—Bonny Best.
 1 packet " Success.
 1 packet **Turnip**—Red Top White Globe.
 1 packet " Golden Ball.

New Varieties and Special Strains of Vegetable Seeds.

We are constantly on the lookout for better varieties than we already have and some of our customers are kind enough to aid us in our search by sending us seeds for trial and giving us suggestions. We are always very grateful for such favors.

We try a great many new varieties as well as older kinds every year and when we find one that we think is superior in some way to what we already have we raise the seed and offer it to our customers.

We do not offer a new variety that does not seem to us superior, no matter how much other dealers may praise it. We cannot raise all kinds there are, so leave out many kinds that are fairly good but not the best.



POCAHONTAS SWEET CORN.

A Delicious New Sweet Corn, "Buttercup."

We have eaten some very good sweet corn but it was never like this. For **quality**—that is, sweetness, flavor and succulence—we have never seen a corn quite equal to the "**Buttercup**."

We are indebted to one of our esteemed customers, Mr. A. H. Drake, of Massachusetts, for this new corn. Mr. Drake, who is an extensive gardener, has raised it for a number of years and says that his customers will not take any other kind as long as his yellow corn lasts.

Like the now well-known Golden Bantam, the "**Buttercup**" is a yellow sweet corn. The kernels are as yellow as June butter. This is an objection to it as a market variety, as people who do not know better than to think it is old and tough because it is yellow; but for home use and a discriminating trade, we think the "**Buttercup**" will be found very acceptable.

The ears are of good length (8 to 10 inches) and have 8 to 12 rows of large kernels of a rich butter yellow, and are most delicious, sweet, succulent and tender.

It is medium early and quite prolific.

Compared with Golden Bantam the "**Buttercup**" has a **larger ear** and is of **better quality** and nearly if not quite as early.

We hope all our customers who appreciate good sweet corn will give the "**Buttercup**" a trial this season.

Price, postpaid. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 18c; pt. 30c; qt. 55c.

Price, by Express. $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 22c; qt. 40c; 4 qts. \$1.25.

Pocahontas Sweet Corn.

The Pocahontas is the largest and finest flavored extra early sweet corn we have ever raised or seen.

Planted side by side with both Red and White Cob Cory it produced ears **much larger** and fully as early. The only corn that is earlier is Peep o' Day which, however, has ears hardly half the size of Pocahontas and is not over two or three days earlier.

We thought we had raised good early sweet corn before but Pocahontas goes ahead of anything we have ever seen. The stalks grow only about 5 ft. high, and nearly all of them produce two great big ears 8 to 9 in. long with 10 rows of **very large** pure white kernels which are deliciously sweet and tender.

Market gardeners who want to get the largest and finest sweet corn into market ahead of other growers will find the Pocahontas a very valuable kind. It is not only extra early but it has a large, handsome ear well filled out and **of the best quality**, which can be said of very few early varieties.

Our seed is all of our own growing and is carefully selected, all "sports" and poor ears being rejected.

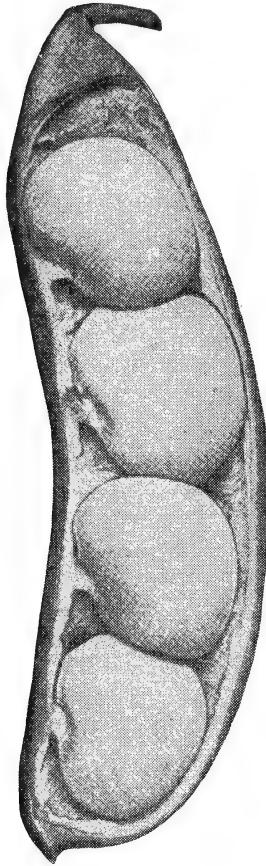
Price, postpaid: Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c.
By express: Pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$1.50.

Messrs. F. & H. Langdon, Constable, N. Y., wrote on Aug. 18, '09:

"Your Pocahontas corn certainly is the best early corn we ever grew. Early, small stalk to stand drought, large ear on every one, and a great many with two; kernels very white, tender, and quality almost as good as the best Evergreen. It is all you claim for it."

Mr. J. T. S. Bard, Pleasantville, N. Y., says:

"Your Pocahontas sweet corn is all right. With me it is a week earlier than Bantam and ten times less smut. In fact, I have never seen an early corn with less smut."



FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA.

Crosby's Improved Egyptian Beet.

Harris' Selected Strain.

There is no earlier or better table beet than a first-class strain of Crosby's Egyptian. We have been raising this strain of seed for a number of years, and by taking great pains in selecting the roots used for seed production we have obtained seed that will satisfy the most critical gardener. The beets are nearly **globe-shaped**, as shown in the photograph reproduced here, and are very smooth, with **small tops** and small tap root, and they are **dark red all through**. When selecting beets for raising seed a small piece is cut from each beet, and if the color is not dark red the beet is rejected, and of course a great many beets are rejected for other causes, such as too large tops, poor shape, etc. To raise seed in this careful manner costs a good deal, but we think any gardener can well afford to pay a little more for it than for seed raised in the usual way.

We are sure our strain will be found equal, and in most cases **far superior** to any seed obtainable, no matter what the price.

There are some varieties claimed to be earlier than the Egyptian, but after trying them all we have failed to find one a day earlier than our strain of this variety, and most of them are later or inferior in shape and quality.

We offer seed of our own growing from the most carefully selected roots. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c; postpaid.** By express 70c. lb.

Michigan White Wax Bean.

This is the first really good **white seeded** wax bean we have seen. The pods are like the well-known Golden Wax, of good length, flat, deep golden yellow and of **fine quality**. The plants are vigorous and productive and the pods mature early.

The advantage of a white-seeded bean is that the dry beans can be used for baking the same as any other white bean, so if there is no market for the pods they can be left to mature a crop of dry beans.

The pods are of far better quality than those of Davis' White Wax, which is the old white-seeded variety.

Price, postpaid. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 18c; pt. 30c.

Price by Express. Pt. 20c; qt. 35c; pk. \$1.75.

A New Bush Lima Bean, "Burpee-Improved."

Burpee's Bush Lima was the first dwarf or bush form of the Large White Lima Bean. We have had since its introduction one or two improved strains such as the "Wonder" strain and the "Quarter Century" strain, both practically the same thing.

We now have a new strain which we think is superior to any of the others. The beans of the "Burpee-Improved" are **thicker** and **heavier** than the old strain and of a **deeper green color**. The pods also are larger and the plant is fully as productive. In size the beans compare favorably with the largest Limas grown, while they are nearly as thick as the Dreer's or Potato Lima, a combination we have never seen before.

On account of the large size of the beans and their deep green color, we think gardeners will find the "Burpee-Improved" a valuable and profitable variety to raise.

Price by Mail, postpaid. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c; pt. 30c; qt. 55c.

Price, by Express. Pt. 20c; qt. 40c; 4 qts. \$1.25.

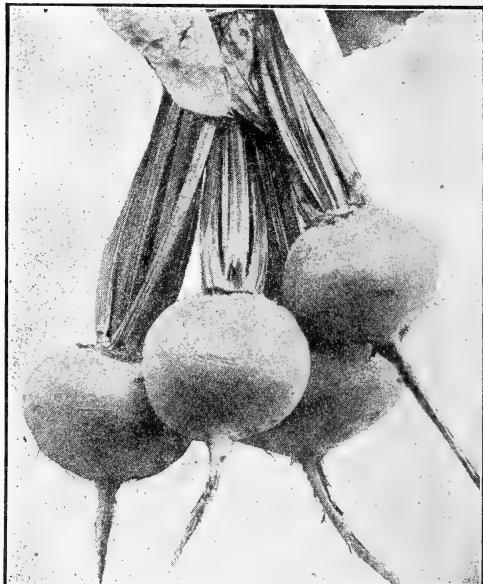
Fordhook Bush Lima.

This is a remarkable improvement on the old Dreer's Bush Lima. It is so much better in every way that it will certainly displace the old variety. The pods are larger and contain more beans. The beans are larger and of better quality and deep green in color. The vines are more vigorous and productive and the beans mature earlier.

Those who prefer the thick "Potato" Limas will find this new strain far superior to any other. **Price same as for "Burpee-Improved" given above.**

Market Gardeners.

If any of our customers who are growers of vegetables for market have not received our special **WHOLESALE PRICE LIST**, we wish they would notify us, and we will mail a copy at once. Ask for "Market Gardener's List."



CROSBY'S IMPROVED EGYPTIAN BEET.
(Photograph.)

Celery--Winter Reliance.

In the extensive celery district around Rochester there has been raised for the last few years by a few growers a new strain of green celery that is much prized for winter market. It is evidently an improved Dwarf Golden Heart, that has been very carefully bred to a certain type. The variety is now called "Winter Reliance."

Some years ago we introduced French's Success Celery, which has become very popular for winter keeping. The Winter Reliance will not supersede this variety, but it fills a place between the Golden Self-Blanching and the French's Success, as it blanches quicker than the Success and can be marketed earlier, following closely after the Self-Blanching.

The stalks are broad and thick and of medium height, not much taller than the Golden Self-Blanching. They blanch easily, pure white on outside with rich yellow heart, and are solid, crisp and never grow hollow or soft. We think this new variety will be found superior to either Columbia or Winter Queen as a green celery for winter market or home use.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.50, postpaid.



FRENCH'S SUCCESS CELERY. (From a Photograph.)

deal of cheap seed being offered both in France and California and we know of no seed that is as good as ours. It is also one of the best for Fall and early Winter use. It is also one of the best for Summer use. It is far superior in quality to White Plume.

We do not think there was one soft stalk in a thousand among all the celery grown from this seed the past season.

It is as fine a strain of Golden Self-Blanching as is possible to obtain at any price and far superior to much of the seed sold.

Proved Seed. We can furnish a limited quantity of seed of the crop of 1908 which has proved to be first-class in every way. The man who sows this seed can depend on it. It is of good strong germination. **Price: oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.85; postpaid.**

New Seed. The new seed we offer is undoubtedly just as good, or possibly better than the older seed, but of course we have had no chance to prove it. **Price: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 95c; lb., \$3.60.**

Celery Plants. We can furnish both early and late celery plants in large or small quantities. It is much easier, and often cheaper, to buy plants than to try to raise them. See price list on last page of this catalogue.

French's Success Celery.

The best for winter storing. We introduced this celery a few years ago and it has steadily gained in favor among celery growers every year. Our sales of seed last year were double those of the year before, which is the best evidence that it is giving satisfaction.

For late use or market during February, March or April we know of no celery equal to this. It

requires more time to blanch than some other kinds, but it is just this quality that makes it so valuable for storage. If kept cold it will keep in good condition until April.

The stalks are of medium length, *very compact*, with *well developed heart*, *solid* and *very crisp* and of *superb quality*. The stalks are so brittle and crisp that they require extra care in handling. They *never grow soft*.

We highly recommend the French's Success for winter storing, either for market or home use. There is nothing better.

We offer seed of our own growing from carefully selected stalks that we are sure will prove satisfactory in every respect. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.75, postpaid.**

OUR GILT-EDGED STRAIN OF Golden Self-Blanching or Paris Golden Celery.

This is the best and most popular variety for Fall and early Winter use. It is also one of the best for Summer use. It is far superior in quality to White Plume.

There is no seed about which gardeners are more particular than this variety of celery. If the seed is not very carefully grown the crop is often a total failure on account of soft or hollow stalks and green plants. There is a great

deal of cheap seed being offered both in France and California and we know of no seed that is as good as ours. It is also one of the best for Fall and early Winter use. It is also one of the best for Summer use. It is far superior in quality to White Plume.

We do not think there was one soft stalk in a thousand among all the celery grown from this seed the past season.

It is as fine a strain of Golden Self-Blanching as is possible to obtain at any price and far superior to much of the seed sold.

Proved Seed. We can furnish a limited quantity of seed of the crop of 1908 which has proved to be first-class in every way. The man who sows this seed can depend on it. It is of good strong germination. **Price: oz., 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00; lb., \$3.85; postpaid.**

New Seed. The new seed we offer is undoubtedly just as good, or possibly better than the older seed, but of course we have had no chance to prove it. **Price: Pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 95c; lb., \$3.60.**

Enkhuizen Glory Cabbage.



ENKHUIZEN GLORY CABBAGE.

WHAT THE GROWERS SAY ABOUT ENKHUIZEN GLORY :

MR. R. E. POST, Norwich, N. Y., writes, Oct. 6, '09:

"From 2,000 Enkhuizen Glory Cabbage plants I bought of you last spring, I have sold \$111.50 worth of cabbage. I took three heads to the County Fair which weighed 45 lbs., the heaviest one weighing over 17 lbs."

MR. M. H. FORAN, Little Valley, N. Y., writes Jan. 25, '09 :

"I want to tell you I grew some of the finest cabbages in this section, in fact, in my neighborhood. It was the only cabbage that was worth gathering. Your seed done fine work. The cabbages grown from your Enkhuizen Glory Cabbage seed that you sent me is a wonder here. I had heads that weighed 12 lbs. by actual weight, trimmed ready for market. It is a fine cabbage every way. I buried some out in the field to see how it would keep, and today I took up some, and it was as fine as when I buried it, if not more tender, and today is Jan. 25. My neighbor, Mr. Hoard, told me I could get 5c per lb. for it; $5 \times 12 = 60$ c. for one cabbage. How is that?"

MR. LEE W. SERVEY, Watertown, N. Y., writes, July 24, '08 :

"Your Enkhuizen Glory cabbage is great. I have not only had the first cabbage on the market this year (July 7th) but by far the largest and finest. Other gardeners were selling Wakefield and Early Spring that would weigh 1 to 1½ lbs., while my Glory cabbage run from 3 to 6 lbs. I cut one today that weighed 7 lbs. At 3c per lb. they are profitable."

"Hercules" Brussels Sprouts. A New Variety of Great Merit.

We have made extensive trials of the different varieties of Brussels Sprouts during the last few years and have found this new strain called "**Hercules**" to be the best.

The plants are semi-dwarf and produce **large** and **very solid** sprouts close together on the stem. There are very few sports or loose and soft sprouts.

Gardeners who have had trouble in raising good Brussels Sprouts should try this new kind. We are sure they will be pleased with it. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c.**

New Early Cucumber "The Mimms."

One of our enterprising market gardener neighbors, Mr. J. W. Mimms, has been raising for a number of years, some of the best open ground cucumbers that come into the Rochester market. So fine are these cucumbers and so early, that they are often mistaken for hothouse-grown. The fruit is **very long, slender and straight**, and of a **very deep green**. The vines are vigorous, healthy and prolific, and the fruit forms very early and grows rapidly, so that they can be used or marketed as early as the smaller fruited kinds.

This variety has been produced by careful "breeding" for a good many years, and the seed had never before been offered for sale by anyone until last season. We think those who use this variety will find it superior to any other strain of early cucumbers. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c.**

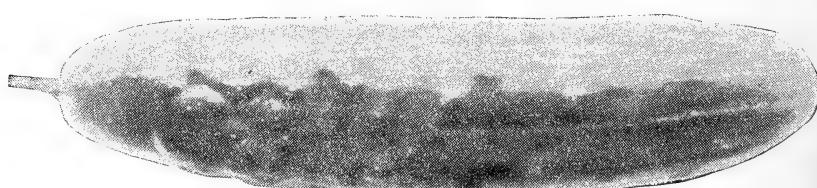
This is a very quick growing cabbage and produces **large, solid, round** heads, earlier than any other kind we know of. In our trials, the past season, it was as early as Charleston Wakefield and **much larger**. We had heads the past season that weighed 10 lbs. each, trimmed ready for market. They are larger and of better shape than any other early cabbage we have ever seen. All gardeners who have raised the "Glory" are enthusiastic in its praise. (See a few of the letters we get below.)

This is not only a valuable early kind, but it grows so large that it can be profitably raised for main crop for fall use. It grows so fast that the plants can be set out late in July after early potatoes or other spring crops.

The heads are nearly as round as a ball, **very firm** and **heavy**, and have few outside leaves. It heads remarkably even, practically **every plant** forming a perfect head at the same time, if the land is of uniform quality. The heads stand well without cracking, being much superior to Succession and some other medium early kinds in this respect.

Taking it altogether, the "Enkhuizen Glory" is undoubtedly one of the very best kinds for both early and late planting. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 95c; 1b. \$3.50.**

We are sorry to report a very small crop of seed. We fear that there will not be enough to go around.



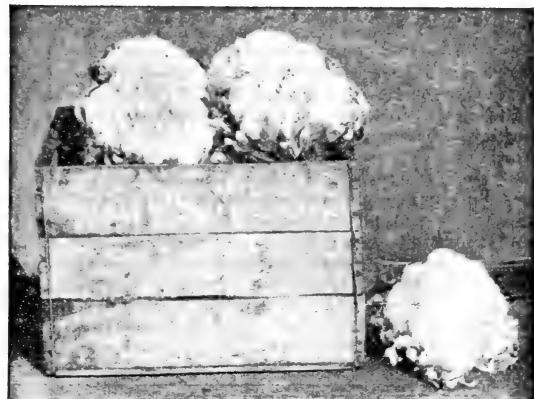
"THE MIMMS" CUCUMBER.

The Best Cauliflower Seed at Reduced Prices.

For a number of years we have sold Snowball Cauliflower seed of the very **highest quality** at a much lower price than charged by most seedsmen. There is no good reason why the best and most carefully grown cauliflower seed cannot be sold at the prices we have been charging for it. Some gardeners, however, seem to think that if they pay \$3.00 or \$4.00 per ounce for cauliflower seed, they are getting something better than we are selling for \$1.75 or \$2.00 per oz. But this is not the case. There is no better seed sold and none that the grower gets more for than the strains we sell. If you pay more for seed you are wasting money.

We have this season some unusually fine seed of the varieties described below, which will be found of the very best quality in every respect.

Early Snowball Cauliflower. The most popular cauliflower grown, and one of the best varieties for both early and main crop. The strain we offer produces large, solid heads that are snow white and without protruding leaves to mar their appearance. When well grown practically every plant produces a good head, and the heads form very early. To get the best results the leaves should be tied together over the head as soon as it forms, to protect it from the sun. **Price.** Pkt. (200 seeds) 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; oz. \$1.80; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$6.50.



SNOWBALL CAULIFLOWER. (From a Photograph)

Danish Giant Snowball or "Dry-Weather" Cauliflower.

This is a new strain of Snowball cauliflower that is superior for main crop for fall market. We have never seen finer cauliflower than we raised from seed of this variety. The plants are of more vigorous growth than the Early Snowball, and have more leaves which protect the heads both from the sun and frost. The heads are **very large, heavy and compact** and perfectly snow white, with no protruding leaves. This variety being of a stronger and more vigorous habit than the Early Snowball, it withstands dry weather better.

The **Danish Giant** requires about ten days or two weeks longer to mature than the Early Snowball, and consequently the plants should be set out earlier, if it is desired to have them head at the same time.

On account of the superior size and quality of the heads and vigor of the plant, we highly recommend this strain for main crop.

Price. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$2.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$7.50.

Holyrood Hot-Weather Lettuce.

We have raised this new head Lettuce for two years and have been much pleased with it. Gardeners who tried it last season are enthusiastic in its praise. The heads are **very large, compact** and of the very **finest quality** and they stand longer without running to seed than any kind we know of. It is especially valuable for summer use as it stands hot and dry weather remarkably well. The heads are deeper green than Salamander and somewhat resemble the Deacon Lettuce, which they also resemble in quality, having the rich buttery flavor so much prized in that variety.

Gardeners who want to raise the finest head lettuce in the open ground should give this new kind a trial. We have some carefully grown seed of our own raising.

Pkt. 10c; **oz.** 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ **lb.** 85c.

Improved Keene Lettuce

A grand variety for forcing.

This lettuce has been used for a number of years among the gardeners around Rochester and has proved so superior for forcing in green houses that practically no other kind of head lettuce is now used. It grows very fast and soon forms a good head so that the crop can be raised in less time than required for other heading varieties. This lettuce stands heat well and does not "burn" and is not subject to disease.

The heads are quite compact when well grown and are of a light green, very attractive in appearance and of fine quality.

Some of the largest and most successful lettuce growers in the country say there is nothing quite equal to the Improved Keene Lettuce for forcing.

We have raised a good crop of this lettuce seed on our own farm and can furnish seed that is true to name and of the highest quality.

Pkt. 10c; **oz.** 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ **lb.** 60c; **lb.** \$2.00; **postpaid.**



HOLYROOD HOT - WEATHER LETTUCE.

Pea—Prince Edward.

There are already two well-known strains of Telephone Pears which are better than the original. These are the Duke of Albany and Alderman. We now have a third strain called "Prince Edward," which, in our opinion, surpasses the others in all important respects. The pods are similar to Duke of Albany and Alderman but larger, longer and better filled and the vines are fully as productive, or more so. Like all the strains of Telephone peas this new kind is of the very finest quality.

The vines grow about 4 ft. tall, with strong stems and deep green foliage, and very productive. The pods are immense, larger even than the Alderman which is in turn larger than Telephone. The peas are large, green and of the finest quality. We are sure this new kind will become very popular both for market and home use. Unfortunately the supply of seed is so limited this year that we can offer it only in small quantities. We hope, however, that gardeners generally will try this new kind and be prepared to take it up another year on a larger scale when we hope to have a more liberal supply of seed to offer.

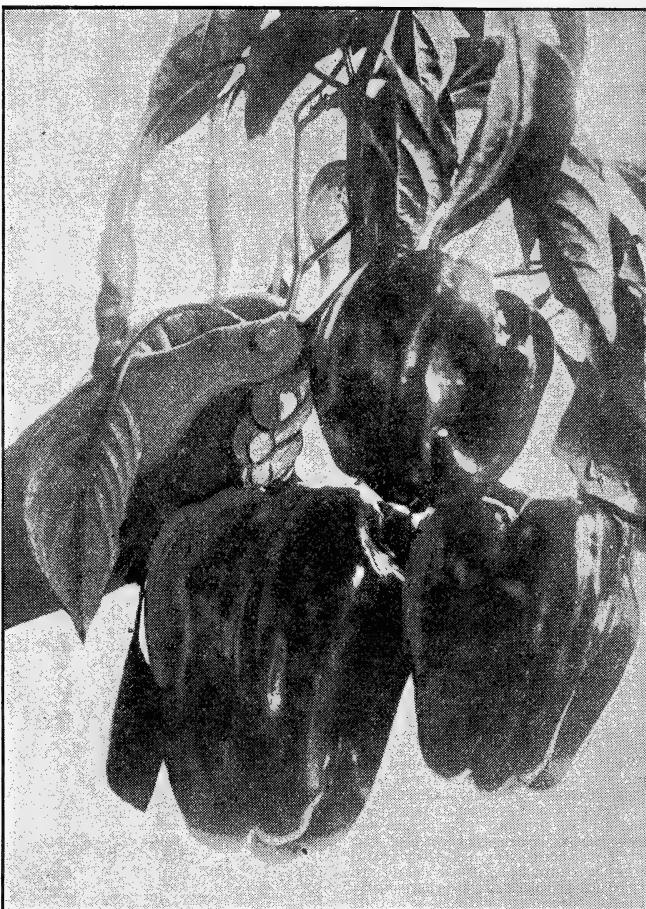
Pkt. (½ pt.) 15c; pt. 25c; qt. 50c; postpaid.
By express, pt. 20c; qt. 35c; 4 qt. \$1.20.

New Sweet Pepper, "Giant Crimson."

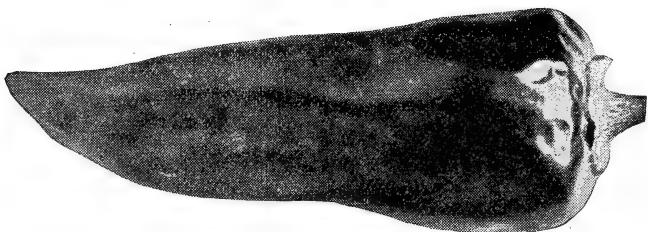
We introduced this new pepper last season, and it has proved to be all we claimed for it. It is a pepper **as large as Chinese Giant, and much earlier and more prolific.** It is larger than Ruby King, and of better shape and more productive.

The shape of the peppers is shown in the photograph reproduced here. A dozen of these immense peppers are often seen on a single plant. The flesh is very thick, and so mild and sweet that it can be eaten like an apple. This is the best large sweet pepper we have tried and we highly recommend it both for market and home use. We offer seed of our own raising from the largest and best fruit.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25: postpaid.



NEW SWEET PEPPER—"GIANT CRIMSON."



NEW "Giant Cayenne" Pepper.

New "Giant Cayenne" Pepper.

Those who are familiar with the small hot Cayenne pepper will be surprised to see this new variety which has peppers three or four times as large as the old kind. They are as large around as a half dollar and 3 to 4 in. long. They have the same sharp, hot flavor which makes the Cayenne pepper so valuable for pickles and flavoring.

This new variety is the best hot pepper we have ever seen, and we are sure gardeners will find it very profitable. The plants are vigorous and produce a great many peppers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

Sutton's Excelsior Pea.

This new pea resembles Nott's Excelsior, but the vines grow a little taller and the pods are **larger**, while it is very nearly if not quite, as early. Nott's Excelsior has long been a very popular pea, both for home use and market, but we think the new Sutton's will become even more popular when it is better known.

The vines grow only a little over a foot tall and need no support. The pods are of good size, being nearly a third larger than Nott's, and are produced in great abundance. It is a wrinkled pea of the very highest quality, and we strongly recommend it for home use as a second early kind, to follow closely after the small extra early varieties. Those who have used Nott's Excelsior or American Wonder for market will find the Sutton's better in every way. **Price, postpaid, ½ pt. 14c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c. By express, pt. 17c; qt. 30c; 4 qts. \$1.00; pk. \$1.90.**

Irondequoit Musk Melon.

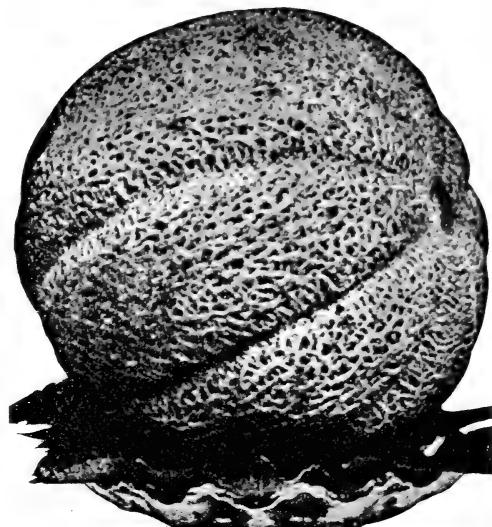
This melon has been grown for a number of years by market gardeners near Rochester, and has proved so superior in every way that at present there is practically no other variety grown for this market.

The melons are nearly perfectly round, ribbed and covered with netting, as shown in the photograph reproduced here. The flesh is **orange colored, thick, sweet** and of **fine flavor**. The melons grow quite large and are of handsome appearance. It is the finest strain of melon of the "Surprise" type we have ever seen. "Tip-Top" is another strain of this type, but the Irondequoit is not only larger, but it is netted better and is of finer quality and superior in every way.

One great advantage of this variety is that the melons will stand shipping well. They are quite firm and stand up well.

They are not quite as firm and hard as the Rocky Ford Melon, but are better in this respect than almost any other large variety. They ripen medium early, and the vines are healthy and prolific.

We have a **very fine strain** of this seed of our own growing. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.20, postpaid.



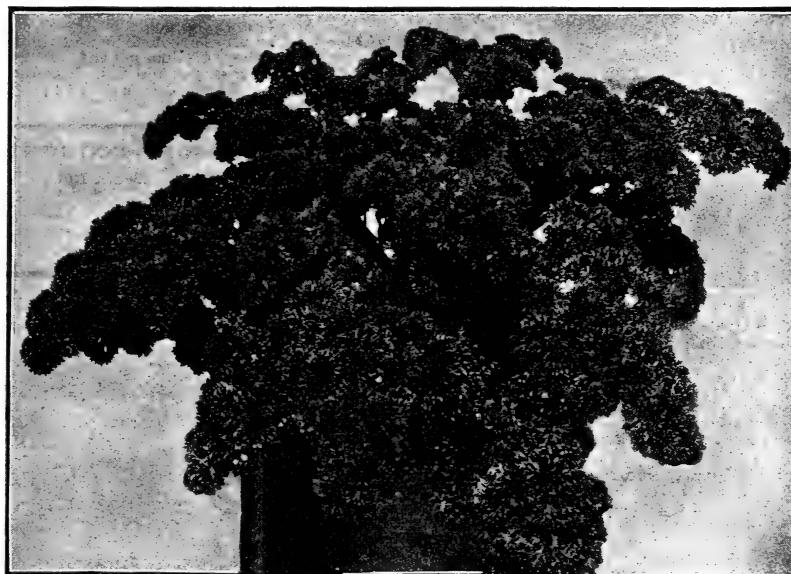
IRONDEQUOIT MUSK MELON.

"Hoodoo" Musk Melon.

This new melon has stirred up a lot of interest among melon growers. It is a melon of the "Rocky Ford" or Netted Gem type, but has **orange colored flesh and is much sweeter** than the old green-fleshed kind. The melons are oval and of about the same size as Netted Gem. They are **thickly netted** and the flesh is firm, so that it is a melon that can be shipped long distances and will stand a long time after picking. It is just the size and shape to pack nicely in baskets or crates.

If a medium size, yellow flesh melon is wanted for shipping or for home use, this will be found a good one. The flavor is **very fine** and the vines are prolific and healthy.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c; lb. \$2.10, postpaid.



DWARF PERFECTION PARSLEY (Photograph.)

Dwarf Perfection Parsley.

This is without doubt the finest parsley grown. The plant is of semi-dwarf habit, very compact, and of a **beautiful bright green**, while the leaves are very **finely cut and curled** and are **extremely ornamental**. The quality and flavor of the leaves is also very fine. Every market gardener should have some of this parsley. Its handsome appearance will sell it quickly and it is a profitable crop. No private gardener should be without it. It is an ornament to the garden and most useful for flavoring and garnishing.

This variety is especially fine for forcing in greenhouses where the very handsomest and best flavored parsley is desired.

Seed of our own growing from the finest curled-leaved plants.

Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

Danish Yellow Giant Mangel.

This new mangel from Denmark has proved in our trials of many varieties to be the **largest yielder** of all. **Danish Yellow Giant** yielded at the rate of 1314 bushels per acre.

Giant Yellow Intermediate, the next largest yield, 1012 bushels per acre. The roots grow to a **very large size**, of a deep yellow color, and are smooth and handsome, having small tops and very few side roots. They grow over two-thirds above ground, so that they can be harvested with very little trouble.

Although these mangels are not quite as rich in sugar as some of the smaller beets, yet they yield so much more that they produce more actual dry matter per acre than other kinds.

In a trial of the different varieties of Mangels on our farm the contrast between this new variety and other kinds was very marked, the Danish Yellow Giant being far ahead in size and vigor of growth all through the season.

We advise every one who is interested in raising Mangels to try this new strain.

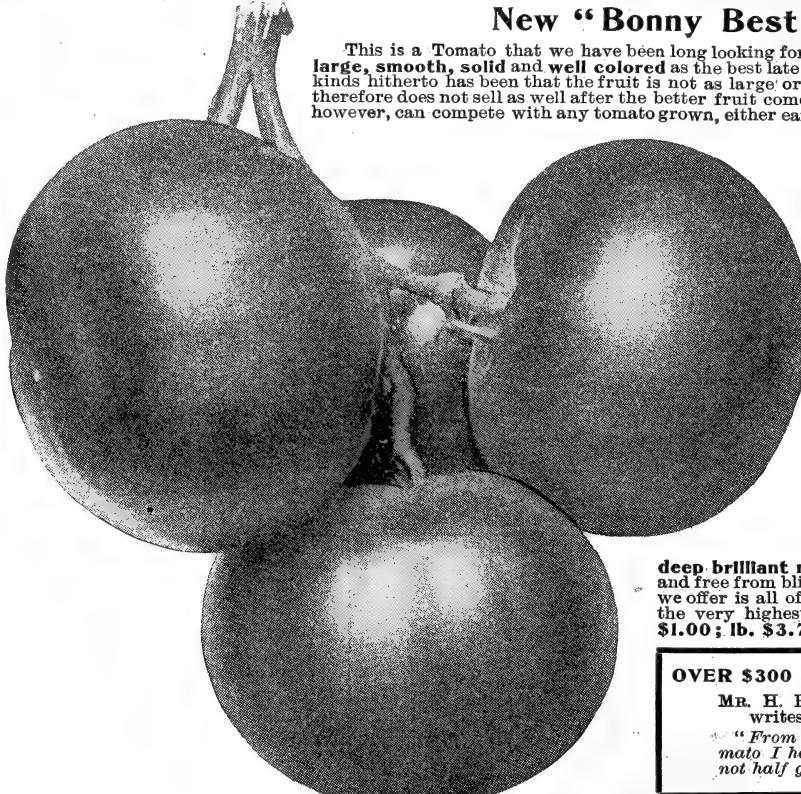
Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 55c, postpaid. By express, 45c per lb; 5 lbs. or more at 40c per lb.

Thoroughbred Strains of Tomatoes.

We take much pride in our strains of the following varieties of Tomatoes which we have greatly improved by the most careful selection or "breeding." The seed is all grown on our own farm, and will be found **far superior** to the seed usually sold.

New "Bonny Best" Tomato.

This is a Tomato that we have been long looking for. It is **very early** and yet the fruit is as **large, smooth, solid and well colored** as the best late varieties. The objection to extra early kinds hitherto has been that the fruit is not as large or well colored as the later varieties, and therefore does not sell as well after the better fruit comes into the market. The "Bonny Best," however, can compete with any tomato grown, either early or late.



NEW "BONNY BEST" TOMATO. (Photograph).

Chalk's Early Jewel. Our strain of this excellent variety is far better than when the variety was first introduced, and we know it is away ahead of what is usually sold as Chalk's Jewel. While a few days later than Earliana, the fruit colors better around the stem, there being no green tinge as on the Earliana and most other early kinds. The fruit is as smooth as an apple, ripens early and colors evenly a deep red. Vines are healthy and very productive.

Seed of our own growing, a very choice selected strain. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 80c; lb. \$3.00.**

Spark's Earliana. Most people by this time know the Earliana Tomato, but there is a great difference in the strains of this variety which are being sold. We have taken the greatest pains with our seed of this excellent early tomato, and we are now able to offer some that we are quite sure is much superior to that usually sold. If you have not raised this variety from our seed you probably do not know how really fine a tomato it is when properly grown.

We have succeeded in producing a strain that has **perfectly smooth** fruit, that is **well colored**, and **does not crack**. All other strains that we have seen produce more or less irregular fruit that is green around the stem and crack badly.

Seed of **Harris' Selected Strain.** **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 85c; lb. \$3.25, postpaid.**

Stone. You may have raised so-called Stone Tomatoes, but unless you have had our selected strain, or one as good, you do not know what grand fruit this variety can produce. The seed we offer is of our own growing, and will produce perfectly smooth, very solid and heavy fruit, without cracks and perfectly colored. There is no finer tomato, but it is rather late for the Northern parts of the country. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.**

Success. This is certainly one of the best main crop, deep red tomatoes either for home use or market. It is also excellent for canning. It is medium early, being considerably earlier than Stone which it most resembles in other respects.

"**Nothing succeeds like Success.**"

Our strain of this excellent main crop variety is "gilt edged." We have improved the variety very much, and

The Bonny Best may not be quite as early as the Earliana, of the best strain, but it will ripen some fruit fully as early, and the bulk of the crop but very little later. It has much more healthy and vigorous vines than Earliana, and is **wonderfully prolific**. On good soil the ground is literally covered with beautiful, large, smooth tomatoes, of the most brilliant red, colored evenly all over. No green around the stem, as in the case with all other extra early tomatoes of good size. The great advantage of this new tomato is that the fruit is so large and handsome and of such fine quality it will bring the top price all through the season. With any other early kind after the late varieties come into market, you have to sell at lower prices on account of the inferior size and color of the fruit.

There is no handsomer looking tomato than Bonny Best, early or late.

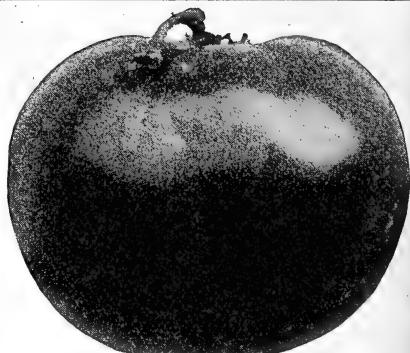
The fruit averages very large—almost as large as the best strains of Stone, and the color is like Stone, a

deep, brilliant red. The vines are healthy and vigorous and free from blight, and the fruit does not rot. The seed we offer is all of our own growing, and will be found of the very highest quality. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.75, postpaid.**

OVER \$300 PER ACRE FROM BONNY BEST.

MR. H. R. LOBAUGH, South Bend, Ind., writes, Aug. 18, '09:

"From one-half acre "Bonny Best" Tomato I have sold \$145 worth, and they are not half gone yet."



CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL TOMATO.

now have seed that will produce perfectly smooth, regular fruit, of even color all over and without cracks. The demand for our strain of this tomato is increasing every year. Selected seed of our own growing. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 80c; lb. \$3.00.**

THEY ARE BETTER THAN OTHERS.

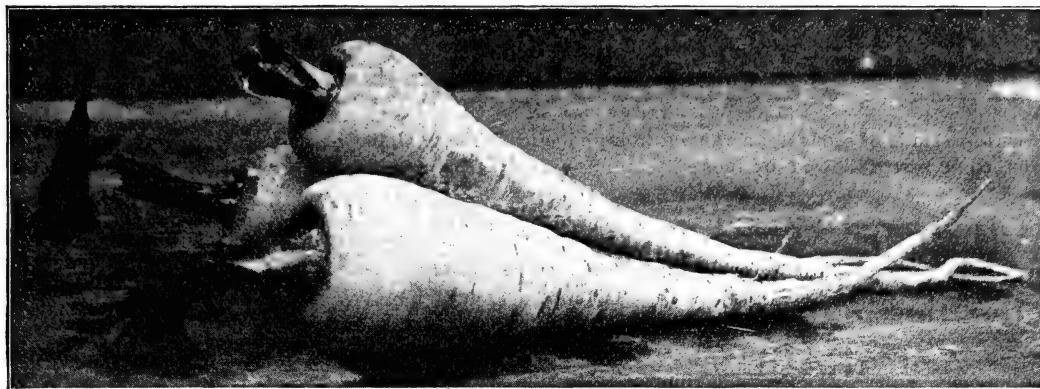
MR. T. D. MERRELL, Pocomoke City, Md., writes Feb. 1, '09:

"I bought my tomato seed of another seedsman last season and they were not as good as yours. They did not yield half as many, and not half as many smooth ones."

MR. A. J. BURROWS, Troy, N. Y., writes Oct. 20, '09,

"The Success Tomatoes were just the craze among the farmers' wives at canning time."

Harris' New Model Parsnip.



HARRIS' NEW MODEL PARSNIP. (Photograph.)

We have been improving the old Holland Crown Parsnip by careful selection for some years until we have obtained a very fine strain which we call "Harris Model." The shape is shown in the photograph above.

The parsnips grow to a good length but not too long. The roots are **smooth, snow white**, and have practically no side roots or prongs. Their whiteness is quite remarkable and gives the roots a very attractive appearance.

The seed we offer is all of our own growing from very carefully selected roots and will be found **far superior** to the seed usually sold. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c. By express 75c lb.**

New Main Crop Potato, "The Moreton."

For the last few years we have been raising a new seedling potato sent us by one of our customers, and it has done so well every year that we have raised all we could and now offer it with great faith that it will prove to be one of the very best late potatoes grown. We think it worthy the name of "Moreton," which is saying a good deal.

The **Moreton** is a handsome, smooth, round, white potato, with eyes so shallow that they can hardly be distinguished. It is one of the smoothest and handsomest potatoes we have ever seen.

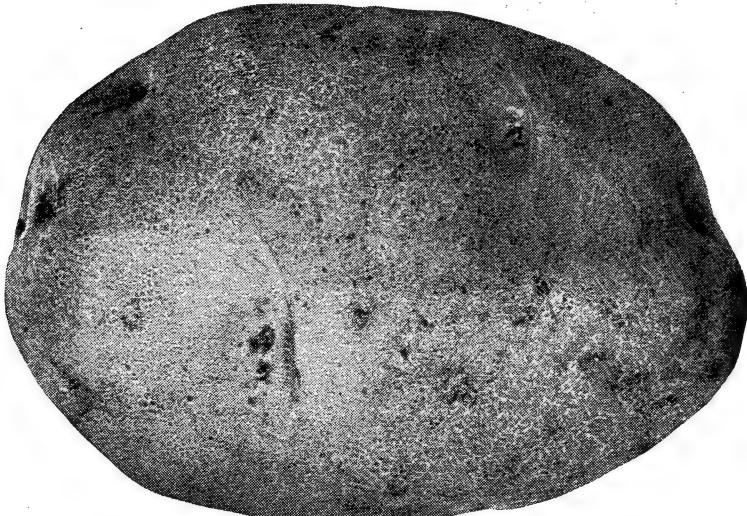
What makes this variety superior to others, however, is its wonderful **vigor of growth and freedom from blight** or disease. A few rows of the Moreton running through a field of any other kind can be clearly distinguished by the much greater vigor of growth and deep green color of the vines. We have never seen any blight on the vines or a particle of rot on the potatoes, and the bugs seem to leave the vines alone when they can get at any other kind.

Both in 1908 and 1909 the **Moreton** yielded more than any other kind in our fields, side by side with the best standard sorts. This is the only way to test a variety. We could easily make almost any one of the best late potatoes yield a crop of over 300 bushels per acre by planting under exceptionally favorable conditions, but this is no proof that the variety is better than others. But when a potato, year after year, yields 50 bushels more per acre than any other kind right along side of it, with the same care, fertilizer, etc., there must be something superior about the variety.

This is just what the **Moreton** has done. Wherever grown this new seedling has outyielded every other kind in the same field. This is due to the great vigor of the plant and freedom from disease or injury from bugs.

Plant some side by side with any of the standard kinds and you will see the difference. The Moreton will make a much heavier growth of vine and stay healthy and green while other kinds are cut off by blight. This has been our experience the last three seasons, and we are sure this potato will "make good" when grown by our customers. They should not be planted too late, as they require a little longer to mature than some other kinds.

There is no smoother and handsomer potato than this. They set a good number in a hill, so do not, as a rule, grow too large. Potato growers who want to make a record yield of the very handsomest potatoes of fine quality, should try the **Moreton**. We expect great results from this potato. **Pk. 80c; bu. \$2.25; bbl. \$5.50.**



"THE MORETON." (From a photograph.)

COMPLETE LIST OF

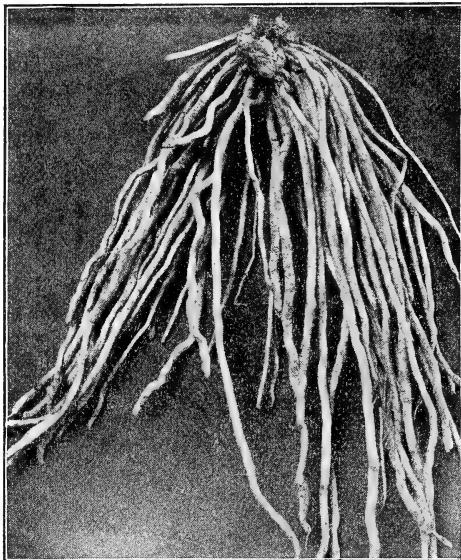
Harris' Vegetable Seeds for 1910

The various kinds of seeds are arranged in alphabetical order. That is, names commencing with "A" like Asparagus, come first, followed by those beginning with B, C, etc., so that any vegetable wanted can be easily found.

Seeds Delivered Free. At the prices quoted in this list we send the seeds by mail or by express at our expense, without any cost to the purchaser, **excepting such prices** as are preceded by the words "By Express." This means that when ordered at that price the seed is to be sent at the expense of the purchaser, and so must be sent by express or freight and not by mail. **Deduct 10c. per lb.** from "mail" prices if the seeds are to be sent by express or freight at the purchaser's expense.

Direction for Cultivation. We issue a little pamphlet called "Cultivation of Vegetables and Flowers," which will be sent **free** with all orders amounting to 25c or more if requested.

ASPARAGUS.



TWO-YEAR OLD ASPARAGUS ROOT AS GROWN
AT MORETON FARM. (Photograph.)

Asparagus Seeds. To raise Asparagus roots the seed should be sown early in the spring. One ounce of seed will sow 75 feet of row and produce about 250 plants. It requires two years to raise good plants, which must be transplanted and left to grow for one or two years more before any cutting is done.

Giant Argenteuil. A new French variety, said to be larger than any other kind. It is becoming very popular in this country where known. We offer seed imported by ourselves direct from France. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 70c.**
By express, 60c.

Conover's Colossal. The old standard sort. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 18c; lb. 45c.** By express 35c per lb.

Palmetto. This is one of the best varieties. It produces large, light green shoots early in the season, and is said to be less subject to rust than any other kind. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 55c.**

Asparagus Roots Of superior quality. We raise large quantities of Asparagus roots on our own farm, and can furnish roots that are much **larger** and **stronger** than those usually sold. They are raised from thin seeding and given the best of care so they are **large, strong and vigorous**. Many roots that are sold at low prices are raised by sowing the seed thick and so getting more roots per acre, but they are always poor, small and weak and never produce good results. It is of the **greatest importance** to have large thrifty plants to start with. Poor plants will never make a good bed.

Giant Argenteuil. 1 year old roots, by mail, per doz. 20c; 50 roots 60c; 100 roots \$1.00. By express, 50 roots 35c; 100 roots 60c; 1000 roots \$4.00.

2 year old roots, by mail, per doz. 45c. By express, 50 roots 65c; 100 roots \$1.00; 1000 roots, \$6.00.

Price on larger lots will be quoted by letter.

Mr. J. W. Mimms, Gates, N. Y., writes May 7, '09:

"The asparagus roots purchased of you were the best I ever planted. Every one good and strong and would please the most critical planter."

Mr. S. A. Lytle, Cleveland, Ohio, writes June 8, '09:

"I wish to say that every asparagus root you sent me has grown. Of course I can't tell how good it will be until I have the pleasure of eating some of it, but it certainly came up to beat the band."

ARTICHOKE.

The French or Globe Artichoke is largely used as a vegetable and is entirely different from the tuberous or Jerusalem Artichoke. The Globe Artichoke is a perennial and produces the flower buds, which are used for food, the second year after sowing the seed. North of Virginia the plants require protection in winter. The seed is sown early in the Spring.

Large Green Globe. The standard variety. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00.**

Brussels Sprouts.

A delicious vegetable that is becoming very popular in all large markets. It should be more largely grown in private gardens, as it affords fresh green sprouts in the late fall and winter when other vegetables are gone. It is cultivated like cabbage. The sprouts that grow along the stem are picked off and cooked like cabbage or cauliflower, and are very delicate and fine flavored.

Long Island Improved Dwarf. The most popular variety on Long Island, where this vegetable is grown on a large scale for market. The sprouts are firm and close together on the stem, producing a large yield. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25.**

HERCULES. A new variety from Holland that has proved to be the best variety in our trial grounds. See page 8. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c.**

One ounce of seed will sow
sixty feet of row.

Beets

Ten pounds will sow an acre in
rows 18 inches apart.

Beets can be sown early in the spring, and again a few weeks later for a succession. It is an excellent plan to sow some in July for use in the fall. These young beets can be put in a pit or root cellar and covered with sand, and will keep in nice tender condition for use in winter.

Crimson Globe. A very fine new beet of perfect globe shape, as round as an apple and deep crimson all through. The beets make a very rapid growth, and are always sweet, tender and of best quality. This variety has become very popular for canning on account of its deep color, fine quality and great productivity. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 70c.

Crosby's Egyptian, Harris' Selected Strain (see page 6). This is one of the earliest, handsomest and best beets for market and home use. Our selected strain will be found very fine. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c. By express, 75c per lb.

DETROIT DARK RED. A medium early globe-shaped beet of excellent quality. It is especially esteemed on account of its dark red color, which extends entirely through the beet, and without the light colored rings seen in some varieties. The beets are smooth and handsome and are now being largely used for canning as well as for the market. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 75c. By express, 65c per lb.

EDMUND'S BLOOD TURNIP. A fine strain of the popular Blood Turnip beet. The beets are round and smooth, deep red and of fine quality, even when fully grown. Very popular for market as well as for home use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 50c. By express 40c lb.

ECLIPSE. This is one of the earliest and handsomest beets grown. The beets are globe-shaped, smooth and with very small tops, and are of the best quality. We offer a superior strain of seed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 50c. By express, 40c per lb.

Early Bassano. Large and of excellent quality, rather light in color. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 45c.

Long Smooth Blood Red. Roots long, smooth and very dark red. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 45c.

Early Blood Turnip. We have an excellent strain of this old favorite. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 45c.

Swiss Chard or **Sea Kale Beet.** Swiss Chard is a beet grown for its leaves. The mid-rib when boiled makes delicious greens, or the leaves may be boiled and served as spinach. Sown in the spring the leaves are soon ready to eat, and will continue to grow all through the summer and fall. If given a little protection it will survive the winter and make excellent greens early in the spring.

Silver Leaf. Large, smooth leaves with silvery white stems which are tender and of fine flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 50c.

LUCULLUS. A new variety, with curled leaves like a Savoy cabbage. The plants grow nearly 2 feet high and the stem and leaves are very large and of the highest quality. It is far superior to the old kinds. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c.



CRIMSON GLOBE BEET.

MANGEL WURZELS AND SUGAR BEETS.

Most Economical and Valuable Food for Cattle and Sheep. Note Our Prices for Seed.

There is no crop more valuable for feeding cows and sheep than Mangels and Sugar Beets. Considering the fact that it is easy to raise 40 tons or more per acre and that the whole root is perfectly digestible, there being no waste as is the case with corn stalks or other coarse fodder, there is no other food more economical. Not only this, but cows fed on mangels during the winter will give more and better milk than they will on any other food. Sheep also are much healthier, and ewes with lambs give more milk, and therefore raise better lamb than if fed only dry food. It is the poorest kind of economy to try to get along without them. We are glad to observe that there are more being raised every year as stock raisers learn their value.

Culture. Any soil that will raise good crops of corn or potatoes will do for Mangels. Sow in May, in rows 2 feet apart. Seed may be sown with a grain drill, but a hand drill is better. It requires about 8 or 10 lbs. of seed per acre. Plants should be thinned out to 1 foot apart when a few inches high.

Danish Yellow Giant Mangel. A very fine new mangel which yields more than any other kind. See page 11. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 55c, postpaid. By Express, 45c per lb.; 5 lbs. or more, at 40c per lb.

New "Half Sugar" Mangel. This new Mangel or Giant Sugar Beet, is intermediate between the large Mangels and the Sugar Beets. The roots are white with red tops, and grow to a large size, oval in shape, growing half out of the ground, and have small tops. The superiority of this variety lies in the fact that the roots contain higher percentage of sugar, and are therefore more valuable for feeding than the larger and coarser Mangels. Notwithstanding that the roots are rich in sugar, they grow to a large size and yield nearly as large crops as the largest Mangels. This variety is superior to any other sugar beet to raise for stock feeding. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12c; lb. 30c. By Express, 22c per lb.; 5 lbs. or more, at 18c per lb.

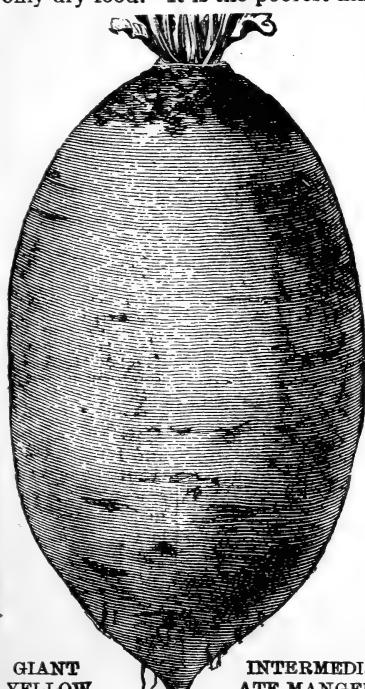
Giant Yellow Intermediate. This is one of the best varieties and yields very large crops. The roots grow to a nice oval shape, intermediate between the globe and long Mangels. They grow fully half above the ground so that they are easily harvested. They attain a very large size, and yield enormous crops on rich land. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12c; lb. 30c. By express, 20c per lb.; 5 lbs. or more, at 18c per lb.

Golden Tankard. Roots about the same shape as the Intermediate, but to a very large size, and are very fine grained and of high feeding value, and keep well. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12c; lb. 35c. By express, 25c per lb; 5 lbs. or more, at 20c per lb.

HARRIS' YELLOW GLOBE MANGEL. Roots perfectly round, smooth, and with very small tops. Easily harvested and yields large crops. Will keep better than any other variety. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12c; lb. 30c. By express, 20c per lb; 5 lbs. or more, at 18c per lb.

MAMMOTH LONG RED, or Norbiton Giant. The best long red Mangel. Yields enormously. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12c; lb. 30c postpaid. By express, 20c per lb; 5 lbs. or more, at 18c per lb.

Lane's Improved Sugar Beet. A very fine strain of sugar beets for stock. The roots grow to a large size and partly above ground, and are rich, sweet, and of high feeding value. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12c; lb. 30c. By express, 20c per lb; 5 lbs. or more, at 18c per lb.



GIANT
YELLOW

INTERMEDI-
ATE MANGEL

One quart of seed will plant
150 feet of row.

Dwarf Beans.

4 to 1½ bushels of seed
per acre.

Notes on Varieties.

Of the **Wax or yellow podded** garden beans, **Valentine Wax** is the earliest, is very prolific, and of fine quality. The New Michigan White Wax has pure white beans which can be used for baking when ripe while the pods are of fine quality when young. **Wardwell's Kidney Wax** is early, and has very long flat pods, while **Round-Pod Kidney Wax** differs only in shape of the pods, which are round instead of flat. The new **Hodson Wax** is two weeks later, more vigorous and prolific, and is free from rust and blight. **Davis' White Wax** is early and prolific, and the pods resemble Wardwell's Kidney Wax, but are not of as good quality. **Currie's Rust-Proof** has short, thick, deep yellow pods, of fine quality and nearly rust-proof. The dry beans are black. The **Improved Rust-Proof Golden Wax** has straight, flat pods of medium length, and is quite free from rust. **Crystal Wax** has small, round, very light green or nearly white pods, which are of the finest quality. It matures two weeks later than Valentine Wax, and is excellent to follow that variety for home use.

Of the **green-podded** garden varieties, **Burpee's Stringless Green Pod** is one of the earliest and of the best quality, with large, round, stringless pods, light green and nearly straight. The **Black Valentine** is just as early, has pods fully as long, but not so thick, and is not of as fine quality, but is very prolific. **Giant Stringless Valentine** is a day or two later, and has larger pods, which are more curved and entirely stringless. **Bountiful** is 10 days later, has long, slender pods of the finest quality, and perfectly stringless. Continues in bearing a long time. **Refugee** is later, and has long, straight, round, light green pods, of fine quality when young.

For shelling green, Dwarf Limas are of the best quality, but are more difficult to raise than **Ruby Dwarf Horticultural** and **Goddard** or **Boston Favorite**, both of which are very hardy, prolific and easily raised, and of fair quality for succotash, but far inferior to Limas.

Of **Dwarf or Bush Limas** there are three distinct types, of which **Burpee's** is the largest, having large, flat beans, fully as large as those of the old pole Limas. **Burpee's Improved** belongs in the large Lima class, but has thicker and heavier beans than the old strain. **Dreer's** and the new "**Fordhook**," have round or "potato" beans, and **Henderson's** has small, flat beans, which mature a little earlier than the other two. **Henderson's** is very hardy and prolific, and will succeed anywhere, but the beans are only half the size of Burpee's.

Of **FIELD BEANS**, the **Boston Marrow** or **Marrowfat**, is the largest white bean, and always brings higher prices in market than the smaller **Marrow Pea** bean, which is earlier and more prolific. In favorable seasons and on good soil, Boston Marrow will produce large and profitable crops, and the same may be said of the **Red Kidney**, which is also later than the Marrow Pea, and requires better land.

Rust-free Beans.

We have found that by careful selection of bean plants for "stock seed," that we can breed up a strain of any variety of beans that will be free from the fungus that causes so much loss to bean growers, especially on the Wax variety. We can this year offer seed of **Valentine Wax** and **Wardwell's Kidney Wax** that is free from what is known as "rust" or more properly anthrax nose, which causes the black spots on the pods that destroy their value. If these beans are planted by themselves where they will not get the fungus germs from other beans, they will be free from this trouble.

We hope within a few years to be able to offer seed of most of the standard varieties of beans that will be entirely free from this disease, which not only affects the pods, but also attacks the plants and greatly reduces the crop.

Valentine Wax Bean. We try many kinds of beans every year, but we have yet failed to find one quite as early as Valentine Wax. We think it is the **earliest wax bean** now grown. It is not only early, but it is remarkably prolific, the vines being literally covered with their clear yellow pods, which

are as round as a pencil and about the same size and of good length. The seed we offer is of a vigorous and healthy strain, free from blight and rust or pod-spot. The pods are of the **finest quality**, being very tender and without strings. *See price list below.*

Round-Pod Kidney Wax. This is a **Wardwell's Kidney Wax** bean with a round, instead of a flat pod. It has all the other good qualities of the Wardwell's. Where a round-podded bean is required this will be found one of the very best. It is very early and prolific and of fine quality. *See price list below.*

BOUNTIFUL. A very superior green pod variety, with long, flat pods that are thick, stringless, and of the very best quality, being tender, meaty, and of fine flavor. Although an early variety it continues bearing a long time, so is very valuable for the home garden. Market growers also find it profitable as the vines are remarkably prolific, yielding an immense quantity during the season. *See price list below.*

Price List of Dwarf Beans.

Four quarts of one variety will be supplied at half the peck price.
For prices per bushel see our Wholesale Price List.

WAX OR BUTTER BEANS.

VALENTINE WAX, earliest, round pods, fine.....
Michigan White Wax, new. See page 6.....
Wardwell's Kidney Wax, we offer a new "Rust-free" strain.....
Hodson Wax, very prolific, yielding nearly twice as much as other kinds. Quite late. Pods long, straight and handsome.....
Round Pod Kidney Wax, a very fine variety.....
Davis' White Wax, very hardy and prolific, of only fair quality.....
Crystal Wax, late, fine for home use, tender and delicious.....
Improved Rust-Proof Golden Wax, early and good.....
Currie's Rust-Proof Black Wax, improved Black Wax.....

GREEN PODDED GARDEN BEANS.

New Stringless Green Pod (Burpee's).....
New Giant Stringless Valentine.....
Black Valentine, new, very early and prolific.....
Bountiful, very prolific and of fine quality.....
Improved Round-Pod Valentine.....
Refugee, or 1,000 to 1.....
Goddard, or **Boston Favorite**, for shelling green.....
Ruby Dwarf Horticultural, better than the old Horticultural.....

Pkt.	½ Pt.	By Mail		By Express		
		Pint	Quart	Pint	Quart	Peck
\$0 06	\$0 15	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 15	\$0 30	\$1 65
10	18	30	60	20	35	1 95
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 40
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 50
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 60
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 40
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 75
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 35
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 35
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 25
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 30
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 50
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 40
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 30
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 25
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 30
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 50

Price List of Dwarf Beans—Continued.**DWARF OR BUSH LIMA BEANS.**

Henderson's Bush Lima, early and prolific, but small.....

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA—New Wonder Strain—This improved strain bears larger crops and is earlier than the old and original variety. This is the same as what Burpee calls his "Quarter Century strain".....

Burpee Improved, a new strain with larger and thicker beans, of deeper green color.....

Dreer's or "Potato" Bush Lima

—Large, thick, nearly round beans of good quality

FORDHOOK Bush Lima—(New.)

A great improvement over the Dreer's. See page 9.....

FIELD BEANS—For Use Dry.**Boston Marrow, or White Marrowfat**, large, white, late.....

Marrow Pea, or White Navy, small, early, prolific.....

Red Kidney, red, kidney shaped, late

Pkt.	By Mail				By Express		
	½ Pt.	Pint	Quart		Pint	Quart	Peck
10	15	25	40		15	25	1 50
10	15	28	50	18	35	1 95	
10	15	30	55	20	40	2 50	
10	15	25	45	15	30	1 90	
10	15	30	55	20	40	2 50	
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 10	
06	12	20	35	13	20	90	
06	12	22	40	15	25	1 10	

Pole or Running Beans.

Beans of this class should have some kind of a support on which to climb. Poles are usually placed in the ground and the beans planted around them in a circle.

Notes on Varieties.

Of the Pole Limas **Early Leviathan** is the earliest and has very large pods and is the best variety for either home use or market. Seibert's Lima is early but has smaller pods and beans than the Leviathan. **King of the Garden** is later but has very large pods. **Challenger Lima** has thick, nearly round beans which are large and of good quality. This is an improved strain of Dreer's or Potato Lima and is superior to that old variety in every way. **Golden Cluster Wax** has large, deep yellow pods that are entirely stringless and of the highest quality as a snap bean. It is wonderfully prolific. **Scotia** is a green podded snap bean of very superior quality and remarkably productive. **Golden Carmine Podded Horticultural** is a bean that can be used either as a "snap bean" or shelled green like Limas. It is by far the best variety of this class.

LIMA AND OTHER POLE BEANS.

Early Leviathan Lima, the best and earliest large pole Lima.....

Seibert's Large Early Lima.....

King of the Garden Lima. Very

large pods and beans.....

Large White Lima.....

Challenger Lima—Improved Dreer's

or Potato Lima.....

Golden Cluster Wax.....

Golden Carmine-podded Horticultural

Speckled Cranberry, or London Horticultural

Scarlet Runner, ornamental vine; bright red flowers; very handsome..

SCOTIA, the most delicious snap bean.....

Pkt.	By Mail				By Express		
	½ Pt.	Pint	Quart		Pint	Quart	Peck
\$0 10	\$0 15	\$0 28	\$0 50		\$0 20	\$0 35	\$1 80
10	15	25	40	15	25	1 60	
10	15	25	40	15	25	1 60	
10	15	25	45	18	30	1 75	
10	17	30	55	22	40	...	
10	17	28	50	20	35	1 80	
10	15	25	45	18	30	...	
10	20	35	60	25	45	...	
10	15	25	45	18	30	1 70	

Four quarts of any one variety will be supplied at half the peck price.

Scotia Bean. **The most delicious "snap" bean grown.** Anyone who wants a constant supply of the most tender and delicious snap or string beans, all through the summer, should plant a few hills of **Scotia**. The vines commence bearing about the time the early dwarf varieties are gone, and continue bearing until frost. They are so wonderfully prolific that a dozen hills will produce enough for a family. The pods are long, round, straight and **absolutely stringless**. The color is light green. When cooked they are **extremely tender, rich and fine flavored**.

Market gardeners find this bean a most profitable crop, and any who have "private customers" will largely increase their trade by raising them. The pods are just the kind that are wanted in market, and as they come in after the early dwarf beans have gone, they bring good prices. It will produce **twice as many bushels** of green pods to the acre as any bean we know of. It should be planted in hills $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, with four or five beans in a hill.

Cabbage

One ounce of seed will produce 1,000 to 2,000 plants sown in open ground, or 3,000 if sown in frames. It requires about 6 ounces of seed to produce plants for an acre of ground.

We have raised cabbage seed for 30 years. Being situated in one of the best cabbage growing regions in this country, we have long made a specialty of raising cabbage for both seed and market. We have thus been able, by selecting the very best heads for seed, to breed up some very fine strains of cabbage that will satisfy the requirements of the most critical grower.

Methods of Culture. To get very early cabbage in the northern states the seeds should be sown in hot-beds in February or March, or about six weeks before the ground outside is ready to receive the plants. For medium early crop the seed of early kinds like Enkhuizen Glory, Eureka, Burpee's All Head and Early Spring may be sown in the open ground as early as possible and the plants transplanted as soon as large enough. This will give cabbage ready for use in August if the land is rich and well cultivated. For late crop the seed should be sown in this latitude about May 20th, and the plants set out July 1st. Seed of early varieties may be sown as late as June 15th to 20th, and will mature a good crop. For late sowing, Volga, Enkhuizen Glory and Burpee's All Head are excellent varieties.

Late or Main Crop Varieties of Cabbage.

Danish Ball Head is now most extensively planted for fall and winter shipping, and is very profitable on good land and under favorable conditions, but it does not yield as much as some of the domestic or flat varieties. **Succession** heads evenly and quite early, but cracks badly if not cut as soon as well matured. **Volga** produces large solid heads and grows so fast that it can be set out late and will produce immense crops. **Harris' Short Stem** is a large, late flat cabbage with very solid, heavy heads of fine quality. It has been found profitable in many cases to plant early varieties of flat cabbage for fall market. They produce medium size, hard heads which are preferred in market to the larger heads of the late varieties. For this purpose **Burpee's All Head Early** is the most popular variety. It has been found very profitable in this locality. **Enkhuizen Glory** is also excellent for this purpose. It can be set out as late as August 1st, on good land. **Mammoth Rock Red** is the best red cabbage and is often very profitable. **Savoy** cabbage is of the finest quality and excellent for home use in the fall and winter, being far superior to common cabbage in delicacy and flavor.



DANISH BALL HEAD. (Photograph.)

Some of the Best Varieties for Main Crop.

Harris' Short Stem. We introduced this cabbage over twenty-five years ago, and have selected and improved it until now we think it superior to any other large cabbage for main crop and winter use. The best proof of this lies in the fact that a number of the most prominent seedsmen in the country have attached their own names to this variety in order to get credit for the superior quality it possesses. The heads grow uniformly very large, deep and solid, and are of the **very finest quality**. They will keep better than any large cabbage we know of, being very much superior to the common varieties in this respect. Compared with such varieties as Fottler's, Flat Dutch and All Seasons, Harris' Short Stem is **firmer, heavier and more solid**, with **deeper heads, keeps better**, and is of **finer quality**. Yields of 15 to 20 tons per acre are not at all uncommon with this variety, and even larger yields are produced under favorable conditions. See price list on opposite page.

Danish Ball Head or Hollander.

Improved Strain.

We have long wanted an improved strain of Danish or "Hollander" cabbage. The fault has been that this cabbage grows on too long stems and has too many outside leaves. We are pleased to be able to offer a very fine strain of this variety that will be found superior to that usually sold. The seed has been raised with the greatest care, selecting plants with stems of medium length and with large solid heads with few outside leaves.

The crops raised from this seed are very even, the heads being of the best round form, very deep green and heavy. The plant is of medium height with but few outside leaves and is quite free from blight.

Those who want the very finest strain of Danish cabbage should try this seed.

See price list on opposite page.

Danish Ball Head. "Solid Emperor" strain. We have sold this strain for a good many years and it has given great satisfaction. The stems grow a little longer than those of the Improved strain described above, but otherwise it is very similar.

Danish Ball Head, Short Stemmed. (Also called **Danish Round Head.**) This is an earlier strain than the above and has shorter stems. The heads are fully as large or even larger and mature about **two weeks earlier**. The color is not quite as deep green as the later strain, and on this account the heads do not come out of quite as good color after being stored during the winter, but otherwise they keep just as well. This strain is especially valuable for high and dry land and for shipping in the early Winter. It heads very evenly and produces very large yields. If the cabbage is to be shipped

during the first half of the Winter this will be found to be the most profitable strain of Danish Cabbage to raise as it produces larger yields than the later strain. See prices below.

Volga. This is one of the best large cabbages we have ever raised.

For uniformity in growth, shape of head and hardness we have never seen its equal in a large heading variety. Plants set out July 9th on very ordinary soil with no manure or fertilizer produced large solid hard heads by the 10th of October—two or three weeks earlier than other large kinds. The plant is nearly all head, having few outside leaves. The heads are nearly as round as a ball and almost as hard and solid as Danish Ball-head, while they are much larger and heavier, often weighing 15 lbs. each.

It heads so uniformly that hardly a plant in 500 will not produce a good large solid head. It will yield more tons per acre than almost any cabbage we know of and the heads are very firm and heavy. See price list below.



VOLGA CABBAGE. (Photograph.)

CABBAGE—Main Crop Varieties. Pkts. of any of the following kinds, 5 Cts.

	.Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
VOLGA. New, very fine. See description above.....	\$0 20	\$0 60	\$2 15
HARRIS' SHORT STEM. Large heads of finest quality.....	25	70	2 70
DANISH BALL HEAD—Improved Strain. The best Danish cabbage.....	25	85	3 00
DANISH BALL HEAD, Short Stemmed, earlier and with shorter stems than above.....	20	63	2 30
DANISH BALL HEAD, "Solid Emperor" strain. This is the same strain we have sold for many years and it has given excellent results.....	25	70	2 50
Succession. One of the best medium early kinds.....	15	40	1 60
All Seasons. Large flat heads. A popular variety for fall use.....	15	40	1 50
Surehead. Large deep heads, solid and compact.....	15	45	1 50
Houser. Large and very hard round heads which mature late. Must be set out early.....	18	50	1 70
Warren's Stone Mason. Heads large, deep and solid.....	15	45	1 50
EXCELSIOR LARGE FLAT DUTCH. A very fine strain of Flat Dutch Cabbage which heads very evenly and gives large yields. One of the best flat varieties.....	15	45	1 60
Premium Flat Dutch. The old standard Flat Dutch.....	15	40	1 50
Fottler's Drumhead. Heads large and flat.....	15	40	1 50
Winningsstadt. Pointed Heads of medium size, hard and solid. Every plant heads.....	15	40	1 40
Mammoth Rock Red. The best red variety, heads of good size, deep red and very solid..	18	45	1 70
Early Red Erfurt. Small, round, very hard heads, matures early.....	18	50	1 80
SAVOY CABBAGE, Perfection Drumhead. The best Savoy Cabbage, large and firm and of finest quality for table use. Everyone who appreciates good cabbage should raise some Savoys for their own use.....	18	50	1 80

Early Varieties of Cabbage.

Among the earliest kinds the different strains of Wakefield are best known. **Extra Early Wakefield** is the earliest, but the heads are small. **Early Jersey Wakefield** has larger heads and is extremely early, while **Charleston Wakefield** has still larger heads, not so pointed as the other two, and matures two weeks later. Of the early flat head kinds, **Eureka**, **Enkhuizen Glory** and **Early Spring** are the earliest, while **Burpee's All-Head Early** is a little later and is often used for planting late after early potatoes or other early crops.

CABBAGE—Early varieties. Packets of any of the following varieties, 5c, except where noted:

	.Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
Extra Early Wakefield. Earliest, small pointed heads	\$0 25	\$0 65	\$2 25
EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. Special selected strain, heads of good size, very uniform and compact.....	25	65	2 25
Charleston Wakefield. Larger, broader and not so pointed as the above and a little later. We have a fine strain of this variety. Every plant makes a good large head.....	25	65	2 25
ENKHUIZEN GLORY. New, very early, large round heads. See page 8.....	30	95	3 50
Eureka. Very hard flat heads, as early as Charleston Wakefield. One of the best.....	15	45	1 70
BURPEE'S ALL-HEAD EARLY. Medium early, large, solid heads, and of very compact growth. One of the best for summer use or for planting late for main crop. Our seed is of the very finest strain and produces even crops of large solid heads	15	50	1 80
Henderson's Early Summer, medium early, flat heads	15	45	1 50
Early Spring. Early and very fine, flat heads, solid and compact.....	20	60	2 00

Early Cabbage Plants. We can furnish very fine transplanted cabbage plants ready April 15 to May 15th. See price page 63.

Carrots.

One ounce of seed will sow 150 feet of row. It requires 4 to 6 pounds of seed to sow an acre, depending upon the distance between the rows.

Carrots can be sown from early spring to the middle of summer. The earlier they are sown the larger the crop as a rule, but late sowings often produce nice carrots for bunching in the fall.

Carrots for Feeding. Carrots are of very high value for feeding cows, horses and sheep, and as very large crops can be grown on a small piece of ground it pays remarkably well to raise at least a small plot of them every year. They are of great benefit to cows and horses in the fall and winter.



OXHEART. **HARRIS' HALF LONG.** **DANVERS.** **NEW LIGHT YELLOW.**
(From a Photograph.)

OXHEART, or GUERANDE. A short, thick carrot, often nearly as large around as it is long. Excellent for table use or bunching for the market. Matures early. Can be easily pulled by hand and will yield nearly as much as the longer varieties. **Pkt. 5; oz. 8c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 70c.** By express, **60c per lb.**

Long Orange. We have a fine strain of this variety; roots long but not too tapering, smooth and straight. An immense yielder. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; ¼ lb. 17c; lb. 55c.** By express, **45c per lb.**

Early French Short Horn. The earliest and best carrot for forcing. Our seed is of the finest strain for hothouse forcing. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.**

MASTODON or White Vosges. A large White Carrot for Stock. The roots grow **very large**, but being thick and not too long, they can be easily pulled. We think this variety will yield more good, nutritious carrots per acre than any other carrot. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 50c.** By express, **45c lb.**

New Light Yellow. This is a distinct new variety of a light lemon color. Our cut gives a good idea of its shape. The roots grow a foot long, about the same size the whole length. The quality of the roots is **very fine**. We know of no carrot that grows so large that is of such **fine quality**. This carrot will yield immense crops. It will be found excellent for table use, and its great productiveness will make it popular for stock feeding as well. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.** By express, **65 lb.**

Harris' Perfected Half Long.

Long. This is very fine strain which produces carrots of uniform shape, smooth skin, without wrinkles or small roots, and of deep orange color. The shape of the roots, as shown in the photograph reproduced here, is that most desirable for market, being nearly the same size the whole length. The quality is very fine for table use, the roots being without cores, fine grained and sweet. The roots grow about six inches long, and are so smooth and handsome that they always bring the highest price on the market. There is no finer strain of carrot than this. If the seed is not sown too thick the carrots need not be thinned out, but can be left as they come up, and they will crowd out each side of the row and produce enormous yields on loose rich soil. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 70c.** By express, **60c lb.**

Danvers Half Long.

The roots taper a little more at the bottom than Harris' Half Long and grow about two inches longer, or about eight inches in length. They are of fine grain and of excellent quality, and yield very large crops. This variety is very valuable for stock feeding as well as for market. Our strain of this carrot will be found **very fine**, far superior to that usually sold. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; ¼ lb. 18c; lb. 65c.** By express, **55c lb.**

Chantenay. This popular carrot is much like Harris' Half Long and is used for the same purpose. We have some **very fine** French grown seed that will be found equal to any obtainable, no matter what the price. **Price same as Harris' Half Long.**

Celery.

One ounce of seed will produce about 4,000 plants.

Celery is easily raised. The trouble most unskilled gardeners experience is in raising the plants. The seed must be sown very early in the spring, as soon as the ground is free from frost. We give full directions for culture with every order for seed if requested. **We sell plants ready in June and July at low prices. See prices below.**

Varieties.

For fall and early winter use **Golden Self-Blanching** is the best variety for market or home use, excepting for the latter purpose, **Golden Rose** is of slightly better quality, but has a red tinge which might not be liked in some markets. Both have a fine nutty flavor, and are easily blanched. **White Plume** is handsome to look at, but not of very good quality, and must be used early as it does not keep very well.

For keeping in the winter, **French's Success** is one of the very best kinds. It will keep longer than any kind we know of, and is crisp and tender. The **New Winter Reliance** blanches quicker than French's Success and is valuable for early winter use, to follow closely after the Self-Blanching. **Giant Pascal** is also good, and has very broad, thick stalks, and keeps well. **New Rose** is excellent for home use, and where a celery of fine quality is appreciated. The stalks are of medium size, tinged with red, and very crisp, and of the finest flavor.

Golden Self-Blanching Celery. Also Paris Golden Celery. We consider this the best "self-blanching" celery. It grows to a medium height, with large, solid stalks, which are crisp and of the finest flavor.

A Gilt Edged Strain. Every large grower of celery appreciates the importance of getting the very finest strain of this variety. Poor strains of seed produce soft and green stalks which greatly reduce the value of the crop. We have now a remarkably fine strain direct from the originator in France, which has proved better than any other strain we have tried. The stalks are longer from the roots to the first joint, than most of the celery of this variety, and they are perfectly firm and hard, with practically no soft or green stalks. The leaves and stalks are healthier than most strains and keep better. California-grown seed is offered at low prices, but it will not give the best crops. A little more money paid for seed amounts to nothing compared with the increased value of the crop from the more expensive seed. See price below.

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING, or Paris Golden. A very fine "gilt-edged" strain.	\$0 10	\$0 30	\$0 90	\$3 50
GOLDEN ROSE, or Rose Ribbed Paris Golden. Like Golden Self-Blanching except that the stalks are tinged with red and are of superior flavor and keep better and are very handsome on the table	10	30	85	3 00
FRENCH'S SUCCESS. The best keeper. See page 7	10	40	1 10	4 00
WINTER RELIANCE. New. Fine for winter market. See page 7	10	50	1 50	5 50
White Plume. Blanches very easily. We have a very fine, pure strain which is far superior to that usually sold	5	20	60	2 25
Giant Pascal. Broad, thick stalks of fine quality, a good variety for winter market	5	15	40	1 35
New Rose. A red celery of the finest quality, and therefore superior to other winter varieties for home use. The stalks are of medium size, solid, crisp and of a nutty flavor	5	20	60	2 25
Golden Heart. (Dwarf.) A good kind for winter use. Popular in market	5	15	40	1 35
Boston Market. Large branching stalks	5	15	40	1 35
CELERIAC, or Turnip-Rooted Celery. The bulbous roots are used instead of the stalks. Large Smooth Prague , the best variety	5	15	40	1 40

Deduct 2c from $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. and 10c. from lb. price, if seed is to be sent by express not prepaid.

Celery Plants.

We raise large quantities of celery plants, and can furnish strong, stocky plants for less money than they can be raised for on a small scale. Plants will be ready in time to set out for fall and winter use, about July 1st. Orders booked at any time, and plants shipped when ready.

Prices of Plants to be sent by mail, postpaid, 50 plants 25c; 100 plants 50c. By express, at purchaser's expense, 100 plants 30c; 500, \$1.25; 1000, \$2.00; 3000 or more, at 1.50 per 1000. Special prices quoted on large lots.

Cauliflower.

One ounce of seed will produce 1,500 to 2,000 plants if sown in open ground, or about 3,000 in frames.

To raise good Cauliflower. There is nothing so essential to success in raising Cauliflower as good seed. The best Cauliflower seed is very expensive, but it is worth to the grower ten times as much as cheap and carelessly grown seed. We get the best results from using **Snowball** and **Danish Giant** for main late crop as well as for early use. The seed we offer is grown with the greatest care, and 99 per cent. of the plants will produce fine, compact heads of good size.

Early Cauliflowers are difficult to raise and are not of the best quality, but when the plants are set out in July and the heads form in October there is no difficulty in getting fine, large heads of first-class quality. The seed should be sown in open ground or cold frames about the middle of May or first of June, on good soil. When plants are large enough transplant to rich, moist soil. These remarks refer to Snowball or other early kinds. The late kinds must be sown and transplanted earlier.

Snowball. Although an early variety the Snowball is used almost exclusively for late or main crop, as well as for forcing and summer use. There is no finer cauliflower than a **first-class strain** of this variety. The heads are **large, heavy, and close grained**, with no leaves growing through them. Many seedsmen have Cauliflowers which they claim are better than Snowball, and for which they charge a high price. After trying a great many of these varieties we are convinced that they are, one and all, Snowball or Early Erfurt under different names.

There is nothing finer than the two strains of Snowball we offer, no matter under what name it is sold, or what price is charged for the seed.

If you want to pay \$3.00 or \$4.00 per ounce for cauliflower seed and get the same thing we sell you for \$1.80, of course you can do so, but we don't see the sense in it. **There is no better seed than we offer sold at any price**, and we want all large growers to try some of it and see for themselves. Pkt. (200 seeds) 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50c; oz. \$1.80; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$6.50; lb. \$25.00.

"Danish Giant" Snowball, or Dry-Weather.

that grows larger and has more leaves than the old variety, and matures about two weeks later. It is especially valuable for high ground, as it is more vigorous than the Early Snowball, and stands dry weather better. Having more leaves, it is easier to protect the heads from the sun, and keep them snow white. **See Page 9.** **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$2.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$7.50.**

Erfurt Early Dwarf. Not quite as early or fine as Snowball, but is an excellent variety both for early and late crop. It is very reliable in regard to heading, and the heads are solid and compact. **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45c; oz. \$1.70.**

LARGE ALGIERS. One of the best large varieties. Heads of the largest size, white, but not as compact as Snowball. A reliable header. **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 75c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25.**

Large Lenormand Short Stem. Large and vigorous. **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c; oz. 60c.**

Walcheren. Large, late, and very hardy. Will stand considerable frost. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.00.**

Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants.

We can furnish Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants of the most prominent varieties in this list at lowest prices. Plants ready from the middle of April to middle of July. **See price list at back of this Catalogue.**

Cress.

EXTRA FINE CURLED (also called "Peppergrass"). Leaves finely cut and curled, very handsome and of a pleasant pungent flavor. Used largely in salads. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 40c.**

WATER CRESS. This plant is now used very extensively for garnishing and for salads. It can easily be grown on the banks of any small stream or on land that can be flooded with

running water. It succeeds best on streams fed by springs that do not dry up in the summer. The seed should be scattered on the muddy bank early in the spring. Water Cress can also be grown in greenhouses for winter use and is a profitable crop.

Improved Broad-leaved Water Cress. Larger and better than the common variety. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25.**

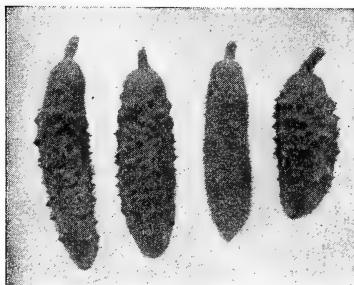
Cucumbers.

One ounce of seed will plant about 80 hills or sow about 50 feet of row.

About 3 lbs. of seed per acre.

Seed is sown in this latitude the first part of May for slicing and the middle of July for pickles.

Varieties. The earliest kinds are **Coy's Cyclone, Everbearing and Early Russian.** Of these Cyclone is of the best quality, but all are rather short compared with the later kinds.



1. Perfected Jersey Pickle.
2. Long Green.
3. Cumberland.
4. Chicago Pickling.

Davis' Perfect Cucumber

This new strain of White Spine Cucumber has been selected with great care, and the result is that it produces cucumbers of great uniformity, all being nearly exactly alike in shape, color and size. They are very handsome cucumbers, deep green in color, perfectly straight and about 8 to 10 inches long. The vines are very prolific and healthy.

It is one of the very best varieties for forcing as well as for open ground. It is excellent for pickles as it produces a great abundance of nice, straight cucumbers of good color. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.20, postpaid.**

FORDHOOK FAMOUS. A long, straight, handsome cucumber of the White Spine class, but longer and deeper green than the other strains. Not quite as early as Davis' Perfect and Early White Spine, but longer and finer, and the vines are very prolific. **See price next page.**



DAVIS' PERFECT CUCUMBER.

CUCUMBERS—Packets 5 cents, except where noted.

	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
THE MIMMS (New.) A very fine early market variety. See page 8. Pkt. 10.....	\$ 35	\$ 75
DAVIS' PERFECT. A new and improved strain of White Spine.....	15	35	\$ 1 20
SATISFACTION. The finest long green cucumber. <i>Crop of seed failed.</i>
Fordhook Famous. Similar to Satisfaction.....	15	30	95
Coy's Early Cyclone. The earliest cucumber of good quality. It is a very early strain of White Spine, two weeks earlier than other kinds. Fruit short but of good quality.....	12	25	90
Arlington White Spine. A very fine strain having straight, handsome fruit and matures early. One of the best for market and pickles.....	12	25	95
Early White Spine. The most popular cucumber. Early, productive and of fine quality for slicing and pickling.....	12	25	95
Extra Long White Spine, or Evergreen. A very fine strain with fruit 10 inches long, straight and handsome. The fruit retains its green color even when ripe. A little later than the other two strains of White Spine.....	15	30	1 10
Cumberland. Excellent for pickling or slicing. Fruit is long, slim and very solid.....	12	25	90
EMERALD. Long straight fruit that is perfectly smooth and very dark green. One of the very best kinds for slicing.....	12	25	90
Cool and Crisp. Fruit dark green and of a peculiar icy appearance and of fine quality.....	12	25	90
Giant Pera. Very long, straight, handsome fruit, late.....	12	25	90
Japanese Climbing. Vines of very vigorous growth and fruit of first-class quality.....	15	30	1 10
Chicago Pickling. Very prolific and one of the most popular kinds for pickles.....	12	25	95
PERFECTED JERSEY PICKLE. A fine strain of Long Green which is very prolific and especially adapted to raise for pickles. The young fruit is straight, slender and deep green. One of the very best pickling cucumbers.....	12	25	95
IMPROVED LONG GREEN. Fruit long, straight and dark green. Excellent for pickling, slicing and market.....	12	28	1 00
Everbearing. Fruit short but produced in great abundance, starting very early and continuing late if kept picked.....	12	25	95
Green Prolific, or Boston Pickling. Bears very profusely and is excellent for pickles.....	12	25	90
Early Green Cluster. Fruit borne in clusters, good for pickles.....	12	25	95
Early Russian. Very early, short fruit of good quality.....	12	25	90
West India Gherkin. Short prickly fruit, used for pickling. Pkt. 10c.....	20	60
Paris Pickling. Long, slender and of finest quality.....	15	30	1 10

CORN SALAD or Feticus.

Used for "greens" like spinach. Can be sown in the spring and fall. If given a little protection it will last a long time in the Winter. **Large Round Leaved.** The best variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

COLLARDS.

Collards, or Coleworts are extensively grown in the southern states, where they furnish green food for the table or for stock all through the winter as well as other seasons. The seed is sown at different times from the last of May until the first of August.

Georgia Collards. The best variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 12; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.10.

Sweet Corn.

1 quart will plant 400 to 500 hills; 8 to 10 quarts will plant an acre.

Good Sweet Corn Seed. We take great pains in curing and drying our seed corn, and we are therefore able to offer seed of strong vitality and highest quality in every way. Our seed is **very carefully selected** and tested for germination, and the percentage that will grow is marked on each package, so you will run no risk of failure in planting it.

Notes on Varieties. The earliest corn we have tried is **Peep-o'-Day**, but the ears are quite small, about 5 in. long. **Pocahontas** is but two or three days later, and has much larger ears and is of finer quality. **Premo** follows a few days later, and has fairly large ears. **Mammoth White Cory** matures early and has ears 6 or 7 in. long, and produces two or three on a stalk, but the corn is not of as good quality as Harris' Extra Early. **Golden Bantam** is a small, medium early kind, with yellow kernels; highly esteemed by many people. The New "Buttercup" is, in our opinion, of much better quality than Golden Bantam, and has larger ears. It is the sweetest corn we know of. **Kendel's Early Giant** matures very early and has large ears and is very prolific. It is the earliest kind with ears so large, and on this account is valuable for market. **Metropolitan** has large ears, and is early and of fine quality. It is valuable as a second early kind, to follow the small varieties that mature first. **Shaker's Early** is also large, early and of fine quality, and is one of the best second early kinds. **Harris' Extra Early** is

very early and of excellent quality, far better than most early kinds.

Of the later kinds **Hickox Improved** matures earlier than Evergreen, and has large ears of fine quality. **Black Mexican** is quite early and of very fine quality, surpassing other kinds in sweetness and flavor, but the corn gets black when it is just ready to eat, and therefore does not look very well on the table. The two latest varieties are **Country Gentleman**, with small ears, having the kernels set irregularly on the cob, and of very fine quality, and **Egyptian** or **Washington Market**, with very large ears and corn that is sweet and good. **Burpee's White Evergreen** is a fine strain of the old Stowell's Evergreen, and is superior to it in size and shape of ear and in appearance, as the corn is very white.

For Home Use. We advise planting the following varieties which will give a constant succession of corn all through the season: Pocahontas, Metropolitan, Buttercup, Hickox Improved, Country Gentleman and Egyptian.

**PRICE LIST OF SWEET CORN—Large packets of any variety,
(except where noted) 6c, half pint 12c, by mail postpaid.
Four qts. will be sent at half the price of a peck.**

	By Mail		By Express		
	Pint	Quart	Pint	Quart	Peck
POCAHONTAS. (New.) Very early, large ears. See page 4. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 15c.....	\$ 25	\$ 45	\$ 20	\$ 35	\$ 1 50
HARRIS' EXTRA EARLY. One of the very best extra early varieties. Large ear and pure white kernels of fine quality.....	20	35	15	25	1 20
PEEP-O'-DAY. The earliest; small ears of fine quality.....	20	35	15	25	1 25
Golden Bantam. Medium early, yellow kernels of fine quality. By many people considered the best sweet corn.....	20	35	15	25	1 20
BUTTERCUP. (New.) The best flavored and sweetest corn we have ever eaten. See page 4. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 18c.....	30	55	22	40	2 50
Premo. Very early and has large ears of good quality.....	18	30	12	20	1 00
Early Cory. Very early and hardy—red cob.....	18	30	12	20	95
Mammoth White Cory. Larger than red Cory, and has pure white corn and is nearly as early.....	18	30	12	20	1 00
KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT. The earliest corn having ears so large. Very profitable for market. Ears 8 to 10 inches long, 12 to 14 rows. Matures soon after the extra early kinds and brings good prices in market.....	20	35	15	25	1 10
METROPOLITAN. One of the largest and best medium early kinds. Large ears, 8 to 9 inches long, 10 to 12 rows of snow white kernels of fine quality.....	20	35	15	25	1 10
Shaker's Early. Large ears, medium early and of fine quality. One of the best.....	18	30	12	20	1 00
Crosby's Early. A fine early corn, 10 to 12 rowed, ears of good size and corn is of best quality.....	18	30	12	20	95
Potter's Excelsior, or Squantum. Medium to late, large ears and the quality is of the very best.....	18	30	12	20	1 00
HICKOX IMPROVED. Very large, 10 to 12 rowed ears, often nearly a foot long. Matures a little earlier than Evergreen, and of finer quality.....	20	35	15	25	1 20
Black Mexican. No corn, except "Buttercup," is quite equal to this in quality. Matures medium early, kernels black when ripe.....	20	35	15	25	1 10
Country Gentleman. Late, very prolific, often 3 ears on a stalk, kernels irregular on the cob, quality very fine.....	20	35	15	25	1 20
Stowell's Evergreen. We have a fine strain of this corn.....	20	35	12	20	95
BURPEE'S WHITE EVERGREEN. An improved strain of Stowell's Evergreen with large, snow white kernels, ears large and handsome and stalks are very prolific. This is the best strain of Evergreen we have seen.....	20	35	12	20	1 00
EARLY MAMMOTH. Not an early variety but a little earlier than Late Mammoth, which is a very large late kind. Ears of immense size, much larger than Evergreen and corn is of very superior quality. A fine late variety for market and home use.....	20	35	12	20	1 20
Egyptian or Washington Market. Very large ears, matures late and is of a fine quality. Profitable for market and very good for home use to prolong the season.....	20	35	15	25	1 25

POP CORN.

Cultivate the same as other corn. In growing it on a large scale we plant it in hills 3 ft. apart and four plants in a hill. It is a profitable crop. Great care should be taken to dry the ears thoroughly as the corn does not pop well unless well matured and thoroughly dry.

White Rice. The ears are 6 to 7 inches long and the kernels are pure white and of large size. Yields well and produces a fine quality of pop corn. Decidedly the best variety to raise on a large scale for market, as it yields best and commands the highest prices. Our strain is very fine. **Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 12c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c. postpaid.** By express, **qt. 25c; 4 qts. 65c; pk. \$1.20.**

DANDELION.

The improved cultivated Dandelion is a valuable plant for "greens" early in the spring. The seed is sown early in the spring and the leaves will be ready to eat the following spring.

Large Thick Leaved. The most improved and desirable variety, with large thick leaves of excellent quality. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.50.**

ENDIVE.

Endive is used for salad, especially in autumn and winter. It is easily grown. For fall and winter use the seed should not be sown till August.

Moss Curled. A beautiful variety, with very fine curled leaves. Blanches perfectly white in the center. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.**

BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN. (Escarole.) Large thick leaves of good quality. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10.**

GOURDS.

See Flower Seed Department.

HORSE RADISH.

Horse Radish is easily grown from sets—small lengths of roots. These sets, if planted in the spring in good, rich soil, will form large roots by fall. The sets should be planted with the small end down and the upper portion two inches below the surface.

Sets. Postpaid by mail, **25c. doz.; 85c. 100.** By express, **50c. 100; \$4.00 per 1,000.**

EGG PLANT.

One ounce of seed will produce about 1,000 plants.

This is a delicious vegetable which should be in every garden. It is also a profitable market crop. It is cultivated like tomatoes.

BLACK BEAUTY. This is a very handsome, early and prolific variety of recent introduction. It is a decided improvement over the New York Improved. While the fruit is as large as that variety, it matures **much earlier** and is of a deeper and richer color. The plants are of robust growth and are very prolific. Being earlier than the New York Improved much larger crops are produced before frost. The strain of this variety we offer is very fine and produces large, handsome fruit.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c;
1/4 lb. \$1.20.

BLACK BEAUTY EGG PLANT.

Mr. A. S. Hine, Conyngham, Pa., writes:

"I used 2 oz. of your Black Beauty Egg Plant seed last year, and find it far above the average in vitality, and the fruit of the best I ever tried to grow."

NEW YORK IMPROVED (Thornless). This is a superb strain of this well-known and popular variety. The fruit grows to the largest size and is of perfect shape and deep purple color. The plants are prolific and produce fruit early and continuously. Market gardeners will find this the finest strain of New York Improved egg plant grown. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1/4 lb. \$1.20.

Extra Early Dwarf Purple. A valuable variety. Not large, but very early and prolific. Being hardier and earlier than the larger kinds it is valuable for northern latitudes where the seasons are short. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 90c.

Large American Flag. The most popular variety; grows to a good size, and is straight and uniform and is of the best quality

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10.

Leek.

One ounce of seed will sow 150 ft. of row.

Leek is a kind of onion that does not form any bulb but grows in a long stem, which is blanched by drawing earth around it. When blanched in this way it makes an appetizing salad, or is eaten like green onions. Seed is sown in the spring and the leek is ready to use in the fall.

Large American Flag. The most popular variety; grows to a good size, and is straight and uniform and is of the best quality

Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10.

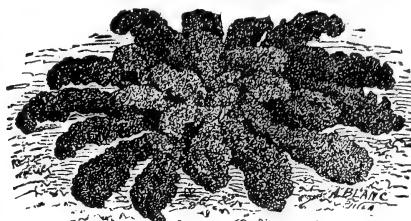
Lettuce.

One ounce of seed will sow 250 feet of row.

ABOUT VARIETIES. There are two distinct classes of Lettuce. One class forms heads like cabbage, while the other merely produces loose leaves. Where lettuce is grown in the open ground, and allowed to remain thick in the row, as is too often the case, the loose-leaved varieties are best. The best loose-leaved or curly varieties are **Black Seeded Simpson, Grand Rapids** and **Tomhannock**. When really fine lettuce is desired, and where one is willing to take some pains in raising it, the head or cabbage varieties are much the best. For forcing in the hot house or hotbed, **Improved Keene, Boston Market, Big Boston** and **Golden Queen** are the quickest to form heads, and are usually used for this purpose. For sowing in frames and transplanting to the open ground in the spring, the best varieties are **May King, Holyrood Hot-Weather, Deacon, Iceberg, Salamander** and **Wonderful**. These are also excellent head varieties for sowing in the open ground early in the spring and in the late summer and fall. For fall use, seed should be sown in this latitude about the middle of August. Loose-leaved lettuce is also sown in the summer and fall, the same as the head varieties.

KALE or Borecole.

One ounce of seed will produce 2,000 plants.



DWARF CURLED GREEN KALE.

Kale is used as "greens" during the winter, and is a most welcome dish when other vegetables are gone. The young and tender shoots that come out on the stalks are delicate and delicious when cooked. They are better after a few frosts in the fall. With a little protection, or when the snow is deep, Kale will stand the winter without injury. It is grown the same way as cabbage, but for winter use the seed may be sown as late as July.

Dwarf Curled Green. The best dwarf variety. The leaves are finely curled and are of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c; 1 oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 70c.

Tall Green Scotch Curled. The most popular variety. The plant grows three feet tall and produces an abundance of finely curled leaves which are of the finest quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 65c.

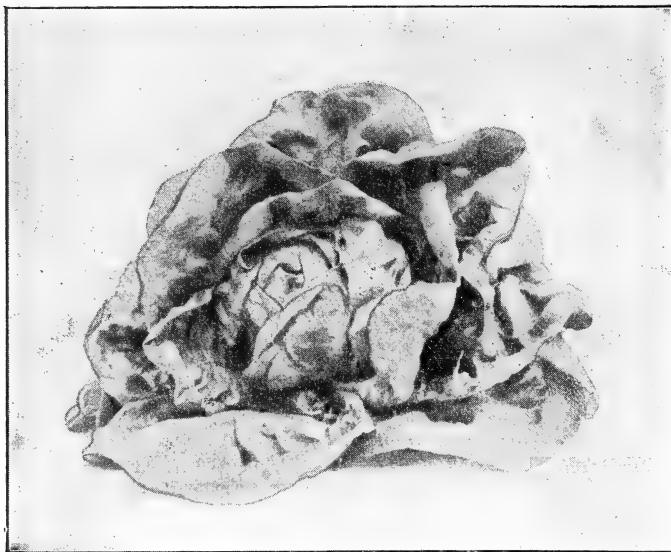
KOHL RABI.

One ounce of seed will sow about 300 feet of row.

Kohl Rabi produces a large bulb on the stem which is used as a vegetable, and also for stock feeding. When used while young the bulb when cooked resembles a fine quality of turnip, but somewhat different in flavor. The seed should be sown in June in rows about 2 ft. apart, and the plants thinned to a foot apart in the rows.

Large Green. This variety is usually grown for stock. It is also good for the table when young. Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 95c.

Early White Vienna. The best variety for the table. When the bulbs are of the size of a large apple they are ready to use. The flavor of the bulb when cooked is intermediate between a cabbage and a turnip, and makes an excellent vegetable. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40.



DEACON LETTUCE. (From a Photograph.)

the leaves are light green, slightly tinged with brown on the edges, and are very yellow color inside the head. As this lettuce will produce good solid heads 10 days before any other kinds in the open ground it is a most valuable kind for either market or the home garden. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.**

Salamander. One of the best varieties for summer use, as it resists hot sun better than most other kinds. It forms large compact heads of a light green color and of fine quality. We now offer a very fine strain of this popular lettuce which we can recommend to gardeners who want a fine large-heading variety for market. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.25.**

Iceberg. One of the very best heading varieties. Forms **large compact heads of very fine quality.** Heads early and **stands without running to seed a long time.** The leaves are finely cut and curled, and of an attractive light green, while the center of the head is pure white and remarkably crisp and tender. It is certainly one of the best kinds. We have a very fine strain that heads uniformly solid and compact. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.20.**

Cos or Romaine Lettuce. **TRIANON Self-Folding.** This improved Cos lettuce makes a compact, upright growth, and magnificent large heads that blanch perfectly white inside. When well grown on moist land this lettuce is of the **finest quality.** The mid-rib of the leaves is large, crisp, and much resembles celery. This is the best variety of this class. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.20.**

Deacon Lettuce.

We are the original introducers

of this magnificent Lettuce which has gained for itself great popularity. It has been renamed by some California grower "**San Francisco Market**," and by another seed firm "**Golden Gate**," but "**Deacon**" is the original and proper name which we called it 20 years ago. It is one of the finest of the large heading varieties. The leaves are smooth, thick and tender, and inside the head are nearly perfectly white and of the **finest quality**, being crisp, tender and fine flavored and without bitterness or coarseness.

It is important that this lettuce should have plenty of room to grow. Thin out the plants to 10 or 12 inches apart in the rows and you will have magnificent heads.

This variety has also recently come into favor for raising in greenhouses and frames, as it makes magnificent large heads of finest quality. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.20.**

May King. We find this new lettuce to be the best *very early* head variety for the open ground. The heads form very quickly, and are firm and of fine quality. The plant is small and practically all head, **35c; lb. \$1.20.**



MAY KING LETTUCE.

LETTUCE—Packets of any of the following varieties 5c (except where noted.)

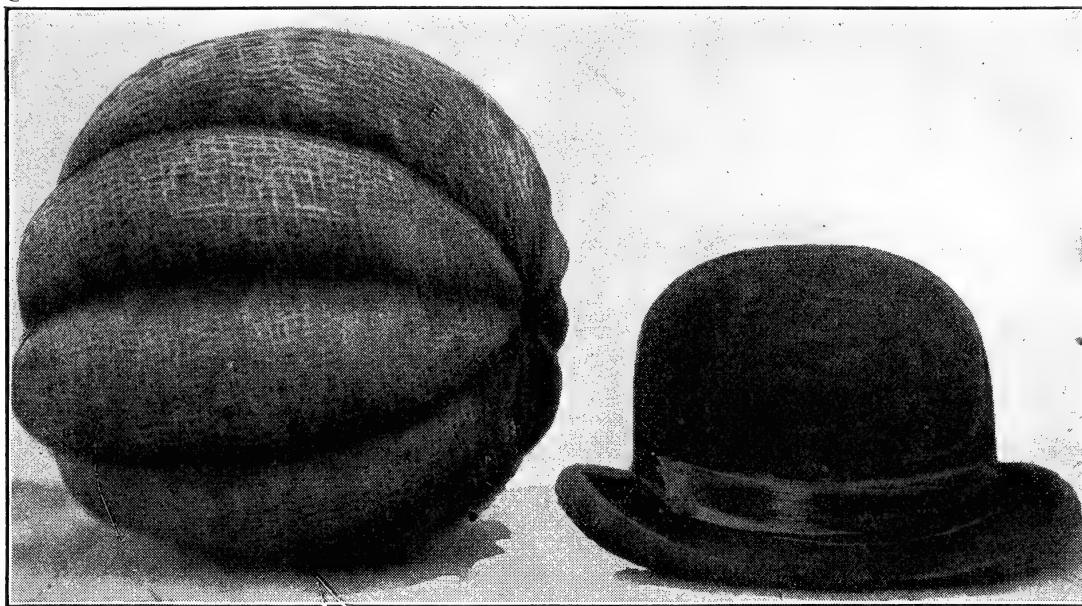
	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.
HOLYROOD HOT-WEATHER. A very fine new head lettuce. See page 9. Pkt. 10c...	\$0 25	\$0 65	\$2 50
IMPROVED KEENE. One of the best for forcing. See page 5. Pkt. 10c.....	20	60	2 00
BIG BOSTON. Excellent for forcing and open ground. We have a fine pure strain.....	12	35	1 10
Boston Market, or White Seeded Tennis Ball. An early head lettuce for forcing....	12	30	95
GRAND RAPIDS. Of upright growth, curly leaves. The most popular curly lettuce for forcing.....	12	35	1 10
Golden Queen. Compact heads of an attractive yellow tinge. Popular for forcing.....	12	30	1 00
WONDERFUL. The largest head lettuce, heads nearly as large as a small cabbage and very hard; blanches perfectly white in the center.....	12	35	1 10
Denver Market. A head lettuce with curled leaves.....	12	30	95
Hanson. Large compact heads.....	12	30	90
Tomhannock. Very large loose heads tinged with brown and curled at the edges.....	12	30	1 00
BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON. Forms a large bunch of curly leaves which are very tender, especially if used while young.....	12	30	1 00
Early Curled Simpson. Like the above, but smaller and earlier.....	12	30	95

Musk Melons.

One ounce of seed will plant about 60 hills; 2 to 3 pounds per acre.

It is much easier to raise melons than is usually supposed, and they are so delicious a fruit that it seems strange to us that every one who has any garden at all does not raise them. All that is required is a good, rich, well manured soil that is not too heavy, and a warm, sunny situation. Our pamphlet, "Cultivation of Vegetables," tells about raising musk melons. It will be sent with any order for seed if requested.

To tell when a musk melon is ripe, hold the melon off the ground by the stem; if it drops off, it is ripe, if not don't pick it.



LEWIS' PERFECTION MUSK MELON.

(Photograph of a Melon Weighing 17 lbs.)

Lewis' Perfection. This is the largest musk melon of fine quality we have ever raised. It was originated by a successful melon grower of Michigan who now gets over \$500 per acre for his melons. The melons are deep green with a yellow tinge when ripe, deeply ribbed, netted, and of very large size. The flesh is deep orange yellow, very thick, sweet and of delicious flavor. The melons ripen medium early and the vines are healthy and prolific. This is a great melon for market where a good price can be obtained for large melons of high quality. All who want to raise the largest melons and want them of the very best quality, should try Lewis' Perfection. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c; lb. \$2.35, postpaid.

Hoodoo. A fine new variety especially adapted for shipping. See page 11. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c; lb. \$2.10.

Admiral Togo. Although not a large melon, this is a fine one on account of its delicious flavor and great productiveness. The flesh is of a deep orange yellow and very sweet and of a delicious sprightly flavor, quite distinct from other yellow fleshed kinds. The melons ripen early, and are produced so profusely that they nearly cover the ground among the vines. They are oblong and thickly netted, and weigh about two pounds each. When a medium size early melon is wanted we highly recommend the Admiral Togo. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

KINSMAN QUEEN, or IMPROVED SURPRISE. This is the same as "Surprise" Melon, but is an improved strain, originating near Kinsman, Ohio. It is an early melon of large size, handsome shape and of fine quality. The fruit is nearly perfectly round, light green in color, handsomely ribbed and slightly netted. The flesh is orange colored, thick and of fine flavor. The vines are very vigorous and remarkably productive. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

Long Island Beauty. A very fine large green flesh melon. The fruit is flattened at the ends, ribbed and closely netted and is very handsome. Not quite so sweet, but of more sprightly and agreeable flavor than most of the yellow flesh varieties. Ripe early and is one of the very best large green flesh melons. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

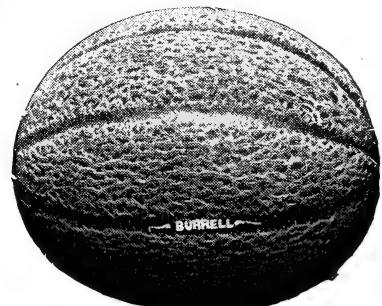
Deduct 10c per lb. if seed is to be sent by express not prepaid.

Rocky Ford. This is the variety which has made Rocky Ford, Colorado, so famous for good melons. It is a fine strain of Netted Gem. The fruit is oval in shape, and covered with fine netting. It is of medium size and very uniform. The flesh is very sweet, yet has the peculiar sprightly flavor so much desired in a musk melon. It is medium early and prolific. Although the melons are rather small there are so many of them on a vine that they yield as much as larger kinds. We have some pure seed of the genuine Rocky Ford strain. Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.

ROCKY FORD—Burrell's Thoroughbred. This strain of Rocky Ford Melon has been produced by great care in the

selection of the fruit for seed, the result is that the melons run more even in size and shape are more closely netted and are of finer flavor than the ordinary strain.

It can be depended on to raise an even crop of the very highest class melons of this popular variety. Such seed, of course, costs very much more to raise than seed saved from the whole crop, or as sometimes is done, from the melons too poor to sell, but we are sure no one who knows anything about raising melons will hesitate a minute about paying the extra cost for this selected seed, if he thinks he can get something better than is usually sold. Pkt. 10c; oz. 18c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.10.



BURRELL'S THOROUGHBRED,
ROCKY FORD MUSK MELON.

Emerald Gem. The earliest and finest flavored **Musk Melon.** There are few varieties equal to this for home use. While the fruit is not large, it ripens very early and is produced in great abundance. The melons are round and dark green. The flesh is orange or salmon colored, thick, sweet and of delicious flavor. There is no melon of finer flavor. The fruit is hardly firm enough for shipping, but for home use it has few equals. The Emerald Gem can be relied on to produce a good crop of fruit even in unfavorable seasons when other larger and later kinds would fail to ripen. The strain we offer is a little larger and more netted than the old type and the fruit is firmer. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.**

Irondequoit. Nearly round, flattened at the ends and netted. Flesh orange yellow, thick, sweet and of fine flavor. Quite early and grows to a good size. Very popular in market and fine for the home garden. See page 11. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.20.**

FINE GREEN NUTMEG. An old favorite. Round, thickly netted fruit. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 90c.**

Miller's Cream or Osage. Extra Select-Strain. We consider this one of the best melons for home use and also for market where it is known. The fruit grows to a large size, is oblong in shape, and dark green with slight netting. The flesh is deep orange color, very thick, deliciously sweet and high flavored. The melons are uniformly of high quality, which cannot be said of many other varieties. While

not a very early kind, yet the fruit will ripen perfectly in this latitude, and the vines are quite prolific. We highly recommend this variety to all who want good size melons of very fine quality. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.**

New Early Hackensack. An early strain of the well known Hackensack. One of the best green-fleshed melons for home use or market. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.**

HACKENSACK. The most popular market green-flesh melon; round, ribbed, and thickly netted; handsome and of fine flavor. Our strain of this variety is very fine. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 30; lb. \$1.10.**

MONTREAL MARKET. When well grown this is one of the largest, handsomest, and best flavored melons. It is rather late and requires good culture, but will repay for the extra trouble by producing magnificent fruit of the largest size, thickly netted and deep ribbed. Flesh green, very thick and high flavored. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c.**

WHITE JAPANESE. A remarkably high-flavored melon. So strong is the flavor, in fact, that it is objected to by some on this account, but by others considered delicious. Fruit round, cream-colored, with orange-colored flesh. Our stock of this variety is exceptionally fine. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.10.**

NETTED GEM. One of the earliest melons. Fruit of medium size, oval, and thickly netted; green flesh, sweet and high flavored. Vines very prolific. A very satisfactory variety for inexperienced growers. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 85c.**

Water Melons.

One ounce of seed will plant about 25 hills; three pounds will plant an acre.

Any one who has light sandy soil can raise good water melons. Directions for culture will be sent with seed if requested.

Harris' Earliest. This melon is not only very quality, being sweet and delicious, and it grows to a large size. The melons are oblong and marbled with light and dark green. The flesh is bright red, fine grained and very sweet.

The fruit ripens extremely early and is therefore very desirable for planting in the North. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.10.** By express, \$1.00 per lb.

FORDHOOK EARLY. One of the earliest varieties, and has good large fruit of very fair quality, but not quite as sweet as some of the later kinds. There is no other kind except Harris' Earliest that ripens so early and produces such large melons. The fruit is oval in shape and grows to a large size. The flesh is bright red, sweet and of good flavor. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 95c.**

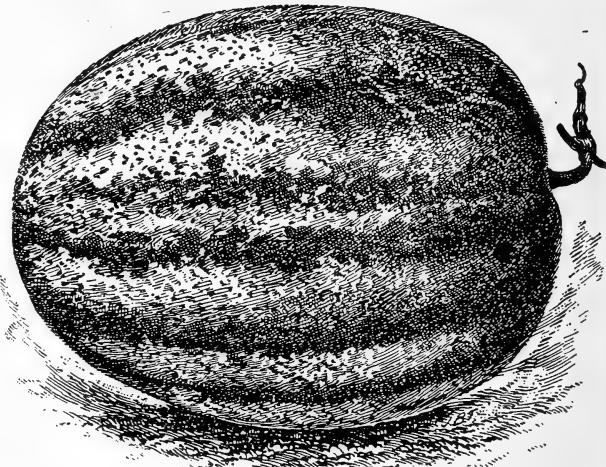
Halbert Honey. A new melon having a remarkably rich, sweet flavor, much superior to other water melons. It is also medium early and can be successfully raised in some of the northern states. The melons are quite long with blunt ends. The color is deep green. The rind is very thin, the rich, deep red, sugary flesh extending within an inch of the outside shell. The rind is rather thin for a good shipping melon, but for home use or near-by market this is a most superior variety. All who want really delicious, high flavored water melons should plant the Halbert Honey. Our seed is of the true Halbert strain, and we offer it at the following low prices: **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 70c.**

Kleckley Sweets. This melon has become famous for its high quality. There is nothing finer in the way of water melons than the delicious, sweet, high flavored flesh of the "Kleckley Sweets." The melons are long, dark green and with very solid, crisp, bright red flesh with white seeds. It grows to a large size and is always of a superb quality. It is medium early and can be successfully raised anywhere south of New York State. We offer seed of the true Kleckley strain. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.**

Hungarian Honey. One of the very best early melons not only ripen early, but are deliciously sweet, with firm, solid, deep red flesh and small seeds. The fruit is nearly round, and of medium to small size. Those who want an early melon of high quality should plant this variety. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.**

ICE CREAM or PEERLESS. (White Seeded.) Early, and of delicious flavor. Fruit oblong and light green. On account of its earliness and fine quality this is a very desirable melon for home use. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 80c.**

GREEN CITRON for Preserves. This melon is used exclusively for making preserves. The rind is thick and clear white, and makes preserves of excellent quality. Cultivation similar to water melons. The fruit is round, striped and handsomely marbled. Very hardy and productive. Red seed. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 18c; lb. 60c.**



WATER MELON. HARRIS' EARLIEST.

Mammoth Ironclad. Very large, handsome, oblong melon, dark green, beautifully striped with lighter green. Flesh firm, solid and sweet, and surrounded with a very hard and tough, though thin rind, which makes it valuable for shipping. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 75c.**

MOUNTAIN SWEET. A large, medium early variety that has long been very popular. The melons are oblong in shape, deep and have bright red flesh of high quality, **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 50c.**

MUSTARD, for Salad.

FORDHOOK FANCY. A new and beautifully curled mustard that is not only very handsome, but is of very mild, pleasant flavor. The leaves are curled and fringed, and the plant remains longer without running to seed than other kinds. This is certainly the finest variety for salads and garnishing. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 25c.**

Giant Southern Curled. Grows nearly two feet high, and has finely curled leaves which are excellent for salad. Very popular in the south for sowing in the fall for use in the winter and early spring. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.**

White London. Used while young for salad. The seed is used for flavoring pickles. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 18c; lb. 40c.**

One ounce of seed will sow
150 feet of row.

Onions.

It requires about six pounds
of seed per acre.

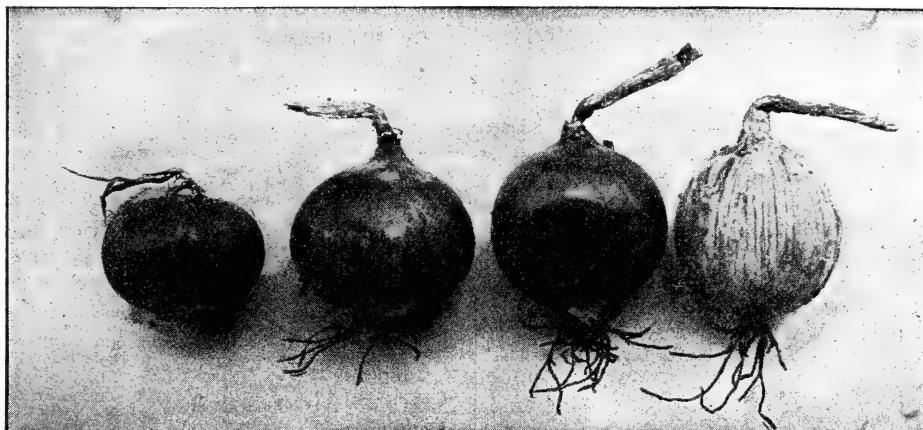
Our Onion Seed. We take considerable pride in our different strains of onions, and from the fact that our sales have more than doubled in the past two years we infer that our efforts to furnish the very best seed that we can grow is appreciated by our customers.

Eastern Grown Seed. In the judgment of most experienced onion growers eastern grown seed is superior to seed grown in California where nine-tenths of the seed sold is now grown. California grown seed can be sold at a much lower price than eastern grown, but it does not produce as early and even a

crop as seed produced here. It costs much more to raise onion seed in the east but it is worth many times as much as that grown in California.

Germination Tests. It is quite important for an onion grower to know just what per cent of the seed will germinate so that he can judge how thick to sow in order not to waste the seed or get the crop too thin. All the seed we sell is given thorough tests for germination, and the **exact results** from such tests are **marked on each package of seed** so that the purchaser can tell just what proportion of seed is of good vitality. This ought to be worth a good deal to any grower.

Harris'
Superior
Onion
Seed.



Round Yellow Danvers. Yellow Globe Danvers. Harris' Red Globe. Southport White Globe.

The
Best
Seed
Grown
Regard-
less of
Price.

Our Selected Strain of Yellow Globe Danvers.

The Yellow Globe Danvers has long been the most popular Onion, and we have bred

up a very fine strain of it, which for **uniformly fine shape** and color and **good keeping qualities** we think has few equals in this country. Before setting out the onions for seed they are carefully sorted, and all that have large "necks" or light color, or not of the right shape, are rejected. We often throw out 25 bu. out of a hundred. This makes the seed cost a great deal more than when raised in the ordinary way, but it is worth many times as much. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00, postpaid.**

Mr. E. D. Hopkins of Hillyard, Wash., reports his onion crops as follows: Philadelphia Danvers (Johnson) 552 bu. per acre; Prize Taker (Johnson) 690 bu. per acre. Harris' Selected Danvers, 897 bu. per acre.

Early Golden Globe.

A new Australian variety that matures **much earlier** than any other Yellow Globe onion we have ever seen. The bulbs are of perfect globe shape, golden yellow and of **fine quality**. They mature very early and ripen up firm and hard with extremely small tops. They keep remarkably well, like the Australian Brown, which can be kept nearly the year around. The onions grow to a medium size not being quite as large as the Globe Danvers. We highly recommend this onion for home use and for market, where an extra large onion is not required. If sown early the onions will be ripe the first part of August. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 18c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.**

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE. A very handsome onion of perfect globe-shape, and good deep yellow color. A little later than the Danvers and requires higher culture. We have a first-class strain of this popular variety. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 55c; lb. \$1.90. By express, \$1.80 per lb.**

HARRIS' RED GLOBE. (Southport Red Globe.) This is a very fine selected strain of the well-known Southport Large Red Globe onion, and is the finest red onion grown. The bulbs grow very large and are of perfect **globe shape**, and of the **darkest red** color. The onions have small necks and are smooth and handsome. They keep better than any other variety and are of mild flavor. This onion is most profitable when grown on soil especially adapted to onions. It requires a little longer season to mature than Yellow Danvers or Red Weathersfield. For experienced onion growers who want to raise the **very finest red globe** onions, this strain will be found unsurpassed. Our **eastern-grown** seed produces firmer and deeper colored onions than western-grown seed. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 55c; lb. \$1.90, postpaid. By express, \$1.80 per lb.**

ROUND YELLOW DANVERS. This strain produces bulbs that are flatter than the Globe Danvers, but otherwise similar to that variety. The onions mature a little earlier. Desirable where seasons are short, and also for raising onion sets. Our seed is first-class in every way. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.35. By express, \$1.25 per lb.**

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE. This is the largest and finest white onion. The bulbs are of perfect globe shape, very firm and solid, perfectly white and of fine quality. In the hands of experienced growers this is a very profitable onion, as it always commands the highest price. Our seed is of the true Southport strain, grown here in the East from selected bulbs, and will be found all that can be desired, and much superior to the western-grown seed usually sold. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 70c; lb. \$2.50, postpaid. By express, \$2.40 per lb.**

Prizetaker. This variety produces the largest and finest onions grown in this country. Single bulbs grown under favorable conditions often weigh 3 to 4 pounds each, and much heavier weights have been attained. The onions are of a light yellow color, globe-shaped and of very mild, pleasant flavor. While these onions can be grown by sowing the seed in the ordinary way in the open ground, yet the largest and finest specimens are obtained by sowing the seed in shallow boxes in February or March, and transplanting to the open ground as soon as the weather is warm enough. The Prizetaker requires two weeks longer to mature than Yellow Danvers. Our **American-grown seed** is much superior to imported seed for use in this country. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40, postpaid. By express, \$1.30 per lb.**

EARLY LARGE RED. (Flat.) This is the earliest large red onion. The bulbs are large around and flattened, and are firm and of fine quality. This onion will yield large crops even where seasons are short and the soil not perfectly adapted to onions, as the bulbs mature very early. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40; lb. \$1.50.**

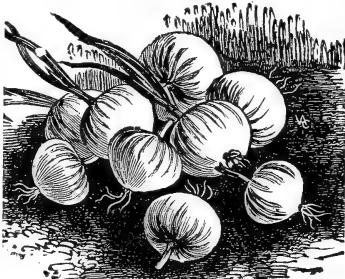
LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD. A very large, deep red onion, that matures early and succeeds well everywhere. The bulbs are flattened, very large around, solid and of fine quality. A good keeper. One of the best red onions for home use or market, where a globe-shaped onion is not required. Our seed is of an extra fine strain. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40, postpaid.**

AUSTRALIAN BROWN. This is a variety possessing remarkable keeping qualities. These onions have been kept in perfect condition the **year around**. The onions are of medium size, somewhat flattened, but deep through and of a light reddish brown color. They mature **very early**, being two weeks earlier than Yellow Danvers. The bulbs are very firm and ripen up hard and smooth with very small necks. The flavor is mild and sweet. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 18c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.40, postpaid.**

White Portugal, or Silverskin. An early, flat white onion of large size and mild flavor. Excellent for family use or market, matures earlier than Yellow Danvers and keeps very well. Largey sown for sets. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 18c; 1/4 lb. 55c; lb. \$2.00.** By express **\$1.90 per lb.**

EARLY WHITE PEARL. A very early white onion that grows to a good size and is of very fine quality. The onions are flat, about $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches in diameter, and pure white. They mature very early, and as they attain a good size, they are profitable for early fall market. They do not keep well and should be all marketed before late in the winter. This variety is of a mild, delicate flavor, and is a desirable kind for home use as well as market. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 18c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75, postpaid.** By express, **\$1.65 per lb.**

EXTRA EARLY BARLETTA. This remarkable little onion is a wonder for rapidity of growth and early maturity and evenness in size and shape. It is the handsomest and most perfect white pickling onion grown. When



EARLY BARLETTA ONION.

July first, and mature a crop before fall. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 18c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.65, postpaid.**

ONION SETS.

One quart will set 75 to 100 feet of row, depending upon the size of the sets.

Onion sets are used to produce onions earlier than they can be procured from seed. By using sets, large, ripe onions can be had in July or August, and green "bunching" onions early in the spring.

Our prices are subject to change without notice. They will probably rule about as quoted below. Please write us for prices on what quantity you need. You cannot get as good sets cheaper anywhere.

YELLOW SETS. Small and sound. By mail, **pt. 20c; 35c.** By express, **qt. 25c; pk. \$1.00; bu. (35 lbs.) \$3.50,** subject to market changes.

WHITE SETS. (Silverskin.) By mail, **pt. 25c; qt. 40c.** By express, **qt. 30c; pk. \$1.10; bu. (35 lbs.) \$4.00,** subject to market changes.

Egyptian or Perennial Tree Onion. This is a distinct variety of onion that when once started will come up every year as soon as the frost is out of the surface soil, and will produce green bunching onions earlier than any other variety, and requires very little care. If the sets are set out in the spring, they will divide and produce five or six new green onions the next spring from each set. They do not produce ripe onions. Sets by mail, **pt. 18c; qt. 35c.** By express, **qt. 25c; pk. 90c; bu. \$3.00.**

OKRA or Gumbo.

Used for thickening and flavoring soup. The pods contain a large amount of gum, which imparts a thickness and softness as well as flavor to the soup. Directions for use can be found in any good cook book. The seed should be sown in the open ground when the ground is thoroughly warm. In this latitude about June 1st. The pods should be picked and dried while green.

WHITE VELVET. A distinct and valuable variety. The pods are large, round and smooth, and not ridged like the old varieties. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.**

PERFECTED PERKINS' LONG POD. This variety is now used almost exclusively by the soup canners, as the pods are of a deep green color and of fine quality and the plant is very prolific. The "Perfected" strain we offer is the finest yet produced. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.**

PEPPERS.

One ounce of seed will produce 1,000 plants. Seed should be sown early in hot beds or greenhouse.

NEW "GIANT CRIMSON." As large as Chinese Giant, earlier and more prolific. See page 10. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25.**

NEW "GIANT CAYENNE." Much larger than the old cayenne pepper, and the flavor is equally pungent. See page 10. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25.**

NEAPOLITAN. The **earliest** large pepper grown. This new pepper is two or three weeks earlier than other large kinds, and is so early that the seeds can be sown in the **open ground** and produce ripe peppers before frost in this latitude. This saves lots of trouble in raising plants in hotbeds and transplanting them. If the plants are started early, the peppers will be ready to use in July, and earlier farther south. The peppers are of good size, a little longer and not quite so thick through as Bull Nose or Ruby King. They are produced upright on the plants, and as many as 30 or 40 have been counted on a single plant. The fruit is **mild** and of **sweet, pleasant flavor**, and of a very bright red. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.50.**

Chinese Giant. The largest red pepper grown. Five inches high and as much in diameter. It is a "sweet pepper," being very mild flavored and has thick flesh. It is about as early as Ruby King, and nearly double its size. Our seed is of the **finest strain** of the genuine Chinese Giant, and fully equal to any seed offered at any price. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. \$1.20; lb. \$4.50.**

Sweet Mountain. An early, large, sweet red pepper, with fruit of good size, about the shape of Bull-Nose. Flavor mild like that of Ruby King, and the fruit ripens earlier than that variety. The plant is quite prolific and will produce a great many peppers if they are kept picked as fast as they mature. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25.**

Ruby King.

The most popular large red pepper. We have a **very fine selected strain** that produces fruit of the **largest size**, handsome shape and bright red color, with mild and pleasant flavor. The plants are **more prolific** than most strains of this variety, and the fruit **ripens earlier** and is of better shape and quality. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.45.**



RUBY KING PEPPER.

and best varieties. Bright red, thick flesh, and fairly mild, but more pungent than Ruby King or Giant Crimson. If the seed is sown in the open ground early in May, in good rich soil, the fruit will ripen perfectly before frost. It is better, however, to raise the plants in a hotbed. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25.**

Cayenne. Best for seasoning pickles. **Enormously productive.** The peppers are long and slim, bright red when ripe, and of sharp, pungent flavor. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25.**

GOLDEN DAWN. The best and largest yellow variety. The peppers when ripe are of a beautiful golden yellow, of fine shape, and of sweet, pleasant flavor. Early and very productive. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25.**

Pepper Plants. See Plant Department, last page of catalogue.

PARSNIPS.

One ounce of seed will sow 150 feet of row;
6 lbs. per acre.

Harris' New Model.

By very careful selection of roots for seed purposes we have produced a strain that we think is **very much superior** to that usually sold. The parsnips grow to a medium length and are **very smooth**, without small roots or prongs, and are **snow white**—much whiter than other kinds, and therefore more attractive in market. **See page 13.** Pkt. 5c; oz. 10; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c. By express, 75c per lb.

IMPROVED GUERNSEY HALF LONG. The roots grow to a medium length, and do not taper as much as the older kinds. They are very smooth, even in shape, easily dug, and are fine grained, sweet and tender. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 45c.**

Long Hollow Crown. Long, smooth and straight, and of fine quality. We have a fine strain of this popular variety. **Same price as Improved Guernsey.**

MR. GEO. E. BATCHELDER, Amesbury, Mass., writes February 4, '09:

"I have used your parsnip seed for many years and always with satisfactory results. Neighboring farmers using seed from other sources have often lost their crops from failure of their parsnip seed to germinate."

PARSLEY.

One ounce of seed will sow 150 feet of row.

Dwarf Perfection. This is without doubt the finest parsley grown. The plant is of semi-dwarf habit, very compact and of a **beautiful bright green**, while the leaves are very **finely cut** and **curled**. **See page 11.** Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.

Champion or Triple Moss Curled. Makes a strong growth of deep green, finely cut and curled leaves of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 45c.

Extra Double Curled. A finely curled parsley. Very dark green. The leaves are not as finely cut and curled as above kinds. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 40c.

Turnip-rooted or Hamburg. The roots are used instead of the leaves. We offer an improved variety called "Thick Sugar," which has nice smooth, white roots of medium length and large around, and of fine sweet flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

ONLY ONE SEEDSMAN in this country tells you just how many of the seeds you buy are alive and good and will germinate under proper conditions.

WE DO THIS. If you want to know what percentage of any seeds will grow before you buy, write us and we will tell you.

Peas.

One quart will sow 100 feet of row. Two bushels per acre.

There is a great difference in Seed Peas of the same variety. Some are mixed and produce poor, half-filled pods, while others are pure and bear even crops of large, well-filled pods. The difference is in the way the seed is grown.

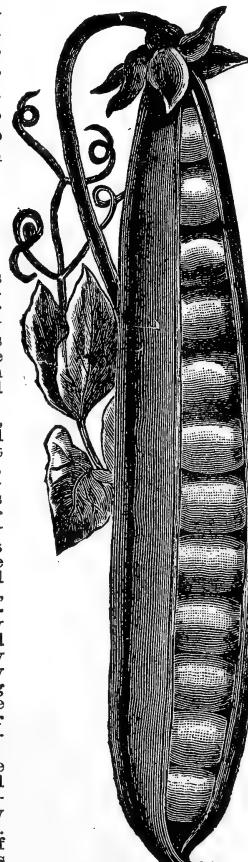
Our Seed Peas are all grown in the north, and are of the **earliest and hardest** as well as the **purest** strains. They are **far superior** to most of the Seed Peas sold. They will produce an **even crop** of well-filled pods, which cheap and carelessly grown seed will not do.

A FEW WORDS ABOUT VARIETIES.

The small, early peas, such as Alaska and First and Best, are valuable principally because of their **earliness and hardiness**. They can be sown while some frost is still in the ground, while if the larger and sweeter peas were sown at the same time the seed would rot.

To get peas as early as possible, Alaska, or First and Best should be sown as soon as the frost is out of the ground. For family use, however, it is better to wait a little and sow **Surprise**, which is as early as Alaska, and of far better quality. To follow these closely **Nott's Excelsior** or **Sutton's Excelsior** are best, as they are very early and of fine quality and prolific. A little later than these, come **Duke of Albany**, **Telephone**, and **Heroine**, and many other fine varieties with large pod and of very fine quality. For very late, **New Queen** is best. The New Queen is especially fine, having very large pods and peas of the finest quality, and continue to bear very late, but is not quite as prolific as Juno.

These varieties all sown at the same time (except Alaska and Amer, which should be sown earlier), will give a continuous supply of the finest peas for a long time. By sowing some Heroine or Dwarf Champion two or three weeks later, the season may be prolonged still further.



HEROINE PEA.

QUANTITY TO SOW. Very few people sow enough peas. For a family of five or six people, the following quantities should be sown to furnish a liberal quantity nearly every day: 1 qt. Alaska or Surprise, for first early; 2 qts. Nott's Excelsior or Sutton's Excelsior; 1 qt. Duke of Albany, Alderman or Telephone; 1 qt. Heroine; 1 qt. New Queen.

SOME PEAS OF SPECIAL MERIT.

Surprise or Eclipse. This is the **earliest sweet wrinkled pea**. It is only a day or two later than Alaska, and is of **far better quality**. The pods are of fair size, and the vines are very prolific. One of the very best early peas, and we highly recommend it for family use. **See price next page.**

Alderman. A new and very fine Pea for main crop. The pods resemble Telephone, but are **larger, deeper green** and better filled, while the vines are of more robust growth and more prolific. It is really an **improved Telephone**. **See price next page.**

Sutton's Excelsior. The best early dwarf pea we know of. Much like the well-known Nott's Excelsior, but has **larger pods**, vines grow a little larger and are **more prolific**, but the peas mature a day or two later. Valuable for either home use or market. The vines need no support. Those who want a dwarf pea that is **early and prolific**, with **large pods** and peas of **high quality**, will do well to use this variety.

Nott's Excelsior. The earliest dwarf pea. Plant grows only about a foot high and needs no support. Pods are of good size and well filled, and the quality of the pea is delicious. One of the best for home use and market.

Heroine. This is one of the very best late, or main crop, peas either for home use or market. The pods are immense, being 5 to 6 in. long, and the peas are large, deep green and of delicious sweetness and flavor. The vines grow about 3 ft. high, and produce large crops of their immense pods. This variety should be better known and more largely planted. **See price next page.**

New Queen. This is the best **very late** variety we know of. It is valuable to prolong the season for green peas. Everyone should sow some for home use. The pods are very large, and the peas are of the **finest quality**. **See price next page.**

Long Island Mammoth. One of the most profitable peas for market. Although not of as fine quality as Telephone and some other kinds, yet the pods are so large and the peas of such good green color, that they sell well in nearly all markets. It is a hardy variety and can be sown early without danger of the seed rotting, so that the peas mature for market earlier than Telephone which cannot be sown so early. The vines are vigorous growers and produce large crops of immense pods. **See price next page.**

PEAS—EARLY VARIETIES.

Alaska. The earliest. Pods of medium size, well filled.....
SURPRISE, or Eclipse. Earliest sweet wrinkled pea.....
AMEER. Early, large pods. A profitable market variety.....
THOMAS LAXTON. Very early, large pods, profitable for market. More prolific than Gradus.....
First and Best, or Earliest of All. A fine strain of extra early peas.....
SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR. Larger than Nott's. See previous page.....
NOTT'S EXCELSIOR. Earliest dwarf pea. See previous page.....
GRADUS, or "Prosperity." Early, large pods, finest quality.....
McLean's Little Gem. An early dwarf pea, growing 15 in. high.....
Premium Gem. A fine strain of Little Gem, early and prolific.....
American Wonder. Formerly considered the earliest dwarf pea, but it has been largely superseded by Nott's Excelsior.

MEDIUM AND LATE VARIETIES.

Prince Edward (New)— very fine. See description page 10...
CARTER'S DAISY, or Dwarf Telephone. Grows 18 in. high and has pods of the **largest size** and peas of the **finest quality**. The best **dwarf** medium late pea.....
NEW DWARF CHAMPION. Like Champion of England, but vines do not grow so tall (2 ft.) Quality very fine.....
Horsford's Market Garden. Valuable for market or home use. Grows 2 ft. high, is very productive and of finest quality. Pods of medium size.....
DUKE OF ALBANY, or American Champion. Very fine, large pods and peas of finest quality. Much like Telephone, but better.....
ALDERMAN. An improved Telephone. See description above.....
HEROINE. One of the very best late kinds. Very long pods well filled with deliciously sweet, dark green peas, 3 ft. tall.....
TELEPHONE. A pea of **finest quality**, sweet and delicious. Grows 3 to 4 ft. tall with pods of the largest size. Our stock of these peas is exceptionally fine, far superior to ordinary Telephone.....
Long Island Mammoth, or Telegraph. Large pods, hardy and prolific. We have a very fine improved strain.....
McLean's Advancer. A very prolific second early variety. 2½ feet.....
JUNO. Very prolific, large pods. One of the best kinds for main crop.....
NEW QUEEN. Finest large very late pea. Vines 4 ft. high...
Champion of England. The standard for quality. Grows 4 to 5 feet tall, very prolific, and still one of the best late peas...
Improved Stratagem. A very large fine pea, growing about 20 inches tall, strong and stocky. Late.....
Yorkshire Hero. Bears large, well filled pods, on stocky, vigorous vines. A first-class late pea. 1½ ft. tall.....
Dwarf White Marrowfat. Does not grow quite as tall as the old Marrowfat.....
Large White Marrowfat. Very popular for many years.....
Mammoth Melting Sugar. Edible pods. The largest and finest of this class; vines grow tall and are very prolific

	By Mail			By Express			
	½ Pt.	Pint	Quart	Pint	Quart	4 Qts.	Peck
\$0 14	\$0 25	\$0 45	\$0 17	\$0 20	\$1 00	\$1 90	
14	25	45	15	30	1 00	1 90	
14	25	45	15	30	1 10	2 00	
15	25	50	20	35	1 25	2 40	
12	20	40	15	25	90	1 70	
14	25	45	17	30	1 00	1 90	
14	25	45	17	30	1 00	1 90	
15	25	50	20	35	1 25	2 40	
13	23	40	15	25	90	1 75	
13	23	40	15	25	90	1 75	
14	25	45	17	30	90	1 70	
15	25	50	20	35	1 20	2 30	
15	25	50	20	35	1 15	2 20	
14	23	45	15	30	1 10	2 00	
14	25	45	17	30	95	1 85	
15	25	50	20	35	1 10	2 10	
15	25	50	20	35	1 15	2 20	
13	23	40	15	25	80	1 50	
14	25	50	20	35	1 10	2 10	
12	22	40	15	25	75	1 40	
12	22	40	15	25	95	1 80	
12	22	40	15	25	95	1 80	
12	22	40	15	25	90	1 75	
12	22	40	15	25	80	1 50	
14	25	50	20	35	1 10	2 10	
13	22	40	15	25	90	1 70	
10	18	30	10	15	50	90	
10	18	30	10	15	50	90	
14	25	40	17	30	90	1 70	

For prices in larger quantities see our Market Gardeners' Wholesale Price List.

PUMPKINS.

CALHOUN PUMPKIN. This is one of the best pumpkins for pies we have ever grown. It does not grow very large, but the flesh is often **three inches thick and very solid**, so much so, that it does not require boiling down like other pumpkins. They are round, ribbed, and of light cream color. The flesh is thick, sweet, and fine grained and the vines very prolific. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

WINTER LUXURY, or Improved Sugar Pumpkin. Grows a little larger than the Small Sugar, and the fruit is without ribs, but netted, like a musk melon. The flesh is thick and of very fine quality, and they can be used well into the winter. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 65c.**

Large Cheese. Fine grained and sweet. Large fruit, mottled light green and yellow. The best variety for the South. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; ¼ lb. 15c; lb. 55c.**

MAMMOTH POTIRON (also called "King of Mammoths" and "Jumbo.") **The largest pumpkin grown**, often weighing 200 pounds. Salmon colored skin, flesh thick and of good quality. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; ¼ lb. 25; lb. 85c.**

CONNECTICUT FIELD, or "Big Tom." The common large yellow pumpkin; the best to grow among corn for stock feeding or pies. Our strain of this variety is very fine, and produces the largest and handsomest pumpkins. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; ¼ lb. 13c; lb. 35c.** By express, **25c per lb., 5 lbs. at 20c per lb.**

Small Sugar. Small yellow pumpkins, ribbed and flattened at the ends. They have good thick sweet flesh that is excellent for pies. There is always a good demand for these pumpkins in market, and as the vines are very prolific they are a profitable crop. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 18c; lb. 55c.**

Radish.

One ounce of seed will sow 75 to 100 feet of row.

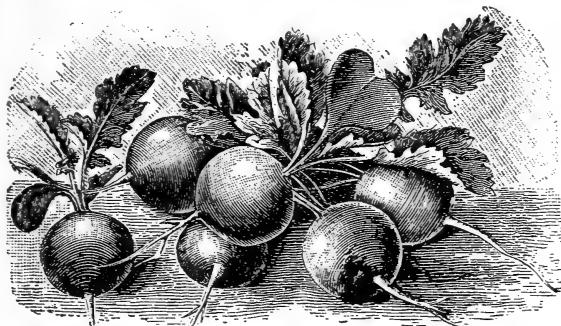
For sowing in frames or greenhouses Early Scarlet Globe is the most popular variety. It is also good for sowing in the open ground. Very fine radishes can be grown in the open ground by sowing the seed late in the summer. At this time the maggots do not trouble them, and they grow large and smooth in the cool fall weather.

Crimson Giant Globe. A new forcing radish that grows much larger than other kinds without becoming hollow or pithy. It can be allowed to grow to twice the size of the other early kinds and still retain its fine quality, being solid and crisp. The radishes are globe-shaped, bright red, and have small tops. It grows with great rapidity, and gets large enough to use as early as any kind, but in order to attain its full size it should be allowed to grow a little longer. The radishes are of fine globe-shape and of a bright attractive color, while the flesh is pure white, mild, and of best quality. Gardeners will find this a profitable kind for forcing, as its large size and handsome appearance make it sell at a premium in any market. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 65c, postpaid.**

Early Scarlet Globe. Called also "Red Rocket," "Star-tie," or "20 Days." A very early globe-shaped radish, suitable for forcing or open ground. The radishes are of a handsome shape, attractive bright red, and are crisp, solid, and of the finest quality. They grow so rapidly, that under favorable circumstances they may be pulled 20 days from sowing the seed. This is the most popular variety for forcing. Our seed is of the very finest strain, all French grown, and will be found unsurpassed. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 55c. By express, 45c per lb.**

EARLIEST SCARLET WHITE-TIPPED. Also called "Rosy Gem" and "Rapid Forcing." This is the same as the earliest Scarlet Forcing, except that each radish is tipped with white, making them very handsome when bunched or on the table. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c. By express, 50c per lb.**

EARLIEST SCARLET GLOBE SHORTLEAF. Grows more oval in shape than the Early Scarlet Globe, and is very popular for forcing. It is the finest and earliest strain of olive-shaped radish grown, no matter under what name it is sold. It has very short leaves, and makes a remarkably rapid growth, and is not hollow or pithy. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 65c. By express, 55c per lb.**



EARLIEST SCARLET FORCING RADISH

EARLIEST SCARLET FORCING. Called also "Scarlet Button" and "Dark Red Ball." This is the best and earliest round or turnip-shaped radish for forcing or open ground. It grows as round as a ball, with very short leaves, and is of a deep scarlet color. It grows with great rapidity, often getting large enough to pull in 18 days from sowing the seed. This radish is very popular for forcing and open ground, and our strain will be found unsurpassed. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 55c. By express, 45c per lb.; 5 lbs. at 42c per lb.**

FELTON'S IMPROVED WHITE BOX. A magnificent large, rapid-growing, white radish. Very handsome and attractive

in appearance, solid and of best quality. This radish is as round as a ball, with small root and tops, and has pure white skin. It is the best white radish for forcing or outdoor culture. This strain is much superior to the Philadelphia White Box radish, as it has smaller tops and matures earlier. Although not as early as some of the small red varieties, it is so large and handsome, that it brings the highest price in market. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c. By express, 75c. per lb.**

ICICLE. This new white radish grows with remarkable rapidity, and is valuable for forcing as well as for open ground. The radishes are long, straight, pure white, and about the same size nearly the whole length. This radish is earlier than White Vienna or Lady Finger, and is of very fine quality. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c, postpaid. By express, 50c. per lb.**

PRICE of the following varieties: **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c. By express, 50c. per lb.**

Long Scarlet Short-Top. Grows 6 to 8 inches long; is straight, smooth and bright scarlet, and one of the best quality.

CHARTIER. The best long radish. Larger around than above, and not quite so long. Smooth, straight, bright red, with white tip. Very handsome and of fine quality. Remains for a long time before getting stringy.

New Golden Yellow. These bright golden yellow radishes are a pleasant contrast to the common red and white varieties, while the quality is equally good. The radishes grow very rapidly and can be used for forcing or to grow in the open ground.

Wood's Early Frame. The best long red radish for forcing.

French Breakfast. Olive-shaped, with white tip; crisp and tender.

Round White Turnip. Early round white variety.

White Strasburg. A first-class long white radish for summer use; will remain crisp and tender even when very large.



ICICLE RADISH.

Winter Radishes.

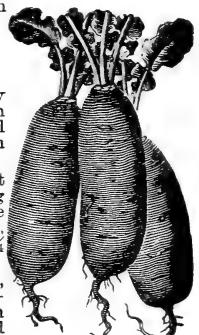
These varieties should be sown in July and August. They do not succeed if sown in the spring. They are excellent for fall and winter use, and will keep a long time in sand in the cellar.

CHINESE ROSE. One of the very best varieties. Roots five or six inches long and two inches in diameter. Bright rose color; flesh white, crisp, and of mild, delicate flavor. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 55c.**

Long Black Spanish. A long, smooth, radish, nearly the same size at the bottom as at the top, and of dark brown color, nearly black. Flesh white and solid. Popular in market. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 55c.**

Black Spanish Turnip. Similar to the above except in shape, which is short and round like a turnip. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 18c; lb. 50c.**

California Mammoth White. Very large; pure white, roots long, straight and smooth. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.**



CHINESE ROSE.

RHUBARB or Pieplant.

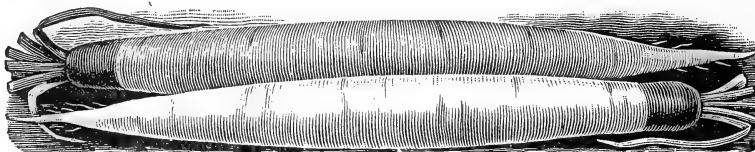
The roots can be raised from seed sown in the spring, and are ready to transplant to the permanent bed the next spring. The seed must be sown in fine, rich soil, and the seedlings must have good care.

Myatt's Linnaeus. The earliest and best variety. The stalks grow very large, often two inches wide, and are light green and scarlet. Seed of our own growing from very fine plants. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00. By express 90c per lb.**

RHUBARB ROOTS of above variety. By mail, one-year roots, 15c each; 6 for 75c. By express, one-year roots, 8c each; 75c per doz.; two-year roots, 12c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$5.00 per 100.

SALSIFY, or VEGETABLE OYSTER.

One ounce will sow 70 feet of row; 8 to 10 pounds per acre.



MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND SALSIFY

One ounce of seed of summer varieties will plant 35 hills;

Squash.

an ounce of winter varieties will plant 20 hills; 3 or 4 pounds of seed per acre.

SUMMER VARIETIES.

NEW GIANT CROOKNECK. This improved strain of the old Yellow Summer Crookneck Squash is as early as that variety, while the fruit grows nearly **twice the size**. The squashes are deep golden yellow, and very warty. Vines grow longer than the old smaller variety. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 65c.**

Early Bush Crookneck. The old popular Yellow Crookneck Squash. The vines grow only two feet long, so can be planted near together. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.**

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOP. The fruit is round, pure white and scalloped around the edges. This squash is of excellent quality for summer use. Our strain is the improved Mammoth, which is much larger than the old kind and equally early. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 70c.**

Early Yellow Bush Scallop. The same as White Bush Scallop described above, except that the fruit is yellow and has yellow flesh. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 70c.**

FALL AND WINTER VARIETIES.

BOSTON MARROW. An excellent fall squash, well known and popular in market. Fruit of good size, deep orange yellow, and with thick flesh of the best quality. We have a very fine, pure strain. There is no squash better for fall and early winter use. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 70c.**

ESSEX HYBRID. A very sweet, fine-grained and high-flavored squash. Flesh very thick, deep yellow and firm. Fruit is round, ribbed, and flattened at the ends, and of a deep orange color. Will keep all winter. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 70c.**



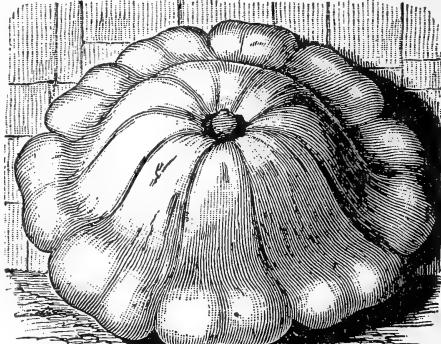
THE DELICIOUS SQUASH (Photograph.)

Hubbard. **TRUE ORIGINAL STRAIN.** There is no finer winter squash than a **true** Hubbard of the old original type. But there has been a great deal of seed sold of inferior strains which have not the fine quality of the old type. We are therefore glad to be able to offer some seed of a **very fine strain** of the old stock, which will be found excellent in every way. The fruit grows to a good, large size, yet is heavy and of **extra fine quality**, cooking dry and without any stringiness; the color is even **dark green**, no light colored or striped fruit. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 80c.** By express, **70c per lb.**

GOLDEN HUBBARD. Like the true Hubbard, except that the fruit is of a deep orange-red, making it very attractive in appearance, and it is of very fine quality. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 90c.** By express, **80c per lb.**

Salsify is as easily grown as parsnips, and is more delicate and finely flavored. It is used in the fall and winter and early spring, when there are few other vegetables, and will be very welcome on every table. Do not think of omitting it from your garden. The seed should be sown in May.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND. An improved variety that grows **very large**, often measuring four to five inches around, and of the **best quality**. Our seed is of an extra large and fine strain. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.** By express, **90c per lb.**



MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH SCALLOP.

Delicious. This is the finest flavored winter squash we know of. It is so dry and fine-grained that it resembles a good sweet potato more than ordinary squash. The fruit is not quite as large as Hubbard, but is very heavy, and is of far better quality than that variety, being **drier, richer and sweeter**. Gardeners find it profitable for market where good quality is appreciated. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 90c, postpaid.** By express, **80c. per lb.**

IMPROVED WARTED HUBBARD. This strain of Hubbard squash produces **very large** fruit covered with warts, and of dark green color. Sells well in market, as the fruit is **very handsome** and of the **largest size**, but it is not of as fine quality as the original Hubbard. The seed we offer is a fine strain of the true Chicago Warted Hubbard. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 80c.** By express, **70c per lb.**

Fordhook. A squash that can be used both summer and winter. It can be eaten green like the Crookneck, which it surpasses in quality, or, when left to ripen, can be used all winter for baking or for pies, as it keeps remarkably well. The squashes are of medium size, oblong, nearly smooth and of a cream color. Flesh is thick, light yellow, and of good quality. Vines make a vigorous growth and are **very prolific**. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

Prolific or Early Orange Marrow. Fruit deep orange color, with thick yellow flesh of the finest quality. It is very similar to Boston Marrow. One of the finest squashes for fall or winter use. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 70c.**

Marblehead. Fruit light green, smooth, and of medium size. Flesh thick, yellow, and cooks dry, and is of the finest quality. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 85c.**

Deduct 10 cents per pound if seed is to be sent by express or freight.

Spinach.

One ounce of seed will sow 75 feet of row. It requires about 15 pounds of seed per acre.

Spinach should be sown as early as possible in the spring. It will be ready for use in four or five weeks after sowing. For fall use, and to winter over, sow the seed about September 1st, in this latitude.

New "Long Season" Spinach.

This new Spinach stands longer without running to seed than any other kind. The leaves are very thick and dark green—much deeper in color than other kinds. The plants resemble the Savoy Leaf in appearance, but is darker green, and stands much longer. This is a very fine new variety, and we highly recommend it for both market and the home garden. Those who have had spinach run up to seed just as it got large enough to use will appreciate this new kind which will stand much longer than any of the older varieties, and give nice fresh greens long after other kinds have become useless. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12c; lb. 30c, postpaid. By express, 20c. per lb.

NORFOLK SAVOY-LEAVED, (also called **Bloomsdale**.) A very handsome variety, with curled or blistered leaves like a Savoy cabbage. Quality the very best; very hardy and excellent for fall sowing and to winter over. Our strain of this variety is exceptionally fine. **Price same as above.**

Large Thick-Leaf VIROFLAY. Very large, thick, pointed leaves of good quality. Grows more rapidly than other kinds, so can be used earlier. Plant makes a more upright growth than Long Standing. **Price same as Victoria.**

LONG STANDING, (Enkhuizen strain.) Leaves large, thick, round, dark green and of fine quality. The strain we offer, grown at Enkhuizen, Holland, is exceptionally fine. The leaves are larger and thicker, and the plants remain longer without running to seed than the ordinary Long Standing. **Price same as Victoria.**

VICTORIA. The great value of this spinach is its habit of remaining a long time in good edible condition without going to seed. It is especially valuable on this account for spring sowing. The leaves are round, thick, broad, dark green, and somewhat curled, and are of the best quality. It stands well without running to seed, and is therefore valuable for spring sowing. It is also quite hardy, and can be sown in the fall for spring use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 12c; lb. 30c. By express, 20c. per lb; 5 lbs. or more, 15c. per lb.

MUNSTERLAND. (Prickly seed.) This is a new strain of the hardy, prickly-seeded winter spinach, which has larger leaves



than the old variety and is better in every way. This is considered the hardiest variety, and is largely used for fall sowing to winter over. **Price same as Victoria.**

NEW ZEALAND SPINACH. (*Tetragona Expansa*.) This is not a true spinach, but a plant that can be used for the same purpose. Produces an abundance of leaves on stems a foot or more in length. Will grow during hot, dry weather when other spinach would be useless, continuing to furnish nice "greens" all summer. The leaves and stems are tender and of excellent flavor. Sow the seed in May, in rows two feet apart. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 85c.

Tomatoes.

One ounce of seed will produce about 2,000 Plants.

Our Special Selected Strains.

Our Special Selected Strains. We have for years made a specialty of raising tomato seed of the best possible quality, and we think our strains of some of the new and standard varieties are as fine as can be found anywhere, and far superior to what is usually sold. The seed of these special varieties is all grown on our own farm, and the greatest care is taken to improve the stock by careful selection of the fruit from the best vines. Gardeners who wish an even crop of smooth fruit, should try our seed.

Notes on Varieties.

Of the early varieties **Earliana**, **June Pink**, **Bonny Best**, and **Chalk's Early Jewel** are decidedly the best. The only difference between Earliana and June Pink is in color. These are both earlier than Chalk's Early Jewel, but that variety colors better around the stem, where Earliana is apt to be somewhat green.

None of the very early kinds, except "Bonny Best," are of as fine quality as the best of the later varieties. Among these, the best of the dark red varieties are **Stone**, **Magnificent**, **Success** and **Maule's Enormous**. The best **pink** tomatoes for main crop are **Potomac**, **Trucker's Favorite** and **Livingston's Beauty**, of which Potomac is the earliest, and Beauty the latest. Trucker's Favorite is medium late, and has very large, smooth, handsome fruit. For canning, it is important to get a tomato that is not too acid when cooked. Stone is one of the best on this account. Success and Potomac are also excellent, being very sweet and of good color.

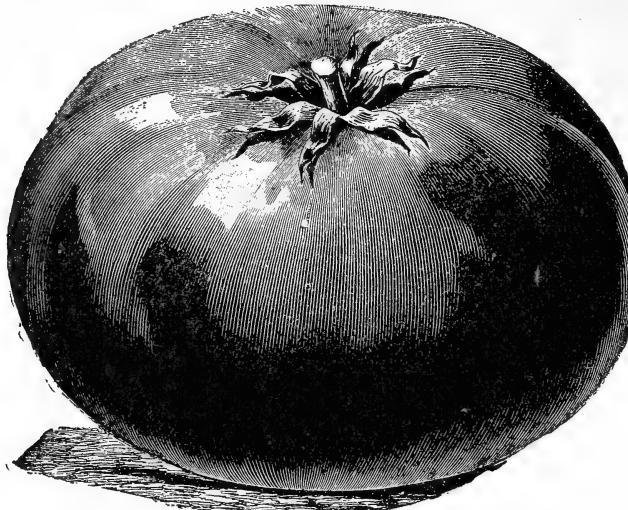
Bonny Best. A magnificent new early variety that should be largely planted for home use and market. See page 12. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.75.

Spark's Earliana. This and June Pink are the best extra early varieties without any exception. They are not only the first to ripen, but they ripen the whole crop before some of the late kinds have started to ripen at all. But what is more remarkable, the tomatoes are large, perfectly smooth and very solid, and of good, sweet flavor. Its productiveness is really remarkable. On good, rich land, the ground is literally covered with fruit. The vine makes but a moderate growth, and naturally overbears. By planting on rich land, or giving a liberal quantity of manure or fertilizer, a great increase in yield is produced. While with most varieties high manuring produces an excessive growth of vine, with the Earliana it makes

more and larger fruit, the additional growth of vine being no more than is necessary to carry the immense crop produced.

Our Seed of this variety is of our own growing, and is the genuine Spark's strain. We take great care to keep it perfectly pure and true to type, and we are confident that it is as fine a strain as can be found, no matter what price is charged for the seed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 85c; lb. \$3.25, postpaid.

June Pink. This is decidedly the best extra early pink tomato. It is practically the same as Earliana, except in color, which is of a deep pink, like Livingston's Beauty. As pink tomatoes sell best in some markets, this new variety will be welcomed by gardeners. The vines are rather more vigorous than those of the Earliana, and the fruit colors better around the stem. We offer a very fine selected strain, which will be found unequalled. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.75.



SUCCESS TOMATO.

Chalk's Early Jewel. This new tomato is not quite as early as Earliana, but is of better shape and color. The fruit is **smooth and regular** and of **larger size, solid** and of **fine quality**. The color is a deep red, with no green around the stem. The vines are very prolific, and the fruit ripens **early**, so that the whole crop matures before frost. One of the very best medium early kinds for home use or market. Seed of our own raising and of a special selected strain, far superior to the seed ordinarily raised. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 80c; lb. \$3.00.**

Stone. This is certainly one of the very best large late tomatoes for market, home use or canning. There is a good deal of inferior seed of this variety sold, but we have a strain of our own growing that produces magnificent large smooth tomatoes that are of **deep scarlet** color and **very solid**, and of **fine quality**, free from acidity. There is no finer tomato for canning. We have not found any similar tomato quite equal to our strain of Stone. Where earliness is not especially desired, this tomato will meet all the requirements of the most critical growers. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.**

SUCCESS TOMATO.

The Best Main Crop Deep Red Variety for Home Use or Market.

Those who want a deep red, smooth, handsome tomato of good size, either for market, table use or canning will find the "Success" all that can be desired.

It is medium early—not as late as Stone. The fruit is **very solid, smooth** and **colored right up to the stem** with no green tinge. **Does not crack** and is usually entirely free from black rot.

We have taken great pains with our strain of this tomato and think we have greatly improved it. We have harvested a good crop of seed this season and can recommend it to all who want the finest, smoothest and best flavored tomatoes.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 80c; lb. \$3.00.

New Dwarf Stone. Plants grow dwarf and stocky, like those of Dwarf Champion, and can be set out close together. The fruit is like Stone, large, solid, and deep red, and of fine quality. The vines are remarkably prolific, the large, smooth fruit hanging in perfect masses on the plants. Ripens a little earlier than Stone. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.80.**

Trucker's Favorite. Very large, smooth and handsome, and one of the very best pink or purple-fruited tomatoes. Not as late as Livingston's Beauty, but more solid and of finer quality. Vines vigorous, healthy and productive. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 70c; lb. \$2.50.**

Potomac. We introduced this tomato a number of years ago, and it has given great satisfaction. The fruit is **large, smooth** and **very solid**, with but few seeds. The color is **pink**, like Beauty and Acme. Where a pink tomato is wanted the Potomac will be found a most profitable market variety. It is medium early and **remarkably prolific**, the vines being covered with fruit. It is also one of the very best for home use, as the quality is very superior. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.70.**

TOMATOES—Packets of any of the following kinds 5 cents.

	Oz.	¼ lb.	Lb.
IMPERIAL. Large, smooth, pink tomatoes of fine quality and ripen early.....	\$0 18	\$0 60	\$2 25
MAULE'S ENORMOUS. The largest smooth tomato. Bright red, smooth and handsome and very large . It is of rather coarse texture, but still of good quality, and it is so large and handsome that many people prefer it to smaller kinds.....	30	90	3 50
MAGNIFICENT. Large, smooth, deep red, fine quality, and one of the best.....	30	85	3 00
MONTEREY PONDEROSA. Immense tomatoes, fairly smooth and very solid. A good variety for private gardens.....	30	90	3 50
NEW GLOBE. One of Livingston's new tomatoes. The fruit is as round as an apple and is firm and of fine quality; color deep pink.....	25	75	2 60
Livingston's Magnus. A "potato-leaved" variety, quite distinct, and a valuable tomato on account of its large size and fine quality. Fruit large, smooth and deep pink.....	20	65	2 25
DWARF CHAMPION. The vines are stocky and do not spread like other kinds, so they can be set close together and very large yields are obtained. Fruit is of medium size, very smooth and of an attractive pink color.....	20	65	2 25
Livingston's Beauty. Very fine, large, perfectly smooth and very handsome tomatoes of a deep pink color. One of the best market varieties, but ripens rather late.....	18	60	2 20
IGNOTUM. Very large, solid and smooth, deep red and of fine quality.....	18	65	2 25
Livingston's Favorite. Deep red, large and smooth.....	18	60	2 20
Paragon. Deep red, large and solid. Fine for canning and market.....	18	60	2 20
New Peach. Fruit is small reddish yellow, diffused with bright red and much resembles a peach. It is of very sweet, pleasant flavor.....	30	85	...
Red Cherry. Very small round red tomatoes that are used to serve whole in salads.....	30	85	...
YELLOW VARIETIES.			
Golden Queen. The best yellow tomato. Large, smooth and of fine quality.....	20	70	...
Yellow Plum. Small, plum-shaped, bright yellow fruit, fine for preserves.....	30	85	...
Ground Cherry, or Husk Tomato. (Also called Strawberry, or Winter Cherry.) Small yellow fruit, inclosed in a husk. It is of peculiar flavor and is used for preserves.....	25	75	...

One ounce of seed will sow
200 feet of row.

Turnips.

It requires from 2 to 3 lbs. of seed per acre in
drills, or 1 or 1 1/2 lbs. broadcast.

EARLY PURPLE-TOP MILAN. This is the earliest variety in cultivation. The bulbs are clear white, smooth and handsome with purple top, and much resemble the Purple-Top Strap-Leaf, but grows even faster than that variety, and are ready two weeks earlier. Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 18c; lb. 60c. By express, 50c per lb.

White Flat Dutch. Very early, pure white, and of good quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 45c.

White Egg. An oval or globe-shaped white turnip, with pure white skin and fine table qualities. It is popular in market and fine for home use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 45c. By express, 35c per lb.

PURPLE-TOP STRAP-LEAF. The favorite variety for summer and autumn use. Turnips flat, clear white, with purple top. Grows very rapidly and is of fine quality. Seed sown in July and August produces fine large turnips in the fall. We have a fine strain. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c. By express, 30c per lb, 5 lbs. 25c per lb.

RED TOP WHITE GLOBE. Large, pure white, globe-shaped, with purplish red top. Very handsome, heavy yielder and early. A profitable turnip for market and excellent for table use. This turnip is the same as the Purple-Top Strap-Leaf, except that it is globe-shaped instead of flat, and requires a little more time to grow. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c. By express, 30c per lb.

GOLDEN BALL. A handsome, early, yellow turnip, as round as a ball, with smooth, golden yellow skin, and fine-grained flesh. Not quite as early as Strap-Leaf. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 45c. By express, 35c per lb.

Cow Horn. A long, white turnip, largely used for stock feeding, as it yields very large crops. It is also of first-class quality for table use. It is a rapid grower, and can be sown late. Often sown in corn fields after last cultivating. The turnips grow more than half above ground and are easily pulled. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 45c. By express, 35c per lb; 5 lbs. or more, 32c per lb.

Yellow Stone. A yellow turnip of good quality, fine-grained. Grows to a good size and keeps well. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 45c. By express, 35c per lb.

Yellow Aberdeen. A large, globe-shaped yellow turnip with purple top. Fine for use in the fall or early winter, or for stock feeding. A heavy cropper. The seed should be sown the last of June for fall use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c. By express, 30c per lb.

Ruta Bagas or Swede Turnips.

NEW WHITE SHORT TOP. This is a very handsome, white Ruta Bagas, with remarkably short tops and no "neck." Turnips are light green on top and pure white on the bottom, and grow to a good size, and are of fine quality. This is the best White Swede Turnip we know of. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb; 18c; lb. 60c. By express, 50c per lb.

BREADSTONE. When well grown, this is a very fine table turnip. When cooked, it is almost as dry and sweet as a good squash. It belongs to the Ruta Bagas or Swede Turnip class, but is smaller and earlier than the ordinary Ruta Bagas. The seed should be sown the first part of July. If sown early the turnips get hard and coarse, and are not good for table use.

TOBACCO.

Connecticut Seed Leaf. The most popular variety for the Northern states. Very hardy. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c.

Sterling. Early and valuable for the North. Color bright yellow, and of the finest quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

Havana. The finest Cuban tobacco, so famous for cigars. Leaf thin, and used principally for cigar wrappers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c.

AROMATIC AND SWEET HERBS.

BASIL. Used for flavoring soups and sauces. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.

BORAGE. Sow seed in the spring in the open ground. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.

CARAWAY. Sow in spring or fall. Very easily grown. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c.

CORIANDER. The young green leaves are used for flavoring soups, salads, etc. Sow in the spring in the open ground. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c.

DILL. Used for flavoring cucumber pickles, etc. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 25c.

FENNEL. The leaves are used for flavoring. Easily raised. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 30c.

LAVENDER. Used for its perfume. It is a hardy plant, and will last for years. The seed is slow to germinate and people often fail to get it to start. It should be covered very little if at all. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c.

SAGE, Broad-Leaved. When once started will last for years. Should be in every garden. Sow in the open ground and thin the plants to four or five inches apart. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.20.

It is in good edible condition in November, and will keep perfectly fresh and good all winter. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 50c. By express, 40c per lb.

IMPERIAL PURPLE-TOP, Long Island Improved. This is a fine strain of yellow purple-top Ruta Bagas, having smooth, handsome bulbs of good quality. The turnips are almost perfectly round, smooth, and bright yellow, with purple top. Our seed will be found very fine. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c. By express, 30c per lb; 5 lbs. at 28c per lb.

White Sweet or French. A globe-shaped white Ruta Bagas with green top, and of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 7c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 45c. By express, 35c per lb.

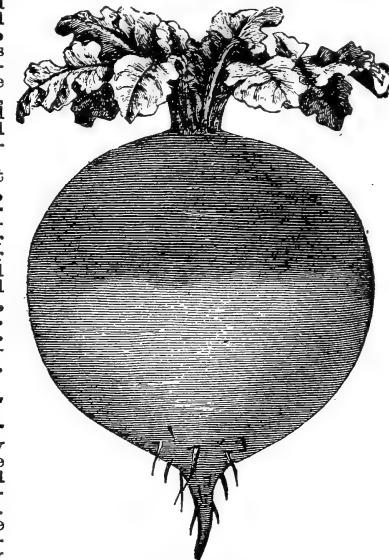
Perfection Selected Swede. This is a large purple-top yellow Ruta Bagas, that is especially recommended for stock feeding. The roots grow very large, perfectly round, have very small side roots, and practically no neck. The tops are small compared with the size of the roots, which grow well out of the ground and are easily harvested.

Those who want to raise large, smooth, handsome Swede Turnips either for stock feeding or market, should try this selected strain. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 18c; lb. 60c. postpaid. By express, 50c per lb.

Hall's Westbury (selected).

This is a very finely bred Swede Turnip, intended for table use, market and shipping. It grows to a nice size for this purpose, and is very smooth and handsome and of excellent quality. The

turnips have purple tops and yellow flesh. This strain is so carefully selected that practically every turnip is of perfect shape, with no neck and very small roots. For those who want a handsome medium sized turnip for table use or market, this variety is unsurpassed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 65c, postpaid. By express, 55c per lb.



PERFECTION SELECTED
SWEDE TURNIP.

ROSEMARY. A perennial that will last for years when once started. Sow in the spring in the open ground where the plants are to remain. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

SUMMER SAVORY. Easily grown by sowing seed in the open ground in the spring. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1/4 lb. 30c.

SWEET MAJORMAM. Very valuable for seasoning dressing for poultry, imparting a very agreeable and pleasant flavor. Easily grown from seed. Cultivate like Sage. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c.

THYME. Start the seed in a box in the house or hotbed, and set out the plants when the ground is warm. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

WORMWOOD. A medical herb used largely for planting in poultry yards for chickens to feed on. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c.

Holt's Mammoth Sage. This variety of Sage does not seed, so we can offer only the plants. The leaves grow much larger than the common Sage, and are of superior quality. The plants are perfectly hardy and will stand the winter without protection. They make a very large growth, a single plant spreading out two or three feet across. By far the best Sage for all purposes. Plants sent by mail postpaid, 3 plants 45c; 10 plants \$1.25. By express, 12c each; \$1.20 per doz.

Seed Potatoes.

Grown on Our Own Farm—Pure and Free from Disease.

High Quality Seed Potatoes.

find that early varieties must be planted late in order to get the best seed. The earliest kinds planted in June produce good crops of sound, healthy potatoes, that do not mature until cool weather in the fall, and are therefore far superior for seed to those that mature in the summer. We have the finest lot of choice seed potatoes this season we ever put in our cellar. They are smooth, healthy stock, practically free from scab.

To Prevent Blight, Scab and Rot. Our seed potatoes are treated with formalin before planting to kill the scab germs, and the vines are thoroughly sprayed to prevent blight and rot.

It is Important to get seed from crops that are healthy, as the germs of disease are carried in the seed and will cause trouble if the weather should be favorable to rot or blight.

Potatoes Shipped in Sacks. We can ship potatoes in sacks holding the same quantity as barrels (165 lbs.) at 25 cents less than barrels. In ordering please state which you want.

Low Freight Rates. We can ship by Pennsylvania, Erie, Lehigh Valley and B. R. & P. Railroads from Rochester, which gives lowest freight rates and quick delivery to all points. Shipments on the New York Central lines are made from Coldwater.

Shipping Season. It is usually safe to ship potatoes from here about March 20. We can ship earlier in paper-lined barrels, if our customers wish us to do so, with little risk, but we will not hold ourselves responsible for loss by freezing if the potatoes are ordered sent earlier than in our judgment it is safe to ship them.

Potatoes Shipped by Mail. We will send any varieties named in this catalogue, except where otherwise priced, by mail or express, prepaid at **25c per lb. or 3 lbs. for 65c.**

"Second Size" Seed. We offer a few second size seed potatoes of most varieties. These potatoes are from the size of a hen's egg to a little smaller, and make nice seed to plant whole or cut once in two. They are nice smooth potatoes. **See prices under varieties.**

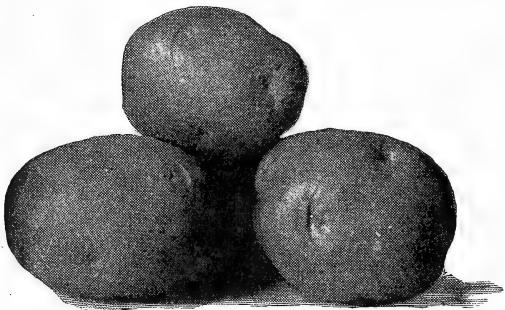
We furnish $\frac{1}{2}$ pecks and $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels at peck and bushel rates. We will put two varieties in a barrel without extra charge, but we cannot do so when shipped in sacks.

Barrels and sacks contain 165 pounds of potatoes.

Prices. The prices quoted here are subject to change without notice. The price of seed potatoes of ordinary varieties is governed largely by the market price of eating potatoes. Should the market for eating potatoes advance very much from those prevailing at this date (Dec. 1st) we shall be obliged to advance our prices. But on the other hand should potatoes decline in price we will quote lower prices for seed stock than is given in this catalogue. **Please write for prices** if you want three barrels or more. Orders for smaller quantities will be filled at our catalogue price as long as our stock lasts.

ORDER EARLY. We always run out of some varieties of early potatoes before planting time, so to be sure to get what you want order early. Freight and express charges are to be paid by the purchaser. We will book orders at any time and ship the potatoes when safe to do so.

EARLY VARIETIES OF POTATOES.



NOROTON BEAUTY.

Early Puritan. One of the very best early white varieties. The potatoes are oval in shape, smooth, white, and have shallow eyes. Matures very early and yields well. The quality is fine. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; bbl. \$3.85; sack \$3.60; 2d size \$3.45 per bbl. or \$3.20 per sack.**

Early May. One of the very earliest varieties. The potatoes are light red, oval to long, and have shallow eyes and are of the best quality. The Early May is the largest yielding extra early kind we know of. Some other kinds yield as much or more, but they are not as early. The demand for this potato has always been large, and we have never had enough to fill all our orders. We have an exceptionally fine crop this year, and have a good stock of nice smooth seed. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; bbl. \$3.85; sack \$3.60; 2d size \$3.45 per bbl. or \$3.20 per sack.**

Early Harvest. A very early long, white potato of fine quality. Has long been considered one of the very best early white potatoes. Yields well and is very early. We highly recommend it. **Price same as Irish Cobbler.**

Early Ohio. Has long been one of the most popular early potatoes. Extra early and a fair yielder. Tops small and die down early so other crops can be planted on the land to follow the potato. We have some nice, clean, pure stock. **Price same as Irish Cobbler.**

Early Norther. Like Early Rose, but earlier. A good yielder. Medium long, light red, shallow eyes, and of fine quality. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50; barrel \$3.50; sack \$3.25; 2d size \$2.85 per sack.**

Bovee. This is one of the largest yielding early kinds. The potatoes are oblong, white, shaded with light pink in spots, and resemble the Beauty of Hebron, but mature earlier, and yield better than that good old variety. The vines make a low spreading growth, and produce a good many potatoes in a hill, which, if the land is good, mature nearly all of the same size, and give an immense yield. We have raised very large crops of this variety. On good rich land probably no early variety will yield as much as Bovee. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; bbl. \$3.75; sack \$3.50.**

Noroton Beauty.

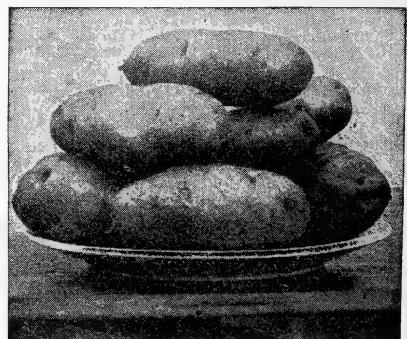
This is the **earliest** variety we know of with the possible exception of Bliss' Triumph, which it somewhat resembles in shape and color. The vines make a compact, bushy growth, and therefore the hills may be close together. The potatoes are nearly perfectly round, light pink with darker spots here and there, and have few and shallow eyes. The potatoes ripen earlier than any other variety and produce large crops on first-class land. **Price—Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; bbl. (165 lbs.) \$4.00; Sack, \$3.75.** (No 2d size.)

Quick Lunch.

So near like the Noroton Beauty that we can see no difference. **Price same as for Noroton Beauty.**

Irish Cobbler.

and of the best quality. Grows uniformly large, there being fewer small potatoes than in any other early kind. The seed we offer is exceptionally fine. The crop yielded 400 bushels per acre, which shows that the stock must be healthy and not "run out," as many people complain of their Irish Cobblers. The potatoes are clean, free from scab and rot. Maine potatoes this year are badly affected with rot, and should not be used for seed. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; bbl. \$3.85; sack \$3.60.** (No 2d size of this variety.)



EARLY MAY. (Photograph.)

Early Rose. The old and reliable Early Rose is as good as ever, and still one of the very best and largest yielding potatoes grown. Although not as early as some of the newer extra early kinds, it matures within a few days of the earliest, and yields much more. We have a fine pure strain of this old favorite. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50; bbl. \$3.50; sack \$3.25; 2d size \$3.10 per bbl. or \$2.85 per sack.**

LATE OR MAIN CROP POTATOES.

THE "MORETON." A new variety. See page 18.

Silver King. We introduced this new seedling potato two years ago, and it has made a good record for itself. It was originated by Mr. F. Payne, from a seedling of the old Peachblow. In comparative tests with older standard kinds including Rurals, Carmans, Green Mountains, etc., it proved **much superior in yield and better in quality.**

DESCRIPTION. Growth of vine remarkably vigorous from start to finish, and decidedly blight-resisting. Bloom white and stems green. Season medium late. Tubers large, white, oval in shape, and slightly flattened, with a tendency to square ends, eyes very close to surface. Skin slightly russet like the Green Mountain, which always denotes fine quality. The potatoes cook dry and mealy, and without any strong potato taste. There are usually 10 to 12 potatoes nicely spread in the hill, and deep enough to resist drought and prevent injury from frost and sunburn. Those who want a potato of first-class quality and a big yielder, should plant the Silver King. **Pk. 65c; bu. \$2.00; bbl. \$4.00; sack \$3.80.**

MR. PAYNE writes us Oct. 27, '09.

"The Silver King made a new record this season; 524 3/4 bushels to the acre by actual weight and measurement. Samples of the crop were on exhibition at our grange."

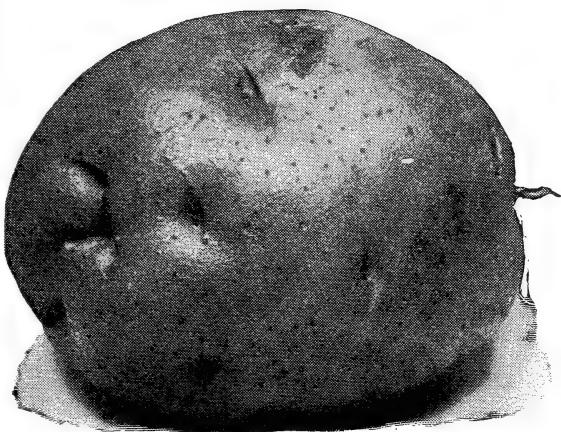
MR. H. E. BRIGGS, of Delaware Co., N. Y., writes April 12, '09:

"My crop of Silver King potatoes yielded 418 bushels per acre last year, the driest season in 44 years, and with only ordinary care."

MR. H. S. WEBBER, Waldo Co., Me., writes Oct. 25, '09:

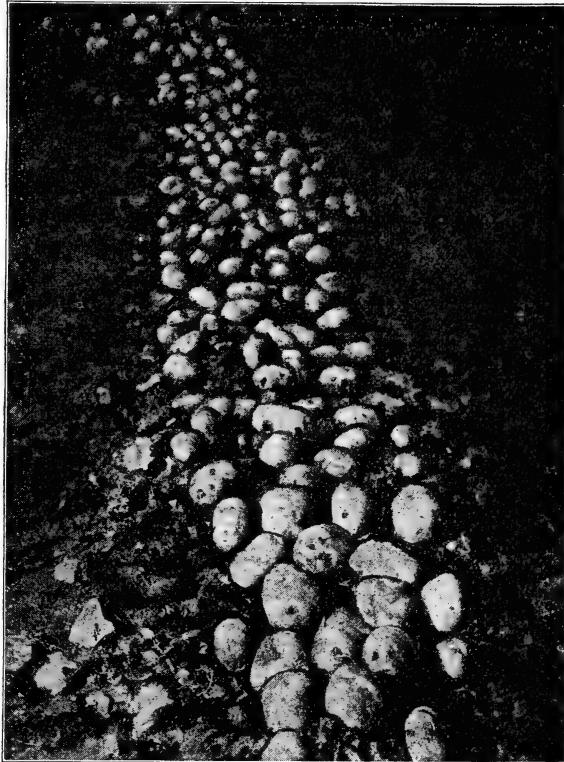
"I had some seed of Silver King potatoes of you last year. They yielded about 400 bushels per acre this season. They beat everything I have. They are large, many of them weigh two pounds and they are free from scab and rot, and fine for the table."

World's Wonder. This potato originated a few years ago in Ontario County, a few miles from here, and proved to be so good that it is now more largely grown than any other kind in that locality. Planted right along side of Rurals, Carmans and other standard kinds, it yields 40 to 50 bushels more per acre, and is less subject to blight and rot. In appearance the potato can hardly be distinguished from Carmans or Sir Walter Raleigh, and the vine is very much the same, except that it is more vigorous and healthy and stays green longer. A fine, large, smooth, round, white potato, that will please all who plant it. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50; bbl. \$3.25; sack \$3.00.**



PAN AMERICAN. (Photograph.)

Manistee. One of the best potatoes to resist blight we have ever grown. Vines remain healthy and green until the crop is matured. One of the largest yielding varieties. The potatoes are round to oval, somewhat flattened, eyes fairly shallow, color red, quality first-class. Where a red potato sells well, this will certainly be found one of the most profitable varieties. It matures about the same time as Early Rose. Price same as for Early Rose.



Photograph of a Single Row of "Silver King" Potatoes Just as Dug. Yield 409 Bushels per Acre.

Pan-American. Everyone who has raised the Pan-American speaks well of it. It does well everywhere and under conditions of soil and moisture that would result in a total failure with many other kinds. Many varieties that give good results one year will fail the next, but the Pan-American gives good yields every time; better some years than others of course, but always good for the season and soil. The potatoes are nearly round, smooth, eyes shallow and not numerous, pure white skin somewhat netted, and the **quality is fine.** The vines make a short upright growth and have purple stems and flowers. The potatoes run **uniformly large**, there being very few small ones. We highly recommend this variety, and advise our customers who want a late or main crop potato of fine quality and handsome appearance and a big yielder to plant the Pan-American.

Pk. 45c; bu. \$1.40; bbl. \$3.00; sack \$2.75. (Special price quoted on larger lots. Please write us.)

480 bu. per Acre.—Mr. A. R. Kested, Montgomery Co., N. Y., writes Feb. 17, '09: *"The Pan-American potato I consider one of the best varieties put on the market, as it yielded for me at the rate of 480 bu. per acre."*

Green Mountain. One of the most popular round white potatoes grown. Yields well, and is of exceptionally fine quality. Those who want first-class potatoes for the table, will find the Green Mountain very fine. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.40; bbl. \$3.00; sack \$2.75; 2d size \$2.60 per bbl. or \$2.35 per sack.

Harris' Snowball. This potato is of remarkable vigor, the vines grow with great rapidity from the start, and soon cover the ground. There are usually 10 to 15 potatoes in a hill, practically all large—not coarse and overgrown, but of nice medium size, and very few small ones. The potatoes are round, smooth and **snow white**, with shallow eyes and a slight netting on the skin. They cook white, dry and mealy. The vines are of bushy growth, green stems and are very healthy and vigorous, and **resist blight** much better than other kinds. We have never known these potatoes to rot. This variety is of such great vigor that under favorable circumstances it produces **immense yields**. Some of our customers report yields as high as **380 bushels per acre**, and we have had yields as high as 300 bushels per acre on our own farm. Price, pk. 50c; bu. \$1.40; bbl. \$3.25; sack \$3.00; 2d size \$2.85 per bbl. or \$2.60 per sack.

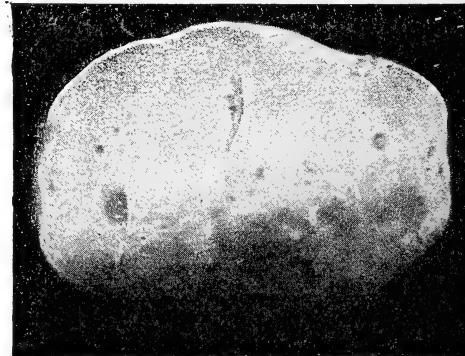
Sir Walter Raleigh. This is a seedling of the Rural New Yorker, and has the vigor of that variety before it degenerated as it undoubtedly has. It is an **improved Rural** with **new blood** and renewed vigor. The potatoes resemble the Rural in shape, but are smoother with shallower eyes, slightly netted skin and **much better quality**. This variety sets more potatoes in a hill than the Rural, and yields immense crops on any good soil. Succeeds everywhere, and is the style of potato most in demand in the markets just now. We have some extra fine pure stock free from scab, rot or disease of any kind. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.40; bbl. \$3.00; sack \$2.75; 5 sacks \$2.50 per sack.

Keller's Selected Green Mountain. Of late years much of the stock of Green Mountain potatoes has deteriorated or "run out," so that there are too many small and inferior potatoes in the crop. To overcome this, Mr. J. B. Keller has been for a number of years selecting out the **best hills** in his crop and saving these for seed, with the result that he has produced a strain of Green Mountains fully equal or even superior to what this variety was in its best days. It produces potatoes of more uniform size, there being very few small ones, and the vines are vigorous and healthy. There is no finer potato than a first-class Green Mountain. It has the shape, size, and quality most desired, and when the best seed is used, there are few potatoes that surpass it in yield. Our seed was obtained direct from Mr. Keller, and is first-class in every way. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; bbl. \$3.75; sack \$3.50.

DON'T PLANT INFERIOR SEED.

they happen to have on hand at planting time. This is what makes potatoes "run out." To get a really good crop (250 bu. or more per acre) **every hill** must be good, and you cannot expect this if inferior seed is used. Better feed your poor mixed seed to stock than to plant it.

Good pure healthy seed of a first-class variety will almost invariably produce 50 to 100 bu. more per acre than ordinary mixed "seed" such as is too often used. Not only this but the crop will be more even, smoother and better in every way and sell for higher prices than common potatoes more or less scabby and rough.

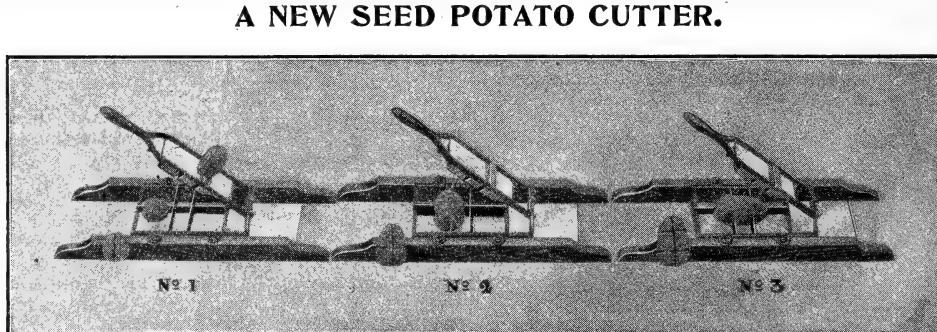


SIR WALTER RALEIGH. (Photograph.)

Ionia Seedling. This is a new seedling that has proved to be of great value on account of its ability to resist blight and to produce large crops when other kinds fail. It is a round, white, and very handsome potato of fine quality. The vines are strong and vigorous and resist blight well. From what we have seen of this variety we should judge that it is certainly one of the best late potatoes, both as to yield, quantity and appearance. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.45; bbl. \$3.00; sack \$2.75.

Vermont Gold Coin. The Gold Coin has a fine netted skin, which gives it a yellowish or slightly russet tinge, and is a fine looking potato—oblong, with square ends, few and small eyes, and light golden color. When cooked, the potatoes are **white**, dry, and very light and mealy, and of **fine flavor**. A good yielder in some localities. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.45; bbl. \$3.35; sack \$3.10.

Many people fail to get good crops of potatoes because they will not spend a few dollars to get really good seed, but instead use any culs



No. 1 shows how a small potato is cut into two pieces, and also how the seed end is cut off if desired.

No. 2 shows how medium size potatoes are cut into four pieces.

No. 3 shows how large potatoes are cut into six pieces.

This is the only really satisfactory Potato Cutter we have ever used. With it a man can cut **five times as many** potatoes in a day as by hand and **cut them any way desired**. The cutter is placed on top of a bushel crate or barrel so the potatoes fall into it when cut. When cutting, the lever is raised with one hand and a potato placed on the knives with the other in such a position as will cut it in as many pieces as desired. (See picture above.) By a simple movement of the hand the potato is cut and falls into the box below.

To take off the "seed end" the potato is simply drawn over the knife blade on top of the plate as shown in Fig. No. 1. The pieces fall on a plate and are kept separate from the rest of the cut potatoes. This cutter will pay for itself in a day. A large grower cannot afford to be without one. This cutter is **2 feet long and 8 inches wide; weight 8 lbs.** Price \$3.25.

FARM AND FIELD SEEDS.

The production of **high class** seed of the best varieties of Oats, Corn, Wheat and other grains, as well as Potatoes, has for many years been one of the principal branches of our business, and no part receives greater attention.

Only the Best Crops Pay.

It costs almost as much to raise a poor crop as it does a good one. If you get only the ordinary yield you get very little for your time and labor. It is the extra 10, 15, or 20 bushels per acre that make the profit. If your Oats are light, have small kernels, and are affected with smut, **don't sow them.** Get some that are better, and will yield a profit. If your Corn has small ears and small kernels and does not yield good big crops, don't plant it. Get the best. Be satisfied with nothing else.

Our Seeds are Better than commonseeds. With machines for cleaning and grading seed grain and by the scientific treatment of our seed to prevent smut and other diseases, we are able to furnish much better seed than it is possible for most farmers to produce. It costs a little more of course, but the extra cost is nothing compared with the increased yield and quality of the crops.

At the Prices quoted in this catalogue we deliver the seeds at any freight house or express office here, or in Rochester, and make no charge for bags unless otherwise stated. The purchaser is to pay freight or express charges. See freight and express rates, page 3.

THE BEST VARIETIES OF OATS.

We have long made a specialty of raising the best oats obtainable, and make numerous trials of the most improved varieties grown, not only in this country, but in Europe and other countries, and we offer this year a few of these which have proved to possess superior qualities.

Long's White Tartar Oats.

We have never sold any variety

of oats that has given such universal satisfaction as this. The first year we raised it the yield was 98 bushels per acre, and the next year **106 bushels** per acre, on a 19-acre field. These oats have never failed to produce a good crop.

IMPROVED BY SELECTION. Mr. I. W. Long, of Pennsylvania, produces these oats by selecting the best heads from a field of White Tartarian oats, and continuing the selection for a number of years. This is the real way to get improvements in grain crops.

These oats have **immense heads** of grain, often measuring nearly a foot long, and containing by actual count over 150 kernels. It is a side oat.

The straw is **very large, strong and stiff.** It stands up to a man's chin, and is as large as a lead pencil. In one of our fields these oats stood a foot higher than wheat growing beside it.

The kernel is **large, plump and heavy**, pure white, and with **thin hulls.** There are no better oats for feeding than these.

NO SMUT. Smut greatly reduces the yield of oats, and has been especially troublesome the past few years. We treat the seed oats we sow, and those we have sown for us, with formalin to kill the smut germs, and in this way keep our crops free from this disease. Crops raised from this seed will be practically free from smut. This alone makes our seed oats worth the extra cost.

No Weed Seeds. We thoroughly clean our seed oats so that they do not contain any foul weed seeds.

BETTER THAN HOME GROWN SEED. One of our customers in Pennsylvania, Mr. J. B. Large, writes: "I expect hereafter to get my seed oats of you every year, as they do so much better than home grown seed. I raised 30 measured bushels from 32 pounds of White Tartar oats, from your seed on rather poor ground. They were the finest oats I ever saw grown."

Price of Seed. We offer Long's White Tartar Oats **thoroughly cleaned and free from weed seeds**, at the following prices: **Pk. 40c; bu. \$1.25; bag of 2 1-2 bus. (80 lbs.) \$2.75; 4 bags (10 bu.) or more at \$2.50 per bag.** No charges for bags. Special prices will be quoted on lots of 25 bushels or more. Sample will be sent on request.

NOTE. It requires at least two **measured** bushels to sow an acre. As these oats weigh more than 32 lbs. per bushel, $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushels by weight (80 lbs.) should be allowed for an acre. If the land is not rich it is better to sow 3 bu. by weight or $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. by measure, per acre.



LONG'S WHITE TARTAR OATS. (Photograph.)

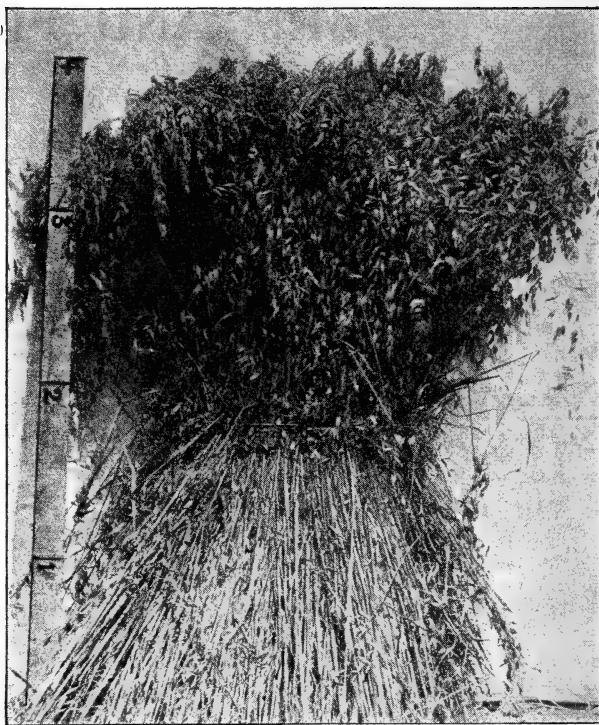
Golden Fleece Oats. This is one of the very best branching oats we have ever seen. The grain is white, **large, plump and heavy**, with **thin hulls**. The straw is stiff and carries very large branching heads. These oats have a record yield of **108 bushels per acre**, while yields of 75 to 80 bushels per acre are very common, and can easily be obtained with this variety under ordinary conditions. This may seem tame compared with the claims of some western seedsmen for varieties of oats they are selling, but it should be remembered that these are **facts**, and not statements founded on hope or imagination.

The **Golden Fleece Oats** we offer weigh nearly 40 lbs. to the measured bushel and are **entirely free from smut** and thoroughly cleaned. We guarantee them free from mustard and other foul weed seeds. A great deal of loss is sustained every year by those who sow oats affected with smut. The smut germs are sown with the seed and grow up with it so that the plant is at length killed by the smut growth. This often reduces the yield 20 bushels or more to the acre. **Pk. 45c; bu. (32 lbs.) \$1.25; bag of 2½ bu. (80 lbs.) \$2.75; 4 bags (10 bu.) or more at \$2.50 per bag.** No charge for bags. Samples will be mailed on request.

Swiss Giant Oats. This variety came into this neighborhood a few years ago from Canada, having come originally, it is said, from Switzerland. It is quite similar in appearance and habit of growth to Long's White Tartar. The only real difference we can see is that the Swiss Giant has rather stiffer straw at the base of the head which keeps the large, heavy heads from breaking down as sometimes happens with the White Tartar.

The oats are pure white, **large, heavy, and have thin hulls**. The heads grow about the same as Long's White Tartar (see photograph).

Price—Pk. 45c; bu. \$1.40; bag 2½ bu. (80 lbs.) \$3.00; 4 bags (10 bu.) or more at \$2.75 per bag. Bags free.
Sample sent on request.



GOLDEN FLEECE OATS.

Regenerated Swedish Select Oats.

The government of Sweden has done a great deal to improve different strains of oats by selection and cross breeding, and has produced some wonderfully fine varieties. The kind known as "Swedish Select," has been grown in this country for some years, and has proved to be one of the best. It has a compact, upright head, branching evenly on all sides. The straw is of medium height and quite stiff, so that it does not lodge. Ripens early and produces large yields of plump white oats.

The "Regenerated" strain of these oats was produced by the Garton Seed Co. of England, who have been doing a good deal of work in cross breeding oats and other grains. They have succeeded in so improving this variety that it yields 25 per cent more than the older strain. We obtained our seed direct from the Garton Seed Co., and we never saw finer oats. They weighed **50 lbs.** to the measured bushel, and looked more like very heavy barley than oats. The **hulls are thin**, the extra weight being in the meat.

Considering the fact that the **Swedish Select** oats have proved to be one of the very best varieties in this country, we are sure this new "Regenerated" strain will prove superior both in yield and quality. **Price—Pk. 40c; bu. (32 lbs.) \$1.30; bag (2½ bu.) \$3.10; 4 bags (10 bu.) or more \$2.75 per bag.**

BEARDLESS BARLEY.

For feeding stock beardless barley is superior to bearded on account of the annoyance caused by the "beards" when feeding or using the straw. The straw of beardless barley is just as valuable as oat straw for feeding, or the grain can be profitably fed in the straw without threshing.

The common practice here is to mix the seed of Beardless Barley and Oats together, sowing about half of each. This gives large crops of heavy grain, which is better than straight oats for horses or other stock.

Champion Beardless Barley. The best variety having long heads, 6 rowed, and good plump white grain. **Pk. 60c; bu. (48 lbs.) \$1.50; bag of 2 bu. \$2.85.**

SPRING WHEAT.

Pedigree Blue Stem. This is the standard spring wheat. More largely grown than any other kind. **Pk. 70c; bu. \$2.20.**

BUCKWHEAT.

JAPANESE. The largest and most productive variety. The grain is large and dark brown or black; ripens early. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.35; bags of 2 bu. \$2.50 per bag.**

SILVER HULL. Small gray kernels that make the finest quality of buckwheat flour. Very productive. **Price same as for Japanese.**

SPELTZ or EMMER.

A Russian grain that has become quite popular in the west for feeding purposes. It resembles barley somewhat and is grown in the same way. It is often mixed with oats and helps to make a larger yield. Sow $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. per acre, the same as you would oats or barley. **Pk. 50c; bu. (40 lbs.) \$1.30; 2 bu. or more \$1.20 per bu.**

Northern Grown Seed Corn.

There is nothing more important in raising corn than the seed. The seed must not only be of strong vitality so that it will come up promptly and grow right along, but must be well bred and above all it must be early enough for the locality where grown. Corn that will mature in 90 days in the hot climate of Ohio or Illinois will require 115 or 120 days in Northern New York where the nights are cool. The phrase "90 day corn" is a very misleading one and has resulted in a great deal of loss and disappointment to corn growers in the east. Corn grown in the west where the summers are very hot is not suitable for planting in New York and New England, except for fodder or ensilage.

The corn we offer for seed (except a few kinds of Dent corn) is all grown right here in Western New York, near Lake Ontario, where the summers are short and cool and consequently they must be early and will mature anywhere in the country where corn can be raised at all.

When our seed corn is husked it is carefully sorted and all small or imperfect ears are discarded, the best ears being placed in a drying house with slatted floors and heated with coal fire so that it is **thoroughly dried**, which insures strong germination.

Tested for Germination. Before sending off any seed corn we make thorough tests to ascertain its vitality, and **we mark the percentage** that germinates on the label so that the purchaser will know just how many kernels out of 100 will grow. We should be glad to give the results of our tests at any time during the winter or spring to anyone interested.

"Farmer's Friend" Corn. An Extra Early Yellow Flint variety.

Where it is necessary to raise corn that will ripen **very early**, the Farmer's Friend will be found most satisfactory. With this variety planted reasonably early you may be sure of a crop that will ripen before frost, even in a very unfavorable season. In a favorable season we have cut it the last week in August, and the seed was not planted till the first of June. For places where the larger kinds of corn do not mature, or where it is desirable to get the corn off the land early, the Farmer's Friend will be found of great value.

The ears are of medium length and have 8 rows of **very large**, deep yellow kernels, and are filled right **out to the tip**. In this respect it surpasses any other corn we ever saw, as **every ear**, when grown on good land, is filled out perfectly.

The stalks grow about six feet high and have an abundance of large leaves so that they make the **very best of fodder**. Most stalks have two good ears and some have three. On a hill containing four stalks we have counted **9 ears**. While the ears are not as long as some kinds, yet so many more are produced, and they have such large kernels, that the yield is very large.

In New Hampshire. Mr. W. A. Curtis, Grafton Co., N. H., writes Sept. 21, '09: "The Farmer's Friend corn is the best variety grown here. Nobody else gets such good results in yield of grain and appetizing fodder as I get from Farmer's Friend."

Price—Shelled corn from choice sound ears. By mail, **pt. 20c; qt. 35c.** By freight or express, **qt. 25c; pk. 75c; bu. \$2.75.** On the ear, Selected ears, **10 lbs. 65c; 25 lbs. or more at 5c per lb.**

Harris' Mammoth Yellow Flint Corn.

rows of large, bright yellow kernels filled right out to the tips. The cob is small. The stalks grow about 6 to 7 feet tall and have numerous broad leaves and make **excellent fodder**. The ears are produced well above the ground, so the stalks can be readily cut with a binder. Many stalks have **two good large ears** if not planted too thick. We have raised crops of this corn that yielded **180 bushels of sound ears** per acre. This corn will ripen ready to cut in 100 days from the time the corn comes up.

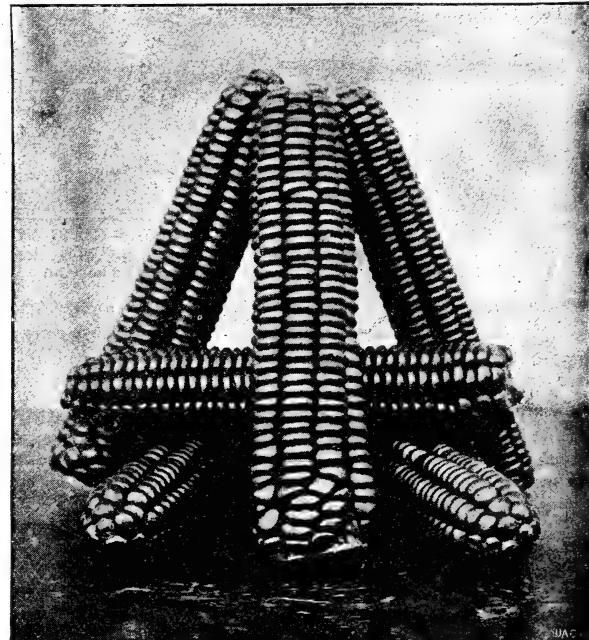
Price—Shelled corn from carefully selected ears only. By mail, **pt. 20c; qt. 35c.** By express or freight, **qt. 20c; pk. 75c; bu. (56 lbs.) \$2.50.**

Sanford White Flint Corn.

The Sanford has long been the most popular white Flint corn. The ears are long and the kernels are of good size, white and very hard. The stalks grow tall and very leafy, which makes this one of the most valuable varieties for fodder in the north. The ears mature earlier than the Dent or "western" corn usually sown for fodder, while the stalks are tall without being coarse. **Pk. 60c; bu. (56 lbs.) \$2.00; bag (2 bu.) \$3.75.**

Pride of the North.

A very popular early yellow Dent corn for the north. It has been grown in this neighborhood for years and produces good crops. The ears are of medium size, 8 or 9 inches long and the corn is deep yellow, hard and of high feeding value. One of the best kinds for fodder or ensilage as well as for grain. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50; bag (2 bu.) \$2.75.**



FARMER'S FRIEND CORN. (Photograph.)

A very fine large yellow Flint or "State" corn. The ears grow **very long**, often measuring 14 inches, and have eight

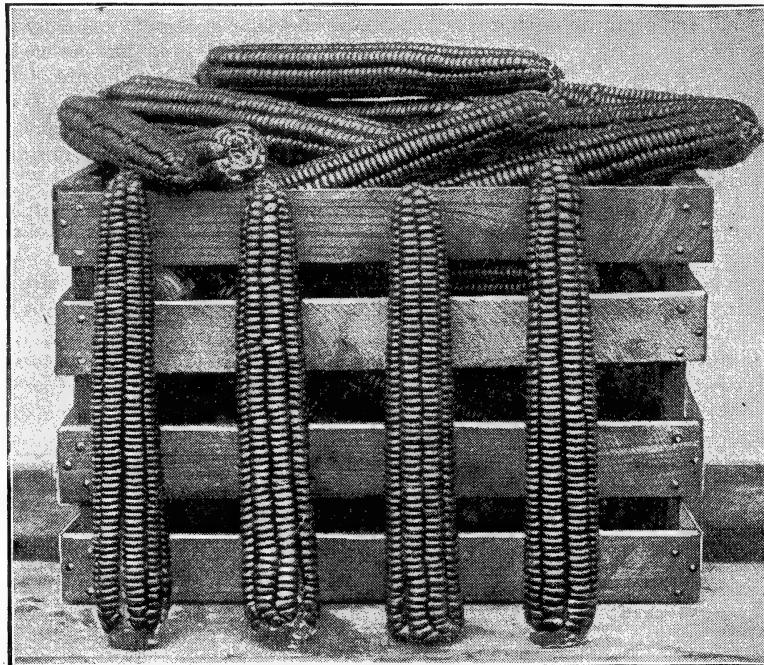
rows of large, bright yellow kernels filled right out to the tips. The cob is small. The stalks grow about 6 to 7 feet tall and have numerous broad leaves and make **excellent fodder**. The ears are produced well above the ground, so the stalks can be readily cut with a binder. Many stalks have **two good large ears** if not planted too thick. We have raised crops of this corn that yielded **180 bushels of sound ears** per acre. This corn will ripen ready to cut in 100 days from the time the corn comes up.

Price—Shelled corn from carefully selected ears only. By mail, **pt. 20c; qt. 35c.** By express or freight, **qt. 20c; pk. 75c; bu. (56 lbs.) \$2.50.**

The Sanford has long been the most popular white Flint corn. The ears are long and the kernels are of good size, white and very hard. The stalks grow tall and very leafy, which makes this one of the most valuable varieties for fodder in the north. The ears mature earlier than the Dent or "western" corn usually sown for fodder, while the stalks are tall without being coarse. **Pk. 60c; bu. (56 lbs.) \$2.00; bag (2 bu.) \$3.75.**

HALL'S GOLD NUGGET CORN.

The Largest
and
Most Prolific
Yellow Flint
or
"State" Corn
Grown.



Ears 12 to 14 in.
Long
Eight Rows of
Immense Kernels.
Ripens Perfectly
in New York and
New England.

HALL'S GOLD NUGGET CORN.

Photograph of a standard bushel crate, 13 inches high. We have raised 190 crates per acre on a large field.

This corn is greatly admired by everyone who sees it. To those who are accustomed to raising the ordinary yellow "state" corn with small kernels these immense ears are astonishing. The kernels are so large that an ear, having as it does only eight rows, is twice as large around as common eight-rowed corn and usually much longer. Two of these big ears are often produced on one stalk. It is no more trouble to husk, handle and shell a big ear than a small one and you get twice as much corn from the big ear.

THIS CORN IS EARLY. The past season, as we all know, was a poor one for corn in this state. The spring was cold and wet and the summer dry and cool. There was no real "corn weather" all summer; yet the Gold Nugget got ripe all right on our farm, and on other farms in this neighborhood, where it was planted before June 1st. Our own field was not planted until May 28th, and was fully ripe by the middle of September. It can be safely planted anywhere except in the extreme northern part of the country.

The Stalks grow about 7 feet tall and carry the ears well above the ground so that they do not interfere with the binder when such a machine is used for cutting. The stalks usually have **two ears** and are covered with large leaves, so they make good fodder.

For Ensilage. This corn will prove of great value for ensilage, as it produces an enormous yield of stalks and ears and the grain will mature early so that it may be cut when in just the right stage to produce the greatest amount of food without running the risk of having the crop injured by frost.

Price of Seed. Shelled corn from carefully selected ears, by express or freight. **Qt. 25c; pk. \$1.00; bu. (56 lbs.) \$3.00.** By mail, **pt. 25c; qt. 40c.**

On the Ear. It is much more expensive to ship corn on the ear than when shelled, and it takes more time and trouble so that we have to charge a higher price when sent in this way. **Selected ears, 10 lbs. for 70c; 25 lbs. or more at 6c per lb.**

Samples. A sample of the grain will be mailed free to intending buyers. A sample ear will be sent for **25c** to cover postage, etc.

CORN TEST AT CORNELL.

The New York State College of Agriculture at Cornell University, conducted a co-operative corn test the past season. The list included 41 varieties—20 Flint and 21 Dents. Many of the western grown Dent varieties failed to mature. The Gold Nugget stood second in the list of the 41 kinds, and yielded the most matured fodder. The following are some of the yields obtained in bushels of shelled corn per acre:

Hall's Gold Nugget, (Flint)	-	-	-	48.2 bushels	Pride of the North, (Dent)	-	-	-	32.8 bushels
Genesee Valley, (Flint)	-	-	-	34.5 "	Sanford White, (Flint)	-	-	-	37.1 "
Dutton Yellow, (Flint)	-	-	-	35.3 "	Onondaga White, (Dent)	-	-	-	43.3 "
Eight-rowed White, (Flint)	-	-	-	29.5 "	Michigan Yellow, (Dent)	-	-	-	41.1 "

Mr. I. Hanney of Connecticut writes: "I bought some Hall's Gold Nugget corn of you three years ago. It is the best corn I ever raised and the wonder of my neighbors."

Rev. I. E. Kimball, Rockland Co., N. Y., writes Oct. 8, '09: "There will be twice the fodder and twice the number of bushels of corn on the Gold Nugget as on the other Flint (or State) corn. This speaks well for the Gold Nugget. I shall not plant any other corn hereafter."

Early "Red Glaze" Flint Corn.

An Early Strain of King Phillip.

A very early Flint or "State" Corn, with deep yellow kernels tinged with red. The ears grow 9 to 10 inches long, 8-rowed, very small cob and are well filled to the tips. The great value of this corn for the north lies in the fact that it will mature perfectly in any season, no matter how unfavorable. It was the only corn that matured perfectly in this neighborhood in the very cool summer of 1907. The stalks grow about 6 feet tall and are not coarse, and make the best of fodder.

We now have a carefully bred strain of this corn with larger ears and larger kernels than is usual with this variety. This corn always gets ripe, and on this account often produces much larger crops of good, sound corn than larger and later kinds which fail to mature under unfavorable conditions. **Price**—By freight or express, qt. 20c; pk. 65c; bu. (56 lbs.) \$2.50. **Selected Ears**, 10 lbs. 65c; 25 lbs. or more 5c. per lb.

Improved Leaming Corn.

This has long been

considered one of the best yellow Dent varieties, both for grain and fodder. It is medium early, and will ripen well in some parts of this state. The ears are large, with **very deep, bright yellow** kernels. The cob is small. The stalks grow to a medium height, and often produce two large ears, and make first-class fodder. This corn succeeds well on nearly all soils, and will produce **large crops of high grade** deep yellow corn, and will ripen anywhere south of Central New York. **This is one of the best varieties to sow for fodder and ensilage** as well as for grain. We offer some **very choice seed** of the most improved strain, grown for us in Northern Ohio. **Price**, pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; bag of 2 bu. \$2.85.

Cuban Giant Ensilage Corn.

This corn has been produced by careful breeding with the idea of getting a variety that would produce the **largest crops and best quality** of ensilage or fodder. The stalks grow tall and are covered with large leaves from bottom to top. The stalks grow so large and have so many leaves, that enormous crops of fodder are produced. This corn is much superior to the common "sheep tooth" southern corn, so commonly sold for fodder, as it is more tender and leafy and matures earlier. It is too late, however, to mature ears in this latitude. This corn is white with red cob. **Price**, pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50; bag of 2½ bu. \$3.25. No charge for bags. Write for price on large lots.

DAVIS' IMPROVED EARLY HURON CORN.

There is more or less prejudice in the East in regard to raising what is commonly called "western" corn. The reason for this is that most varieties of Dent corn mature too late for this locality. People buy seed of so called "90 day" grown in the west, and of course it does not ripen. They think therefore all Dent corn is late and will not mature in the east. There are varieties, however, that are **fully as early** as the Flint or state corn that is usually grown and that **yield larger crops**.

Davis' Improved Early Huron is one of these. It is a very fine early strain of yellow Dent corn that has been developed and greatly improved by careful selection by one of our neighbors, Mr. A. S. Davis.

EARLINESS. From the fact that this corn matured perfectly in 1907 when so much of the "state" corn did not mature, we are inclined to think that this corn is really **earlier** than the Flint varieties. It ripens up hard and dry and is less liable to mold than Flint corn.

The Ears are of medium length, 8 to 10 in. long, and have 14 to 16 rows of deep, well formed kernels. The cob is small and dries out quickly, and the ears break off easily when husked. The ears are very compact and heavy. Two bushel crates of ears will produce 1½ bushels of shelled corn.



EARLY RED GLAZE CORN (Photo.)

THE STALKS grow 6 to 7 ft. tall and make good fodder. For those who want to raise large crops of corn that will get ripe early in September, we highly recommend this variety.

PRICE OF SEED. We offer some very fine seed grown by Mr. Davis that will be found of the very highest quality in every way. Shelled corn by mail, pt. 20c; qt. 35c. By express or freight, qt. 20c; pk. 75c; bu. \$2.50. **On the ear** 10 lbs. 60c; 25 lbs. or more 4½c. per lb. 70 lbs. of ears will make 1 bu. shelled corn, which would plant 4 acres of ground in hills 3½x3 feet, or 3 acres in drills.



DAVIS' IMPROVED EARLY HURON DENT CORN.

White Cap Yellow Dent

Corn. This is one of the earliest and most prolific varieties of Dent corn grown. If you want to raise good corn and lots of it plant the White Cap. The corn is yellow with a white tip or 'cap' to each kernel, so that the ears look white on the outside, but the corn when shelled is light yellow and very handsome. The ears are of good length (about 10 inches), large around, with 16 to 18 rows and filled out to the tips.

SELECTED WHITE CAP. This is the finest strain with large ears well filled with deep kernels of a good bright yellow, tipped with white. It will mature perfectly in the southern counties of this state and anywhere in Pennsylvania, Ohio and in lower Michigan. The seed we offer was grown for us in Northern Ohio and is of a fine pure strain especially selected for raising large crops of grain. Seed from the best ears tipped and butted before shelling. **Pk. 75c; bu. \$2.50; bag (2 bu.) \$4.75; On the Ear, First-class ears 10 lb. 50c; 25 lbs. or more, 4c per lb.**

No. 1 WHITE CAP. This is the same as the selected strain except that the ears are not so carefully sorted and the tip and butt kernels are left on. It is all good sound seed corn of strong vitality.

For Fodder. This is one of the very best varieties for fodder and ensilage. The stalks grow tall and leafy and the corn matures early so that it can be cut before danger of frost. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.50; bag (2 bu.)**

Sweet Corn for Fodder.

It is well known that fodder grown from sweet corn is richer, sweeter, and more tender than that grown from common corn. The best sweet corn for the purpose is Stowell's Evergreen. If the stalks are cut while green, cows will eat them up clean with hardly any waste. There are varieties of corn sold for fodder called "Evergreen," but they are not sweet corn, and do not produce as good fodder. What we offer is genuine **Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn.** In raising Stowell's Evergreen corn for seed there are, of course, many ears that are too small, not well filled, or true to type, which have to be rejected from our selected seed corn. All of this that will germinate well we offer for raising fodder. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$2.00; bag 2 bu. \$3.50.** If a larger quantity is required please write for sample and price on quantity desired.

SORGHUM.

Early Orange. This is considered the best variety of Sorghum for either fodder, grain or syrup. By mail per lb. 20c. By express or freight, per lb. 10c; pk. 60c; bu. (56 lbs.) \$2.25; 2 or more bu. at \$2.00 per bu.

FIELD PEAS.

WHITE CANADA FIELD. These peas are grown principally for their vines which make hay equal to the best clover hay. They are usually sown with oats and cut when the oats head out but before the grain is ripe. If any one is likely to be short of hay he will do well to sow a few acres of oats and peas. We have used this hay for sheep, horses and cows with the best results. It is as easily cured as clover and will yield large crops. We sow two bushels of peas and one bushel of oats per acre. Sow early in the spring. **Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.20; bag (2 1/2 bu.) \$5.25.** Prices will be quoted by letter on larger lots.

Cow Peas. Sown about the first of June they are ready to cut in August. The vines grow about two feet high and produce large crops of fodder. The vines are excellent to put in silo with corn. Cow peas are injured by frost, and therefore should not be sown until danger of frost is past. The seed will not ripen here. Sow 1/2 bu. of seed per acre.

Whippoorwill Cow Peas. A popular variety for plowing under and for hay. It produces a large growth of vines, often 4 or 5 feet tall. **Pk. 90c; bu. \$3.00.**

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.

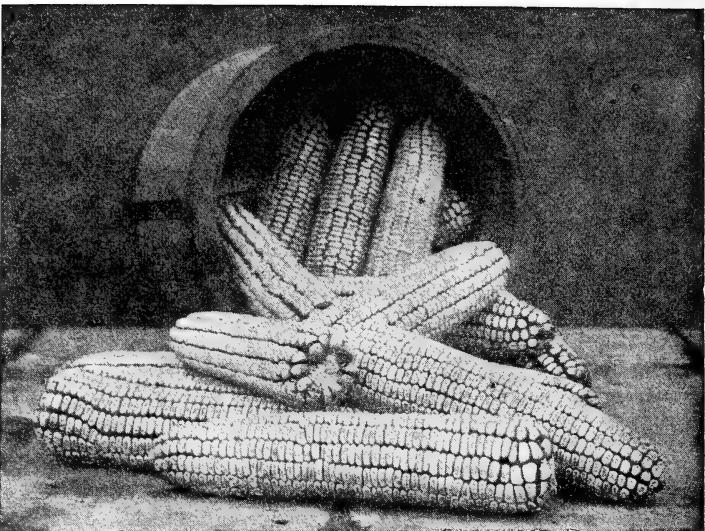
The Best Forage Crop for Sheep and Hogs.

Rape is a plant belonging to the cabbage family. It produces a mass of broad, smooth leaves, which are greatly relished by sheep and hogs. It can be pastured off, and when stock is removed, if not eaten too close, it will grow up again and give a second crop.

It does best on rather moist land, but will do well on any good soil. It is best to sow the seed in drills 18 to 22 inches apart, but it can be sown broadcast to good advantage. It requires about five pounds of seed per acre. If sown in drills it should be cultivated once. It does best if sown about the middle of August. It can be sown broadcast on corn ground after the last cultivating and will make good pasture after the corn is removed.

There is no better variety than the Dwarf Essex, if it is true to name. The so-called "Victoria" Rape is the same as Dwarf Essex.

Seed of the genuine **DWARF ESSEX RAPE, postpaid, 20c per lb.** By freight or express, 10c per lb; 10 lbs. for 65c; 25 lbs. or more at 6c per lb



WHITE CAP YELLOW DENT CORN. (From a Photograph.)

\$2.85. Special price quoted on large lots. Samples on request.

SUNFLOWER. It is well known that fodder grown from sweet corn is richer, sweeter, and more tender than that grown from common corn. The best sweet corn for the purpose is Stowell's Evergreen. If the stalks are cut while green, cows will eat them up clean with hardly any waste. There are varieties of corn sold for fodder called "Evergreen," but they are not sweet corn, and do not produce as good fodder. What we offer is genuine **Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn.** In raising Stowell's Evergreen corn for seed there are, of course, many ears that are too small, not well filled, or true to type, which have to be rejected from our selected seed corn. All of this that will germinate well we offer for raising fodder. **Pk. 50c; bu. \$2.00; bag 2 bu. \$3.50.** If a larger quantity is required please write for sample and price on quantity desired.

SUNFLOWER.

Sunflower seed is quite extensively grown for feeding purposes. The seed should be sown in rows 3 1/2 feet apart and plants thinned to a foot apart in the rows. Treat the same as corn.

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN. This is the variety commonly used to produce seed. The heads are often one foot across, and are filled with large striped seeds, which make most excellent food for hens. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; 1/4 lb. 15c; lb. 25c; postpaid. By express, 15c per lb; 5 lbs. or more at 10c per lb.**

JAPANESE MILLET.

(Panicum Crus-Galli.)

This new Millet from Japan is becoming quite popular in this country. It grows so strong that the stalks look like small corn fodder. Very large crops can be raised, nearly double common millet. The hay is relished by horses, cows and sheep. Even when allowed to ripen its seed, the hay after the seed is threshed out is readily eaten by stock, there being no waste as in the case of corn stalks.

This Millet should be sown about the same time a corn is planted. It is usually sown broadcast at the rate of about 10 or 12 quarts (or an equal number of pounds) per acre. It is cut when it heads out, and before the seed ripens. It does best on sandy land or medium light soil. We offer some **extra fine, pure seed.** Price, by mail, 25c per lb. By express or freight, pk. 60c; bu. (35 lbs.) \$2.25.

GERMAN or GOLDEN MILLET. Makes a good heavy growth of hay that is suitable for cattle. Can be sown in July and makes a good crop before fall. Use three pecks of seed per acre. Price, about \$1.50, but subject to market change.



Hungarian. This Millet matures a week or so earlier than Golden Millet, and does not grow quite so large but makes finer hay of better quality. **Price same as for Golden Millet.** Please write for price if you want three bushels or more.

Spring Vetch. (*Vicia Sativa.*) This variety is similar to the above but has larger leaves and grows better when sown in the spring. In our experience it has not proved very hardy here, and we do not advise it for fall sowing, except in the south. By mail, **25c per lb.** By express, **10c per lb.; 10 lbs. 60c; 25 lbs. \$1.35; 100 lbs. \$5.00.**

Hairy Vetch. (*Vicia Villosa.*) Vetches have lately come into favor as catch crops or "Nitrogen Gatherers." The plant is hardy and when sown in the fall will protect the ground in the winter and furnish a good crop of green forage in the spring, or it can be plowed under to enrich the land. The plant is very much like a fine-leaved pea vine and grows three or four feet long. The seed should be sown in the fall, in this latitude about September 1st, and later farther south. It does not succeed sown in the spring. It is well to sow a small amount of rye with the seed to support the vines. It requires about 50 pounds of seed per acre. By mail, **25c per lb.** By express, **15c per lb.; 10 lbs. \$1.00; 25 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$7.00.**

GRASS AND CLOVER SEED.

The Importance of Good Grass Seed. There is an astonishing quantity of poor, dirty grass seed sold. Many farmers will buy grass seeds where they can get them at the lowest price, without much regard to quality or purity. Timothy seed, for instance, that contains 10% weed seeds and dead seeds or other impurities, can be bought for 50c per bu. less than pure seed; but which would you rather have? We offer only the highest grade of seeds that are as near pure as it is possible to get, and of good vitality. You can get ordinary low grade seed at the corner store.

BROMUS INERMIS or **Awnless Brome Grass.** A valuable grass for dry climates. Will make a strong growth on land too dry for other grasses to grow. Highest grade seed. **Per lb. 16c; 10 lbs. at 13c per lb.; 50 lbs. or more at 12c per lb.**

English Perennial Rye Grass. A desirable grass for hay and pasture. **Per lb. 10c; bu. (24 lbs.) \$1.85.**

Italian Rye Grass. An annual grass. Largely grown in the South, where it is used for hay and pasture and also for lawns. **Per lb. 10c; bu. (18 lbs.) \$1.50.**

Kentucky Blue Grass. One of the best grasses for pasture and lawns. Of very little value for hay. **Fancy re-cleaned seed, 20c per lb.; bu. (14 lbs.) \$2.40.**

MEADOW FESCUE. Of great value for permanent pasture and for hay. Does best on strong land. Makes a finer and better quality of hay than Orchard grass. **Per lb. 25c; 10 lbs. or more at 18c per lb.**

ORCHARD GRASS. A strong growing grass, valuable for pasture and hay. Starts very early in the spring. Highest grade seed **20c per lb.; bu. (14 lbs.) \$2.25.**

RED TOP. Valuable for low land as it is not injured by water. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, and makes very good hay. Finest re-cleaned seed (weighing 32 pounds per bushel) **20c per lb.; 10 lbs. or more 15c per lb.** Unhulled seed (that is seed in the chaff) per bu. of 14 lbs. **\$1.50.** Price variable. Write for samples and price when ready to buy.

TIMOTHY. We can furnish choicest re-cleaned seed at market prices. **Pk. 65c; bu. about \$2.60. Write for price.**

Alfalfa, or Lucerne. Produces immense crops of clover hay, and can be cut two or three times each year for many years. Also valuable for pasture. Sow in the spring on well prepared ground without any other crop. Can also be sown to advantage in August. There is a great deal of poor mixed Alfalfa seed sold. Some seed contains as much as 25 pounds to the bushel of worthless seeds and dodder.

NORTHERN GROWN SEED. The best and purest Alfalfa seed is grown in Utah and Montana. Imported seed grown in the south of France is very largely sold in this country, but it has not proved very successful in the North, and should not be used, as the plants will be very apt to winter kill the first year. We have procured some **exceptionally fine** seed grown in the Northwest, that is very pure and perfectly free from dodder. If you want the **very best** seed, but not the cheapest, write us for sample and price. It requires about 25 lbs. of seed per acre. **Per lb. 30c; pk. \$3.00.** By mail **40c per lb.**

TURKESTAN ALFALFA. This Alfalfa is said to be superior to the American variety. We can furnish, **genuine Turkestan seed, imported direct from the best growing district in Turkestan. Per lb. 25c; 10 lbs. or more at 20c per lb.** Please write for prices on larger quantities.

ALSACE CLOVER. Grows well on low, wet land, where Red Clover will not do well. There is a great difference in grades of this seed. Low grades contain as much as 50% impurities and dead seed. We offer only the best and purest seed showing a high per cent that germinates. **Per qt. 40c; pk. \$2.75; bu. about \$10.00. Write for prices.**

Crimson Clover. Used very extensively for plowing under to enrich the land and as a cover crop. It is usually sown in August, and will make a good growth before winter. Should be sown on all bare pieces of ground in August or September. Extra fine seed, **per lb. 15c; pk. \$1.65; bu. \$6.20.**

RED CLOVER, Medium. This is the common Red Clover so extensively grown. We can furnish the finest grade of seed free from weed seeds or dodder, and should be glad to quote prices at any time. **Small lots at 18c per lb.**

RED CLOVER, Mammoth. Also called "Pea Vine" Clover. This variety grows larger and coarser than the Medium and is not as valuable for hay. Most dealers sell Medium and Mammoth Red Clover seed out of the same bag, so it is rather difficult to get any pure seed of the Mammoth. We buy clover seed of other growers, so have to depend on them as to the purity of the seed. We can furnish what is claimed to be Mammoth Clover at the market price, which will be quoted by letter at any time.

White Clover. Used principally for lawns and sheep pasture. **Per lb. 30c; 10 lbs. or more at 20c per lb.**

Grass Mixtures, For Hay and Pasture. We have from time to time made up special mixtures of the best kinds of grasses and clovers for some of our customers who requested us to do so, and we believe they have generally given excellent results. We should be glad to do this for any of our customers. We do not offer a mixture as some seedsmen do, because conditions vary so much that a mixture that would be good in one case would not suit at all in another. It is always best to make up the mixture to suit the conditions where it is to be used.

If anyone wishing to buy grass seeds mixed up in the proper proportions for sowing, and will let us know on what kind of soil it is to be used and whether hay or pasture is most desired, we should be glad to advise them as to the cost of the seed and how much to use per acre.

HARRIS' LAWN GRASS SEED.

A good deal of seed sold as "lawn grass," is made up of any old seed the dealer happens to have on hand, and is apt to be perfectly useless, or worse than useless, for the purpose. Nothing but the very best and purest seeds of grasses suited to the purpose should be used. There are only a few kinds adapted to lawns, and we have made up a mixture of these in the proper proportion of each kind, using only the very highest grade and purest seed obtainable. This is **Harris' lawn grass seed**, and it will be found just what we say it is—the **best lawn grass seed that can be procured.**

For general use on good rich soil not much shaded, use our regular lawn grass seed at the rate of about one pint (1-3 lb.) to 100 square feet. The ground should be rolled after seeding unless it is very wet.

For seeding under trees and other shady places use our mixture for shady lawns at the same rate as above.

Harris' Lawn Grass Seed. By mail, **45c per lb. (1½ qts.)** By express, **lb. 35c; pk. (6 lbs.) \$1.40; bu. (24 lbs.) \$5.00.**

For Shady Lawns. Although no grass will grow on land that is entirely shaded during the whole day, the grasses in this mixture will thrive in places where ordinary kinds would die in a few months after seeding. By mail, **70c per lb.** By express, **lb. 60c; 5 lbs. or more at 55c per lb.**

FLOWER SEEDS.

Annual and Perennial Flowers. Flowers like Asters and Sweet Peas, which bloom but one season and die in the fall, are called "Annuals." Those that live through the winter and bloom year after year are called "Perennials." Some perennials bloom the same year that the seed is sown, but some do not bloom until the next year. Most of the flowers in this catalogue are annuals. Where they are not it is so stated.

Culture of Flowers. Our little pamphlet on the culture of vegetables and flowers gives directions for raising the more popular kinds of flowers. It will be sent with all orders for seed to the amount of 25 cents or more—when requested. Ask for "Cultivation Pamphlet."

New Varieties. We offer some new varieties of flowers this season, which we have found to be of real value. They will be found described under their proper heads (arranged alphabetically) in this catalogue.

50c Worth of Flower Seeds Free.

Send us \$1.00 for Flower Seeds in packets at our regular catalogue price (except special combination offers that are marked "net" in the catalogue), and we will send you 50c worth extra without charge, you to select what you want, but all seeds, both what you order and what you select extra, must be in **packets** (not ounces or pounds), and must not include special offers marked "net." In other words, you can have \$1.50 worth of Flower Seed in packets of your own selection for \$1.00.

Abronia. A beautiful California plant, trailing along the ground and resembling the Verbena. It has fragrant flowers, lilac and rose colored, and continues to bloom all through the summer and autumn. **Pkt. 5c.**

Ageratum. An annual plant about 8 inches high and bearing fringe-like flowers. Especially useful for beds, as the plants are covered with flowers all summer. **Blue, pkt. 5c. Pure White, pkt. 5c.**

Amaranthus. The plant grows four or five feet high and bears long tassel-like flowers of a deep red color. **Pkt. 5c.**

ALYSSUM.

A very pretty little plant, covered with pure white sweet-scented flowers, which are produced all through the summer.

Sweet Alyssum. Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; oz. 25c.

Little Gem. A new dwarf variety, growing only a few inches high, but the plant spreads out to a foot in diameter, and is covered with compact spikes of white flowers all summer. This is a much improved variety. **Pk. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Asters.

Asters are easily grown and make a beautiful display of large, handsome flowers during August and September. Seed can be sown in the open ground in May and the plants will flower in September. Earlier flowers can be obtained by sowing the seed in boxes in March, and the plants set out in the open ground in May or June. Market gardeners find it quite profitable to raise a few asters to sell in the market. There is always a good demand for them, especially if the best varieties are raised.

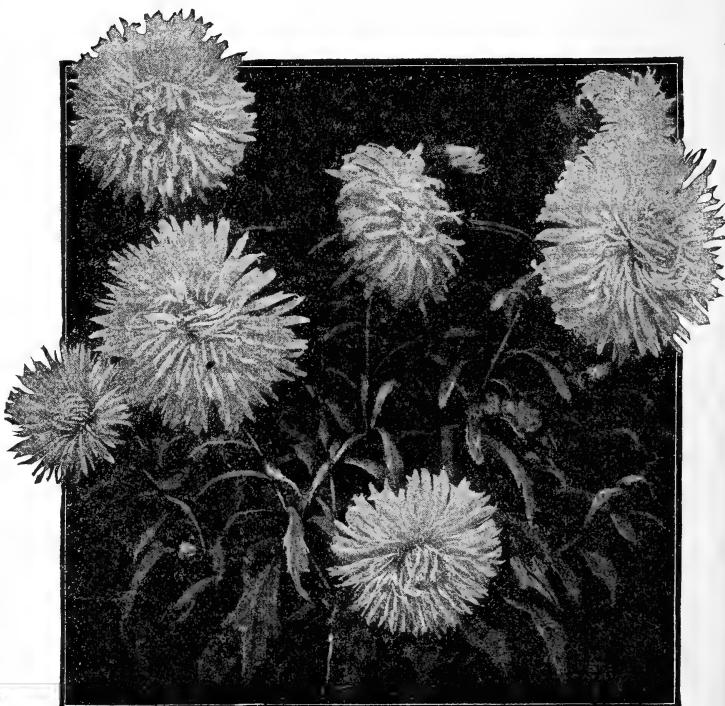
Crego Asters. *(See photograph of a plot of these asters on back of this catalogue.)* Some of the finest asters in this country are raised right in this neighborhood (near Rochester) where they are raised for cut flowers and for seed by the acre. We have inspected many fields where some fine asters were being raised, but have failed to see any as large and handsome as a small lot of Crego asters we had growing on our own farm. The Crego surpasses in size and beauty, any aster we have ever seen. The flowers are simply immense, five to six inches in diameter, and are produced on strong stems often two feet long. The flowers are of beautiful form, with very long and gracefully curved petals. They are extremely double and very few show any yellow centers. We are sure all who try the new aster will be pleased with it. Florists and gardeners will find the Crego aster a most profitable flower to raise. Its immense size, handsome form, and long stems, will make it command the highest prices in any market. We offer seed of our own growing from the best flowers only, all inferior plants being rejected.

Crego Pink. Very light shade of soft pink deepening as the flower opens. This is by far the largest and handsomest of the Crego asters. **Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 65c; oz. \$2.50.**

Crego Mixed. Composed of pure white, deep red, and pink, but not all as large as the Pink variety. **Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 50c.**

NOTE.—Last year we sold White Crego Aster seed, but we found that it did not come true from seed, so have decided not to offer it this year except in the mixed.

New "Violet King" Aster. A very some new Branching Aster of fine form, and of a beautiful shade of light purple or violet. The flowers are very large, and are produced on long stiff stems, so that they make handsome cut flowers. These beautiful violet-colored flowers, measuring four to five inches in diameter, are certainly among the finest asters grown. The plant is a very vigorous grower, healthy, and produces a great number of flowers all through the fall. **Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 65c.**



OREGO ASTER. (Photograph.)

Hohenzollern Asters. These are superb asters with immense flowers produced on stems often **two feet long.**

They are so large and have such long twisted petals that they are often mistaken for Japanese Chrysanthemums. We know of no larger and finer asters than these except the Crego.

We offer a few of the most attractive colors produced in this new class of asters:

Hohenzollern—White.	One of the largest and finest white asters	Pkt. 10c
"	Brilliant Rose. A bright rose-colored aster	" 10c
"	Dark Blue. A deep bluish purple	" 10c
"	Mixed. All the above varieties mixed	" 10c

Special—One pkt. each of the three colors, separate, **20c net.**

Simple's Pink Branching. This is one of the handsomest asters.

The flowers are large and of fine form, with long, gracefully curled petals, and are of a beautiful shade of clear light pink. They are borne on long, slender stems, so that they are very graceful when used as cut flowers for decorative purposes. The plants make a strong growth and produce great numbers of large perfectly double flowers. We have a very fine strain of this variety. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 45c; oz. \$1.50.**

Simple's Branching. Mixed Colors. These asters are similar to the Pink Branching described above, except in color. We have a mixture of the best colors yet obtainable in this class. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c.****WHITE BRANCHING.** The flowers are of a slightly different form from those of the Simple's Branching, the petals being broader and not so much incurved in the center. This variety is one of the most graceful of all white asters, and the plant produces a large number of flowers for a long time. The flowers have long stems and are of good size and fine form. Flowers rather late and continue until frost. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c.****ROSE BRANCHING.** A very handsome rose-colored aster of fine form and charming shade of color. **Pkt. 10c.****TRUFFAUT'S PAEONI FLOWERED PERFECTION.** One of the handsomest varieties. The flowers are very large and double, with incurved petals, producing a perfect ball. Plants grow 20 inches high and are covered with flowers. Our seed is a mixture of the most beautiful colors. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.****DAYBREAK.** An early flowering variety with **very double** flowers of symmetrical form and large size. The color is nearly white, but with a slight tinge of pink. The plants produce great numbers of flowers, all of which are large and handsome. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.****Giant White Comet.** This is one of the largest of all white asters. The petals are curled and twisted like a chrysanthemum, which gives the flower a very pleasing effect. The plant makes a strong, stocky growth, and is covered with immense, pure white flowers of fine form. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c.****Giant Comet. Mixed Colors.** Flowers same as Giant White Comet, but of various colors. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c.****NEW ROSE.** Flowers large and resemble a rose. Blooms profusely and is one of the handsomest asters. We offer seeds of the best colors mixed. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.****OSTRICH PLUME, Terra Cotta.** A very unique and charming aster having long twisted petals. The flowers are large and of a beautiful shade of **salmon pink**, a color not often seen in asters. Every one should have some of this variety. **Pkt. 10c.****SPECIAL OFFER. FOUR OF THE BEST ASTERS.** We will send one packet each of Simple's Pink Branching, Violet King, Giant Comet (mixed colors) and White Branching for **25c.****CHOICE VARIETIES OF ASTERS MIXED.** We will send a mixture of the seed of Crego, White Branching, Simple's Pink Branching, Comet, New Rose, Daybreak, Truffaut's Peony-flowered Perfection, New Hohenzollern (white and dark blue). **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.**

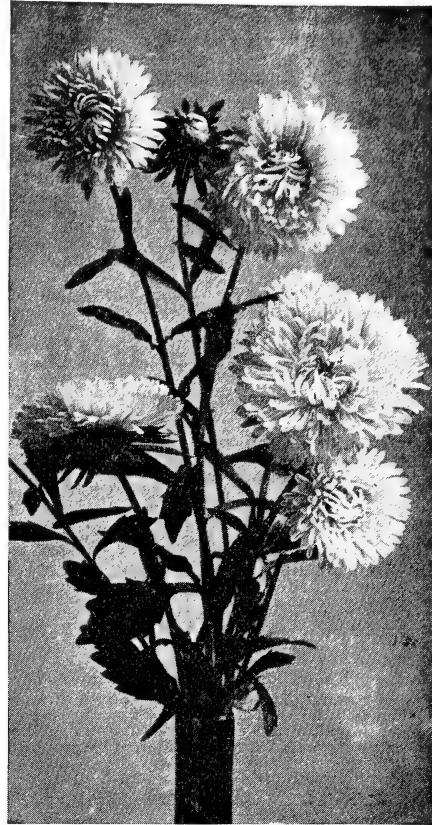
BALSAMS.

These charming flowers can be easily grown in the open ground, and will flower abundantly early in the summer. To get best results the plants should be thinned out to a foot apart.

Double Camellia-Flowered. These are the finest Balsams in existence. The flowers are **very large and perfectly double**, and grow so thickly on the stems that the plant resembles a mass of bloom from top to bottom. Our seed is of the very finest strain, producing perfectly double flowers of the best form and largest size. **Mixed Colors, pkt. 8c; Pure White, pkt. 10c.****Double Spotted.** Large double flowers, spotted with various colors. Very pretty. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.****Rose Flowered.** A most beautiful class, the flowers resembling small roses, and are perfectly double and of charming colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

BALLOON VINE.

A rapid-growing vine with white flowers, followed by seed vessels resembling small balloons. Sow in May. **Pkt. 5c.**



SEMPLÉ'S PINK BRANCHING ASTER.
(From a Photograph.)

ASTER PLANTS.

 We can furnish plants of the following varieties of asters (which are the best) ready to set out about June 1st:

CREGO. Both Pink and Mixed Colors.

HOHENZOLLERN. White and Dark Blue.

SEMPLÉ'S PINK BRANCHING. Shell Pink.

ROSE BRANCHING. Bright Rose color.

VIOLET KING. Light Purple or Violet.

These varieties include all the most desirable colors.

Price of Plants. By mail, **40c per doz.** By express, **doz. 30c; 50 plants \$1.00; 100 plants \$1.75.**

BACHELOR'S BUTTON.

A very popular flower and one that everybody can have, as it is as easy to raise as a weed. Plants grow two or three feet high and bloom continuously.

NEW DOUBLE. Flowers larger than the common Bachelor's Button, and part of them are semi-double. The handsomest variety. Flowers produced in the greatest profusion all summer. **Mixed colors. Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Emperor William. Single flowers of a deep clear blue, and of large size. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Mixed Colors. A mixture of the best single varieties. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

VICTORIA. A dwarf variety, growing only eight inches high, and covered with dark blue flowers all summer. Very pretty for edges or borders. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

COBAEA SCANDENS.

A very rapid-growing climber. From seed planted in the spring the vines will very often grow thirty feet before fall, producing large, bell-shaped flowers, of a deep violet blue color. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

CARNATIONS.

The largest and finest Carnations can only be grown in green houses, but the early flowering kinds described below produce very handsome flowers, and will flower in the open ground during the late summer and fall if the seed is sown early in the spring in boxes placed in the house window and the plants set out in open ground when danger of frost is past. These carnations will flower until late in the fall and then may be taken up and will flower for a long time in the house.

Marguerite. The earliest flowering variety of Carnation, and has large, handsome flowers and the plant is of a robust upright growth and needs no support. Plants commence to flower early and continue for a long time. Mixed colors. Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.

New Giant Marguerite. A new and improved strain with very large flowers produced on longer stems than the older kind. This is the finest Carnation that can be raised in the open ground. Pure White. Pkt. 10c. Mixed colors, pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.

CARNATION PLANTS. We can furnish plants of the above early flowering Carnations. See page 60.

COCKSCOMB.

Easily grown and very showy and brilliantly colored plants. Sow the seed in the open ground where the plants are to grow.

TOMPSONI MAGNIFICA. A very handsome new variety that should be better known. The plants grow **two to three feet high**, and are covered with long graceful plumes of most intense crimson, scarlet and yellow. There is no flower that will produce such a brilliant mass of color as this. The plants are rapid growers and will flower from July until frost, and present a most attractive bit of color in any garden. We offer two colors separate. Crimson, pkt. 10c. Go'den Yellow, pkt. 10c. One packet of each for 15c.

CANNAS.

The seed should be sown in a box or pots in February or March, and the plants set out when danger of frost is past.

Canna Seed. The handsomest named varieties of Cannas can only be grown from bulbs, but some very nice ones can be raised from seed. We offer seed of the **large flowering French Cannas**, which are by far the finest Cannas grown. Soak the seed in warm water for a few days before planting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

CANNA BULBS. See Flowering Plants and Bulbs, page 60.



NEW MARGUERITE CARNATIONS.

COSMOS.

One of the most attractive and useful flowers, now becoming very popular. The plants grow three to five feet high, with long graceful stems and fine feathery leaves. The flowers resemble single dahlias, but not quite so large, and are very pretty and attractive for table or house decoration. The plants will endure considerable frost and will flower until late in the fall.

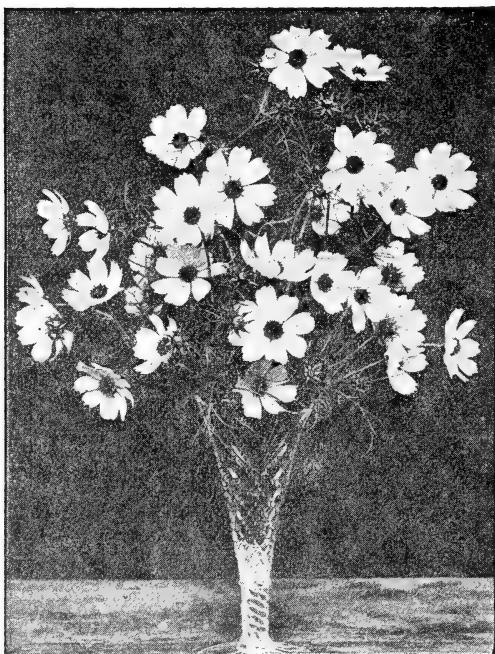
NEW EARLY FLOWERING COSMOS. This is an **early** flowering variety of Cosmos, with flowers as large as those of the old varieties and will flower a **month earlier**. Seed sown in the open ground in May will produce flowering plants in August, which will continue flowering all through the fall. A very attractive and beautiful flower for cutting or for decorating gardens and lawns.

Mixed Colors. The colors are of various shades of lavender, purple and pink, as well as pure white. Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c.

White. Pure white flowers. Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.

Dawn. This variety belongs to the early flowering class. The flowers are of a delicate pink shade, nearly white around the edges. Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c.

MAMMOTH FLOWERING COSMOS. The flowers of this improved Cosmos grow very large, often measuring three inches in diameter, and are of the most delicate colors, shading from pure white to deep red and purple. The plants grow from four to five feet high, and the flowers have long, graceful stems, and are most attractive and beautiful. In order to get them to flower early in the fall in this latitude the seeds should be sown in pots or boxes in March and the plants set out in the open ground in May. Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.



COSMOS "DAWN." (From a Photograph.)

CLARKIA.

Plants **2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.** high and covered with very pretty double flowers. Very handsome and ornamental plants and should be more generally grown. Easily raised from seed sown in the open ground in the spring. **Double Mixed Colors, pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

CANDYTUFT.

Candytuft is a very hardy plant, easily grown and flowers all summer. It is a universal favorite, and is used for beds, borders, pots, etc.

EMPRESS. An improved variety producing very long spikes of bloom resembling a White Hyacinth. This is certainly the finest White Candytuft. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

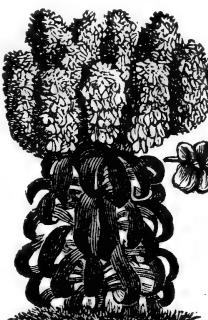
Dunnett's Crimson. A red flower. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

WHITE ROCKET. Large spikes of pure white flowers. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; oz. 25c.**

Sweet-Scented Pure White. The well-known sweet-scented candytuft. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; oz. 20c.**

Mixed Colors. A mixture of the best kinds and colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; oz. 25c.**

PERENNIAL White. Hardy Candytuft that will last over winter and bloom very early in the spring before other flowers have started. The flowers are larger than the annual kinds, and are very handsome. **Pkt. 5c.**



White Rocket
Candytuft.

CASTOR OIL BEAN. (Ricinus.)

A very effective plant for lawn decoration or screens. Plant the seed when the soil is warm and where the plants are to grow. It is well to put two or three seeds in a place and thin to one good plant.

CAMBODGENESIS. This is a most attractive and gorgeous variety. The plants grow rapidly, and the dark, reddish bronze leaves with large red veins, present a most luxuriant and striking appearance. When young the leaves and stems are reddish brown, while the main stem is a lustrous black, producing a gorgeous effect. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.**

ZANZIBARIENSIS. The largest variety, often growing 12 feet tall, with enormous leaves measuring over two feet across. The leaves are green, while the stalk, stems and veins of the leaves are red, brown and yellow, producing a gorgeous display of color. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.**

CALENDULA.

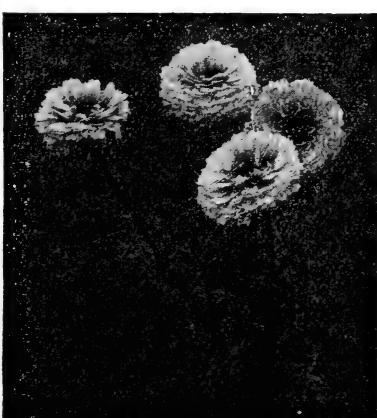
A very charming flower, belonging to the Marigold family, and cultivated in the same way.

Large Double-flowered Meteor. A beautiful variety, with large, golden yellow flowers, having each petal striped with orange. The flowers are perfectly double, often three inches in diameter. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

The annual Chrysanthemums raised from seed are entirely different from the large Japanese varieties grown in green-houses. The annual kinds have small flowers of bright colors and fine dark green foliage. Very easily grown from seed sown in the spring in the open ground.

WHITE PEARL. A very handsome annual chrysanthemum with very pretty double white flowers, slightly yellow in the center. The plants grow three feet high and are covered with hundreds of flowers during the summer and fall. This is the finest variety we have seen.



WHITE PEARL CHRYSANTHEMUM.
(Photograph.)

Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.

Dunnett's New Double Yellow. Medium size double flowers much like the White Pearl, except in color, which is a pleasing shade of yellow. Flowers profusely from summer until late in the fall. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Coron, Double White. Very popular; almost perfectly double and continues in bloom very late in the season.

Pkt. 5c; 3 Pkts. 12c.

CALLIOPSIS.

One of the most charming and attractive of annual flowers, easily grown and producing an abundance of flowers all through the summer and autumn.

GOLDEN WAVE. A most attractive and beautiful flower. The plants grow about 15 inches high, and are covered with golden yellow flowers with maroon centers. A row or bed of these plants, with their long, graceful stems and bright foliage, in contrast with the gorgeous color of the flowers, presents a most pleasing sight. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Bicolor. The plants grow two feet all, and produce a profusion of bright-colored flowers about one inch in diameter of every shade of yellow, brown and maroon, on long, graceful stems. Very easily raised, and will flower all summer. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

CENTAUREA.

Centaureas form a class of hardy, vigorous-growing annual flowers, of which Bachelor's Button and Sweet Sutton are familiar examples. We are glad to be able to offer a new class which is a wonderful improvement over the older kinds.

Centaurea Imperialis. These beautiful flowers often grow two inches in diameter, and have long, graceful stems. The plant is a vigorous grower and blooms for a long time. Seed sown in the open ground in the spring will produce flowering plants in July, and they will continue to flower until fall. A light frost does not injure them. The flowers are pure white, lavender and lavender and white. These new Centaureas are certainly a great addition to our hardy annual flowers, and we are sure they will please all who raise them. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

COLUMBINE. (Aquilegia.)

A hardy perennial, easy of cultivation. The abundance of showy flowers early in the season, and their peculiar formation, render this plant well worthy of a place in every garden. The plants form large clusters, from which their graceful flowers stand on long, slender stems about $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet high. The plants do not flower the first season from seed, but will flower early the following summer and last for many years.

Double Mixed Colors. The double-flowered kinds are not as large as the single varieties, and in our opinion are not as handsome. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12.**

COERULA. Flowers of the largest size and of a beautiful shade of violet blue, with white centers. One of the very handsomest single varieties. **Pkt. 10; 3 pkts. 25c.**

NEW LARGE FLOWERING HYBRIDS. Composed of some beautiful new varieties, hybrids of the blue and white variety described above, with very large single flowers of various charming colors. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

DAHLIAS.

Dahlias, especially the single varieties, can easily be raised from seed by sowing the seed in a box or pot in February or March and transplanting into other pots as the plants commence to crowd. Set in the open ground when warm and support with stakes. The plants will flower the first year, and the roots can be saved and will flower much earlier the second year.

New Single Dahlias. These are becoming very popular and fashionable flowers. Our seed is a mixture of the finest single varieties with largest flowers and best colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Double Dahlias. Seed saved from the largest and finest Double Dahlias, and will produce a high percentage of fine double flowers. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

DELPHINIUM, or Hardy Larkspur.

Very ornamental plants, producing long spikes of brilliant flowers. Easily raised by sowing the seed in the open ground either in the spring or in August and thinning the plants so that they stand two feet apart. Seed sown early in the spring will sometimes produce plants that flower in the fall. The plants are hardy and will last for years, flowering early in the summer and all through the fall.

Semi-Dwarf Hybrids. The spikes of flowers are often two feet long, and the flowers are of beautiful shades of blue, ranging from light blue to the deepest indigo. The plants do not grow quite as tall as the old kinds and have longer spikes of flowers. **Pkt. 8c; 3 Pkts. 20c.**

Annual Varieties. See Larkspur.

DIANTHUS, OR PINKS.

Very popular and effective flowers, easily raised and afford a constant supply of bright, handsome flowers during the summer and autumn. If the plants are given some light protection they will live over winter and flower very early in the spring.



DOUBLE DIANTHUS, HEDDEWIGI. (Photograph.)

Cyclops Pink. A hardy, ever-blooming and **fragrant** Pink, which will stand the winter and flower for a number of years. The flowers are single, semi-double and double, and of delicious fragrance. They are borne in great profusion from May until frost, after the plant is established; and if the seed is sown early in boxes in the house or hotbed, they will flower the first season. The plants grow from 12 to 15 inches high, and are valuable for bedding as well as cutting. The seed we offer is of a new strain, with flowers of deeper and more brilliant colors than formerly produced. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

SHASTA DAISY.

This new Daisy originated in California and has met with great popularity. Flowers are like the wild Marguerites but very much larger, often measuring four inches across, and are produced well above the plant on long, graceful stems 1 to 2 feet in length, making very handsome flowers for vases and decoration.

If the seed is sown in the open ground in the spring good large plants will be obtained for flowering the following year. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

ESCHSCHOLTZIA, or California Poppy.

A very ornamental trailing plant with silvery leaves and large bright-colored saucer shaped flowers. The plants spread over the ground two feet or more and their flowers stand above the leaves in great profusion. Very easily raised and will bloom from July to October.

Golden West. Large bright yellow flowers. The flowers are larger and handsomer than the old yellow variety. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

CARMINE KING. The most beautifully colored variety. The large flowers are of a charming shade of carmine or rose color on both sides of the petals. This is a new kind that will please all who raise it. **Pkt. 10c.**

EVERLASTINGS. (*Helichrysum Monstruosum*.)

These annual Everlastings are easily grown and bloom profusely in September and October. If the flowers are picked when they are but half open they will last for a year or more. The seed is sown in the open ground in the spring.

Salmon Pink. A new and very attractive color in this flower. **Pkt. 5c.**

Mixed Colors. A collection of the handsomest colors, from pure white to deep red. Flowers large and double. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

FOXGLOVE. (*Digitalis*.)

Very easily grown and the spikes of flowers are stately and beautiful. Sow the seed in the spring and thin out to a foot or more apart. Foxglove is especially handsome when planted along a wall or fence or as a background for other flowers. The plants will last for years without any protection.

Gloxinioides. The handsomest variety, with gloxinia-like flowers. Mixed colors, **pkt. 5c; White, pkt. 10c.**

FORGET-ME-NOT. (*Myosotis*.)

A half hardy perennial easily grown from seed. It does best in a moist situation. It flowers the first season, and will live over winter if given a covering of leaves or other light protection, and will last for a number of years.

DOUBLE VARIETIES OF DIANTHUS.

Hedewigi, Double Japan Pink. Remarkably large and double, and of brilliant colors. The flowers are as large as the finest Carnations. The plants flower all through the late summer and fall, and produce their gorgeous-colored flowers in great profusion. Our strain of these Pinks is very fine. **Mixed colors. Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; oz. 60c.**

FIREBALL. A new and very handsome Double Dianthus, of a clear, pure **brilliant scarlet**, with no purple shade. The flowers are large and double, and resemble a fine bright red carnation. They not only make a brilliant show on the plant, but they are very handsome as cut flowers. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.**

Lacinatus. (Fringed.) This is a beautiful variety of the Double Japan Pinks. The petals of the flowers are fringed at the edges, which produce a very pleasing effect. The flowers are very large and of many beautiful colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Chinensis, Double Chinese Pink. Flowers very double and produced in clusters. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

SINGLE DIANTHUS. The single flowering Dianthus makes a most brilliant show of color in the garden. They flower continuously through the summer and fall, and a bed or border of them is very attractive. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Palustris. The true Forget-Me-Not. Dark blue flowers with white centers. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12cts.**

Sylvatica. Grows taller than the ordinary variety. The flowers are large, light blue, with yellow eyes. Does not flower the first season grown from seed. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

GAILLARDIAS.

The Gaillardias are not only strikingly beautiful, but are very easily cultivated. They are of two distinct types. The **single** varieties are perennials, and do not reach perfection until the second year, when they are very handsome. The flowers measure from two to three inches in diameter, and are of very brilliant colors. The plants grow low and spreading, and the flowers are borne on long stems. The **double** variety is an annual, and flowers the first season only. It is a very showy, brilliant-colored flower, and blooms profusely all through the late summer and autumn. The seed can be sown in the open ground, and the plants should be thinned from eight to ten inches apart.

Single Gaillardias. Very large and showy red flowers, bordered with deep yellow. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Double Gaillardias. Entirely different from the single varieties. The flowers are smaller and they bloom two months after sowing the seed. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

GOURLDS.

Cultivation similar to squash. The vines can be allowed to run on the ground, but gourds are usually planted where the vines can run over a fence, arbor, or old tree. They are excellent climbers, and the fruit has such a variety of forms and colors that a collection of gourds is exceedingly interesting.

Dipper Gourds. The fruit at one end is long and slim and bulges at the other end so it can be used for dippers. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.**

Japanese Nest Egg. Fruit white and resembling an egg in size and shape. Does not crack and is not injured by ordinary heat and cold. A vigorous grower and a decidedly ornamental climber. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.**

MIXED SMALL SORTS. A mixture of a large number of small ornamental sorts imported from Germany. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

HELIOTROPE.

This deliciously fragrant flower can be easily raised by sowing the seed in a box in the house in March, and setting the plants out in the garden in May, and they will flower in July and August. In the fall the plants can be taken up, and will flower in the house during the winter.

Large-Flowering. Blooms early, and the flowers are of the largest size, shading from light to dark blue. **Pkt. 10c.**

HOLLYHOCKS.

The seed is often sown in July or August, and the plants will then flower early in the following year. They are perfectly hardy.

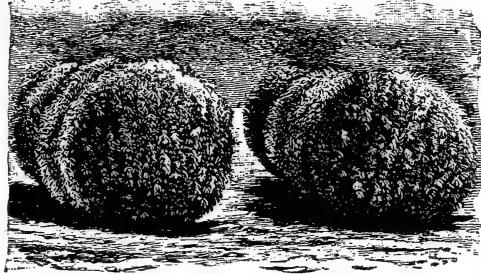
CHATER'S SUPERB HOLLYHOCKS. A magnificent strain of Hollyhocks. The flowers are of the **largest size** perfectly double and grow close together on the stem, forming a mass of the most beautiful flowers, equal to camellias. These are undoubtedly the finest double Hollyhocks grown. **Pkt. 10c. 3 pkts. 25c.**

Fine Double. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.**

New Annual Hollyhocks. **Bloom in August from seed sown in the spring.** The seed of these new Hollyhocks may be sown in the spring (May) and the plants will bloom in August, or if earlier flowers are desired, the seed may be started in the house in March, and the plants set out where they are to grow when the weather is warm. The flowers are semi-double and single, and are of very attractive colors. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

Hollyhock Plants. See Flowering Plant Department. page 60.

KOCHIA, or SUMMER CYPRESS.



KOCHIA, OR SUMMER CYPRESS.

A very ornamental plant which forms round bushes $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet high with feathery light green leaves, changing in the fall to bright red so that the whole plant looks like a ball of fire. These little bushes are very pretty at all stages of growth and are especially attractive in the fall. Very easily grown from seed sown in the open ground in the spring. Thin the plants so they stand two feet apart.

Kochia Trichophylla. The best variety. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.**

LARKSPUR.

The annual Larkspurs are very handsome plants producing long spikes of flowers often over a foot in length, which stand erect above the leaves of the plant. Easily raised by sowing the seed in the open ground as early as possible in the spring, or the seed may be sown in boxes in March and the plants set out in May.

Tall Branching. The plant grows 2 feet tall and produces long spikes of flowers of many shades of color, including pure white, light and dark blue, pink and red. A row or bed of these Larkspurs is very handsome. They are hardy and easily raised and bloom all summer. **Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c.**

Perennial Larkspur. See Delphinium.

MARIGOLDS.

Marigolds are very easily grown, and are among our most satisfactory annual flowers.

There are two distinct varieties of Marigolds. The French or dwarf varieties grow only about a foot high, and have small bright colored flowers, while the African Marigolds have much larger flowers and grow two to three feet tall.

LEGION OF HONOR. This single dwarf variety has flowers of the brightest yellow and maroon, which make a beautiful show in a border or bed, and are also very pretty as cut flowers. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Gold Striped. A double French dwarf variety. Plants grow one foot high, and are covered with bright colored double flowers in the greatest profusion. The petals are a beautiful red brown, margined with bright yellow, producing a very pleasing effect. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Double French Dwarf. Plants grow about one foot high. Flowers orange, brown and yellow, mixed. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**



DOUBLE AFRICAN QUILLED MARIGOLD.

Double African Quilled. Plants grow from two to three feet high. Flowers very large, measuring from three to four inches in diameter, perfectly doubled and with quilled petals. We offer two distinct colors, light yellow and orange, mixed. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

MORNING GLORY.

Morning Glories make a very rapid growth and produce vines 10 to 15 feet high during the summer from seed sown in the spring.

MIXED COLORS. Very hardy and vigorous, vine growing with great rapidity and covered with large, handsome flowers of many colors and markings. May be used to cover fences, walls or outbuildings. **Pkt. 5c; ounce 12c.**

Striped Rose. A mixture of the finest rose-striped Morning Glories. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

NEW JAPANESE MORNING GLORIES. The Japanese have made wonderful improvements in the Morning Glory. The new Japanese varieties are of large size, and the colors and markings are of remarkable beauty. The foliage is also very ornamental, being variegated, striped and marked with different shades of green and white. The vines are not of as vigorous growth as the common Morning Glory, and require extra care. Our seed is of a very fine strain, comprising many plants with variegated leaves and flowers of the largest size and most attractive colors. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.**

ROCHESTER. This is a beautiful variety with very large **deep blue** flowers, bordered with white on the edges. The vines grow with remarkable vigor and the leaves are of immense size and cover the whole plant from the ground up. A most ornamental plant. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

MIGNONETTE.

ALLEN'S DEFIAENCE. This improved variety has magnificent long spikes of flowers of very rich fragrance. The spikes of flowers under favorable circumstances sometimes grow over a **foot long**, and will last a long time after cutting. **Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15c; oz. 40c.**

MACHET. The plants are of a dwarf habit and produce an abundance of very large spikes of flowers, being three times as large as the common kind, and continue in flower much longer. We highly recommend it for house or outdoor culture. The flowers are of a red tinge and the fragrance is delicious. **Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c.**

Goliath. A new brilliant red variety with immense spikes of flowers and very luxuriant foliage. The florets are unusually large and clustered thickly along the stem and are of a bright red color, which gives the flower spikes a most pleasing and brilliant appearance. The fragrance is powerful and delicious. Undoubtedly one of the very best varieties for house culture or open ground. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

Golden Queen. Flowers of a **golden yellow** hue, large and compact. A very beautiful variety. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Sweet Mignonette. Very fragrant, largely grown for bees. **Pkt. 5c; ounce 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c.**

NASTURTIUMS

There is no flower more easily raised than Nasturtiums, and they are so graceful and of such beautiful colors that they are more largely grown than almost any other annual flower. They are beautiful in beds and borders, and are also largely grown in hanging baskets and boxes outside of windows and on balconies, and for training on trellises. Seed should be sown about the middle of May in this latitude.

LOBB'S IMPROVED NASTURTIUMS. The vines do not grow as long and rank as the common tall Nasturtiums, which often entirely hide the flowers, but are covered with a mass of the most **brilliant colored** flowers of most graceful form. A row or bed of these Nasturtiums is unsurpassed for beauty and attractiveness, and will be found a constant source of pleasure. They are among the finest Nasturtiums for growing in boxes or baskets, as well as for outdoor culture. Our seed includes the finest varieties and colors, from very dark red to the lightest yellow. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.10.**

MADAM GUNTER'S HYBRIDS. These are new and charming varieties of Lobb's Nasturtiums which were selected especially for the beauty and variety of their coloring and size of the flowers. The colors are more varied and more attractive than those of any other Nasturtiums, and the flowers are of largest size. The foliage is also colored in many instances, which adds to their charm in no small degree. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.20.**

Tall Nasturtiums. Very vigorous vines, growing 10 to 15 feet long if given support on which to climb; flowers of the **largest size** and beautiful colors. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 12c; 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

Selected Named Varieties of **Tall Nasturtiums.** We offer some new kinds that we have found to be very fine. They have **much larger flowers** than the old type.

Caprice. Flowers of the largest size and beautifully marked and colored, with various shades of yellow and red combined in the most attractive way. Flowers marked in two or three different ways will often be found on the same plant. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c.**

Midnight. Flowers of a deep rich red-brown—the darkest red of all Nasturtiums. The large size of the flowers and their rich colorings make them most desirable and attractive. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c.**

Rudolph Virchou. A very handsome **rose pink** of a bright and rich hue. It is much the finest pink variety we have seen, and should be in every collection. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c.**

Croesus. Very large yellow flowers, beautifully marked and blotched with a rich shade of red. The three lower petals are also heavily fringed at the throat, which gives the flowers a very charming appearance. The ground color of the flowers ranges from light lemon yellow to deep orange. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15; 1/4 lb. 35c.**

QUEEN WILHELMINA. (New.) A very ornamental variety with *variegated leaves* and glowing scarlet flowers. The leaves are marked and striped with white which produces an unusual and attractive effect. The flowers also are unusually bright and handsome, being of a brilliant scarlet color. This variety belongs to the Lobb's class. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.**

SPECIAL OFFER. We will send one packet each of the above five Nasturtiums for 20 cents net, or one ounce of each for 65 cents.

NICOTIANA.

This is a handsome annual flower, easily raised from seed sown in the open ground. Plants grow about two feet high and flower from August until frost.

Affinis. Long trumpet-shaped white flowers with a delicate and delicious fragrance. **Pkt. 5c.**

SANDEREA. A new variety, with bright carmine-red flowers. The plant grows two feet tall and of a bushy form, completely covered with large, bright red flowers, being much more prolific of bloom than the old variety. Every one should raise a few plants of this charming new flower. **Pkt. 10c.**

SANDEREA HYBRIDS. These new Hybrids of Nicotiana Sanderæ have flowers of various colors, ranging from light pink to purple and bright red. **Pkt. 10c.**



SINGLE FRINGED PETUNIAS.



LOBB'S NASTURTIUMS

PETUNIAS.

Petunias are particularly useful for beds and masses, where their bright, rich and varied colorings produce a brilliant effect on lawns and in gardens.

Ruffled Giants. These new Petunias have enormous single flowers, beautifully ruffled on the edges. The colors are of many delicate shades. The plants are of robust habit and vigorous growth. **Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. 25c.**

Single Fringed. These are among the most charming single flowering Petunias. The flowers are of the largest size beautifully ruffled and fringed around the edges and are of the most delicate and charming colors. **Pkt. 20c.**

Double Flowering Fringed. The largest and finest of all Petunias, but very difficult to raise. The flowers are very large and beautifully fringed. About half of the flowers are double, the rest being semi-double. The seed is very small and difficult to germinate, and as it is very expensive great care should be taken not to cover it too deeply or to let it dry out. **Pkt.** containing not less than 75 seeds. **25c.**

NOTE.—The above kinds should be sown in pots or boxes and the young plants transplanted as soon as large enough.

Fine Mixed Sorts. A mixture of the most brilliant colored, small-flowering single Petunias. Well suited for sowing in the open ground. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

PORTULACA.

Double Rose-Flowered. The finest of all Portulacas. The flowers are double and resemble a perfect rose. Our seed is the very finest obtainable, and will produce a large percentage of beautiful double flowers of many charming colors. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

Single, Finest Mixed. A mixture of the largest and most brilliantly colored single varieties. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

PANSIES.

Seed sown in February or March in boxes in the house will produce fine flowers in the summer and all through the fall. If flowers are desired early in the spring seed should be sown in August and the plants wintered in cold frames, but such plants do not stand summer heat well. Seed sown in the open ground in the spring will produce flowering plants in August and September, but these plants may be wintered over with a slight protection of leaves for early flowers the next spring.

Masterpiece or Giant Ruffled Pansies.

A new strain of Giant blotched pansies with undulated or ruffled petals, which give the flowers an unusual and handsome appearance. The flowers are of the **largest size and beautiful colors**, and the frilled or ruffled petals add greatly to their beauty. The plant is of strong growth and stands well in hot weather.

Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.40.

MASTERPIECE EXHIBITION. This strain is made up by selecting the handsomest colored and largest and most perfectly formed flowers of the Giant Ruffled type. Those who want to raise the **very finest** Ruffled pansies that can be obtained should certainly use the "Exhibition" strain. Pkt. 20c; 3 pkts. 50c; $\frac{1}{6}$ oz. \$2.00.

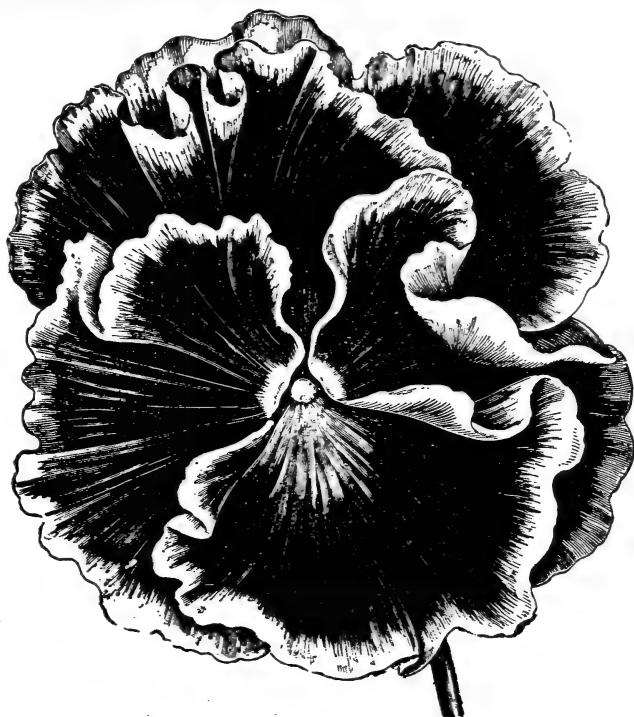
Bugnot's Superb Pansies. This strain comprises a great variety of the richest and rarest colors and most beautifully marked pansies, which are so much admired by all lovers of this flower. The flowers are large and all five petals are blotched with deeper color than on the edges and many flowers are veined and marked in a beautiful and interesting way. Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. 25c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 85c.

BUGNOT'S BROWN VARIETIES. This mixture is composed exclusively of the **brown shades** of Bugnot's Superb Pansies, which are always so much desired. They are very handsome pansies and the colors are quite novel. Pkt. 10c.

Trimardeau or Giant Pansies. These are among the **largest pansies** grown. The flowers are of beautiful colors and of good form which, combined with their enormous size and vigorous and compact growth, places them among the finest of all pansies. Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 55c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$2.00.

STRIPED AND MOTTLED PANSIES. This class comprises some of the most interesting and attractive pansies, the flowers being striped and marked with a great variety of colors, making them very interesting and beautiful. Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c.

We will send one packet each of Bugnot's, Trimardeau and Striped and Mottled Pansies for 25c net.



MASTERPIECE OR RUFFLED PANSIES.



STRIPED AND MOTTLED PANSY.

New Orchid-Flowered Pansies. A very unique and beautiful new class of Pansies distinguished particularly for their delicate and beautiful coloring and peculiar form. The flowers are of medium size and of distinct shape, the two upper petals being elongated and stand upright, and they are beautifully veined with darker shades on light ground colors. All lovers of pansies should try this new class. Pkt. 15c; 2 pkts. 25c.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI.

Phlox make a magnificent show in beds and masses where their brilliant and varied colors produce a gorgeous effect. Sow seed in the open ground in the spring. All three kinds named below are of the improved "Grandiflora," or large-flowering strain, which produce much larger flowers than the old kind.

Brilliant Scarlet. Flowers large and of an intensely brilliant scarlet color. Pkt. 5c.

Pure White. Large, clear white flowers. Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.

Mixed Colors. A great variety of the most brilliant colors and beautiful markings. A bed or border of these Phlox is a beautiful sight. Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c; oz. 75c.

SWEET PEAS.

Sweet Peas are very easy to raise and everyone should have them in the garden. The principal thing is to sow the seed early—just as soon as the frost is out of the ground. They do well in almost any soil if it is made rich with manure, but the finest flowers are obtained on rather heavy, moist land.

QUANTITY OF SEED REQUIRED. An ounce of seed will sow about ten feet of row. A pound of sweet peas is about a pint, and will sow 150 feet of row.

THE BEST VARIETIES. There are hundreds of varieties of sweet peas. Many new kinds are introduced each year, but only a few of them prove to be of real value. We have tried to separate these from the inferior varieties, and those we offer below are what we think are the best of both the new and older kinds. It is not a long list, but it is the *cream* of the existing varieties.

THE "SPENCER" TYPE OF FLOWER.

What is known as the "Spencer" type derives its name from a variety called "Countess Spencer," which has flowers of **very large size and waved or fluted petals.** Other colors and forms of this type of flower have since been developed, and are called "Spencer" varieties. They are the largest and handsomest sweet peas now grown, but they do not always come true, many of the varieties varying so much that they are undesirable on this account. The ones we offer below come quite true to type and will be found very satisfactory.

NEW LARGE-FLOWERING "SPENCER" VARIETIES.

Asta Ohn. A new *lavender* variety with the *largest* and *best-formed* flowers yet obtained in this color. The flowers are of the true Spencer type, large and with waved and fluted petals. The color is a soft pinkish lavender, and is always greatly admired. These large beautiful flowers are produced on *long stems*, and each stem carries four flowers almost uniformly. Unquestionably the best lavender sweet peas yet produced. **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 45c.**

Lovely Spencer. Color soft rose pink, shading to nearly white at the edges. The flowers are *very large* and beautifully *waved* at the edge. One of the finest new varieties. **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c; oz. 60c.**

White Spencer. Described by a well-known authority as "the finest white sweet peas in existence at the present time." The very large flowers are of the true "Spencer" form, and have waved petals. Our seed is of a carefully selected strain, far superior to much of the seed of this variety that will be sold this year. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c.**

St. George. Color is described as "brilliant orange scarlet." It is much the same color as "Gorgeous," but richer and more brilliant, and the flowers are much larger and have waved petals. A very beautiful variety. **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c; oz. 65c.**

Florence Morse Spencer. Color delicate *shell pink* with deeper pink margin. Very large open flowers of the finest "Spencer" type, with waved petals, and produces four flowers to a stem. Probably the finest light pink sweet pea yet produced. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c.**

Helen Lewis. Color *deep orange pink*, a beautiful shade. One of the very handsomest of the new large flowering kinds. The flowers are not only of the most attractive color, but they are very large and of the best expanded form. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.85.**

Nora Unwin. One of the very largest and handsomest white sweet peas. A better grower and bloomer than White Spencer, and the flowers are almost as large, and have waved edges. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.**



ASTA OHN
SWEET PEA

SPECIAL OFFER FOR ABOVE NEW VARIETIES.

We will send one packet each of above seven new varieties of Sweet Peas for **35c net.** Or we will send $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce of each, amounting at the regular prices to **\$1.40 for 90c**, postpaid. No discount or "premium" will be allowed on this special price.

"Spencer" Varieties Mixed. We have a mixture composed of the best new "Spencer" or large-flowering waved sweet peas, including the varieties described above, and others as well, of which we have not enough seed to offer separate. This mixture is composed of only the *very best new kinds* and must not be confused with ordinary "mixed" sweet peas. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.70.**

PRICE OF THE FOLLOWING CHOICE VARIETIES: **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 55c, postpaid.** By express., 45c per lb. SEE SPECIAL OFFER PAGE 57.

HENRY ECKFOD. A magnificent large flower of a very attractive color—scarlet with an orange shade, a most brilliant and beautiful flower. In addition to this the flowers are of the *largest size* and most beautiful form, and are produced on long stems, so that they are very effective when bunched.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA. A new brilliant scarlet variety, with large expanded flowers of the finest form. The flowers are produced on long stems, and often four flowers to a stem. One great advantage of this new kind is that the color does not fade like other scarlet varieties.

FLORA NORTON. A new light blue or lavender variety that surpasses any other of its color for the clearness and richness of the shade. The flowers are large and of handsome form, and the color is very attractive, especially when massed by itself. Commences to flower **very early**.

JANET SCOTT. Color a soft rich pink. One of the most attractive and beautiful varieties, flowers of large size hooded form and produced three and four on a stem.

GOLDEN ROSE. Very large flowers of a primrose tint, and marked with light rose color.

MARCHIONESS OF CHOLMONDELEY. The color is salmon pink and buff. Flowers of the hooded form and of large size. A very attractive kind.

DOROTHY ECKFORD. A magnificent pure white flower of the largest size and of great substance. It is considered the **very best white** yet produced. It is of vigorous growth and produces three flowers on a stem.

LADY NINA BALFOUR. One of the best lavenders or mauve sweet peas. The color is soft and beautiful, and the flowers are especially effective when massed by themselves.

KING EDWARD VII. Magnificent large flowers of an intensely bright crimson. One of the finest pure bright red varieties.

MRS. DUGDALE. The flowers are of the **largest size** and the color is a soft carmine rose—a beautiful shade. The flowers hold their color well, and are very handsome when bunched together.

"BRILLIANT BLUE," (Lord Nelson.) A deep purplish blue like "Navy Blue," but deeper and a better shade, so we have dropped that kind. This is the same as Lord Nelson.

LADY MARY CURRIE. The upper portion is salmon pink, delicately veined, while the lower portion is a soft rose pink, lined with deeper shades. The flowers are of large size and good form. One of the finest pink varieties.

PRINCE OF WALES. Bright rose-colored flowers of large size and handsome form, growing three and four on a stem. The largest and finest variety of this shade of red.

Blanche Burpee. White. Very large pure white flowers of expanded form. Flowers early and profusely.

Extra Early Blanche Ferry. Pink and White. This new extra early strain flowers a week or ten days earlier than the old Blanche Ferry, which is the best pink and white variety.

NAMED VARIETIES MIXED. This mixture is composed of the choicest and best named varieties as described above. The different colors are put in such proportion as to produce the best effect when in flower. We are sure this seed will give the best of satisfaction to all who sow it. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 45c.** By express, **lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c.**

MIXED COLORS. Eckford's New Varieties Mixed. This mixture includes the finest varieties produced by Mr. Henry Eckford, of England, who has done more to improve the Sweet Pea than any other man living. Flowers are of large size and of great variety of colors and markings. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 8c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb 15c; lb. 40c.** By express, **lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c.**

Dwarf, or Cupid. The plants grow only six or eight inches high and produce flowers nearly as large as the tall growing kinds. They are very pretty and ornamental plants. We offer a mixture of many new and beautiful varieties of Cupid or of Dwarf Sweet Peas. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c** postpaid.

SPECIAL OFFER. We will send one packet each of any **SIX** of the above named varieties (except the first seven "Spencer" varieties) for **20c**; or **TEN** for **30c**. One ounce each of any **FIVE** varieties (except the "Spencer" varieties) for **30c**; or **1 oz.** of any **TEN** varieties (except the first seven kinds) for **50c**. No discount or premium will be allowed on these special prices.

An ounce of each of ten varieties will make a remarkably beautiful collection of Sweet Peas, with enough of each to keep the different colors separate or to combine them in the most effective way.

POPPIES.

Poppies are so easily grown and present so gorgeous a display of beautiful colors and graceful flowers that every one should have them in abundance. The flowers are much handsomer if the seed is sown in August or September, and the plants allowed to stand over winter. They will then flower early in the summer.

New Admiral Poppy. A new variety that is very handsome. The flowers are large and are produced on stems nearly two feet long. The color combination is clear white, edged with a broad band of brilliant scarlet around the edge. This is one of the most showy and attractive poppies we have ever seen.

Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.

DOUBLE RANUNCULUS FLOWERED. Very handsome double flowers growing on long slender stems. They are of bright, attractive colors, and produce a charming effect where grown in clumps or masses.

Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.

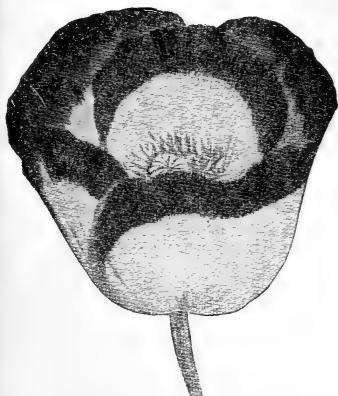
CARDINAL POPPY. New Hybrids. "The Cardinal" is a magnificent, large, double Poppy, of a glowing scarlet color; but we are now able to offer some **new colors**, ranging from pink to deep red. The plants are of dwarf or

compact growth and produce their enormous ball-like flowers in great profusion, and continue to flower an unusually long time. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Double Carnation. Immense globular flowers borne on long stems. The flowers are so double that they are as round as a ball and are of many striking colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

TULIP POPPY. The flowers much resemble a bright scarlet tulip, and are very unique and attractive. The flowers are produced on long, slender stems and protrude well above the foliage. A bed or mass of these Poppies presents a most gorgeous blaze of color and will be an ornament to any garden.

Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.



Shirley Poppies. These are the most delicately colored and graceful of all Poppies. The flowers are single and semi-double, and are produced on long, slender stems; but their great beauty lies in the exquisite coloring of the flowers which are of many delicate shades of pink and rose color, often shading in a single flower from pure white to deep rose. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

New Salmon Shades. These new shades of color in the Shirley Poppies will be welcomed by all. They are very delicate and beautiful. **Pkt. 5c.**

Iceland Poppies. (Perennials.) The Iceland Poppies differ from other varieties in being hardy perennials and yet flowering the first year from seed sown in the spring. After once started they will last for a number of years and flower constantly from June until October. The flowers are single and of beautiful colors, shading from deep yellow and scarlet to white. They stand in bold relief above the low growing plants on long graceful stems and have a delicate fragrance. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

Oriente. This is another hardy perennial Poppy that will stand our winters without protection and flower most profusely early in the summer. The flowers are **very large** often 6 to 8 inches across, bright scarlet with dark spots in the center, and are borne on long stems 3 or 4 feet above the ground. A bed or border of these Poppies makes a most brilliant show and will last for years. **Scarlet, pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

Oriente Hybrids. These new hybrids are of various shades of red not before obtained in this class, and are very handsome. **Pkt. 10c.**

SALPIGLOSSIS.

A very graceful and beautiful flower of easy culture in the open ground. The plant grows about two feet high, with large lily-like flowers. The large flowering varieties have flowers measuring three inches in diameter and of the most beautiful colors. The combinations of shades of colors and the beautiful markings on the flowers are truly wonderful. The plants commence to flower early in the summer and continue in bloom until late in the fall if the flowers are kept picked.

GRANDIFLORA. (Large Flowering.) Flowers large, beautifully colored and marked. In their colorings and general appearance they much resemble orchids. The flowers are of many different colors—blue, purple, orange, gold, maroon, yellow and red, and combinations of these colors. **Pkts. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

New Emperor. Plants of this new variety are more dwarf and compact than the above kind, while the flowers are equally large. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 20c.**

SALVIA.

The plants grow about two feet high and are completely covered with long spikes of brilliant scarlet flowers. Very attractive on lawns and borders and useful for cut flowers. Seed should be sown in March or April in boxes or hotbed and the plants set out in the open ground when danger of frost is over. There is no flower that can compare with Salvia in brilliancy of color and profusion of bloom.

SALVIA SPLENDENS. (Scarlet Sage.) Brilliant scarlet flowers borne on long spikes that literally cover the plant.

We have an improved **Grandiflora** strain of this Salvia which produces very long spikes of large flowers which last for a month or more without fading. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; 1/4 oz. 45c.**

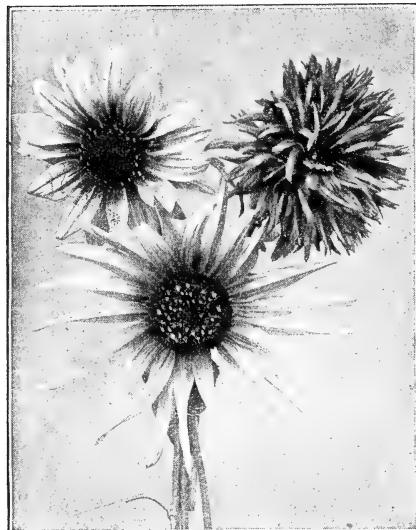
DWARF SALVIA. (Salvia Splendens Miniature.) The plants only grow about 18 inches high and are neat and compact, being completely covered with large flowers. Blooms earlier than other kinds, and is especially valuable for planting in borders where the taller kinds would be too high. The flowers are of the largest size and cover the plants from August until frost. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.**

Salvia Plants. Those who do not wish the trouble of raising the plants can obtain them ready to set in the open ground. See page 60.

SANVITALIA.

A very pretty bright yellow flower growing on a half creeping plant in the greatest abundance. The flowers resemble a double daisy, and are bright, attractive and easily grown. Cultivate like phlox.

Sanvitalia Procumbens. The finest double flowers. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**



NEW MINIATURE SUNFLOWER.

VERBENA.

This beautiful flower can be easily raised from seed by sowing in the open ground, and it will flower in the late summer and fall even after frost. To get early flowering plants the seed should be sown in boxes in the house and the plants transplanted to the open ground when the weather is warm.

Verbena Hybrida. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

NEW MAMMOTH. This new strain produces the largest and handsomest flowers, and is one of the finest strains of Verbenas in cultivation.

Mixed Colors. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

White. Largest pure white flowers. **Pkt. 10c.**

WALLFLOWER.

A half hardy perennial, easily grown from seed either in a box in the house or in the open ground. The plants should be taken up in the fall, and raised in the house where they will flower all winter.

Large Flowered. Single. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Covent Garden. The finest double variety. **Pkt. 10c.**

STOCKS.

Stocks can be grown in the open ground or in pots, and are of the easiest culture, requiring the same treatment as Aster.

Large Flowering Dwarf. Plants grow about a foot high and the flowers are of the largest size and perfectly double and of delicate fragrance. Blooms early in the summer if sown in the open ground in May. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

English Stock. Flowers mostly double and plant is of dwarf, compact growth. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Beauty of Nice. This is a new and very beautiful stock, growing two feet tall and having very large double flowers of a delicate shade of pink. The tall branching plants are covered with long sprays of these beautiful flowers, and are extremely handsome either in the garden or as a pot plant in the house. The flowers are so sweet that a few of them will fill a whole room with their delicious fragrance. Seed sown in March will produce flowering plants in August. If the seed is sown in May or June the plants will flower in the fall and continue all winter if placed in pots in the house. **Pkt. 10c.** For plants of this stock see page 60.

SNAPDRAGON. (Antirrhinum.)

The Snapdragon is one of the old fashioned flowers that has lately again become popular. It is easily raised by sowing the seed in the open ground in the spring. If the seed is sown early the plant will flower in July or August. The plants should be thinned so they stand a foot apart. The spikes of flowers are often nearly a foot long and make a fine display of color.

Improved Large Flowering. This improved variety has much larger flowers than the old kinds and are much handsomer in every way. We offer a mixture of all the best colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c. Pure White. Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.**

SUNFLOWER.

Sunflowers make very ornamental screens, and the seed is used for poultry food, for which it is often grown in large quantities.

Stella. (Miniature Sunflower.) This new single sunflower makes a very bright attractive and ornamental plant. The flowers are $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches across, and are produced in great profusion on long stems, which makes them excellent for cutting. The plants grow 4 to 5 feet high, and the bright yellow flowers with black centers make them exceedingly ornamental. Sown in May they commence flowering in July and continue all summer and fall. No trouble at all to raise. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.**

New Varieties of MINIATURE SUNFLOWERS. (See photograph.) Since the introduction of the Stella Sunflower described above there has been produced a number of others which vary from this in color, shape of petals, etc. Many of them are very interesting and beautiful. The petals in some cases are quilled like Cactus, Dahlias and some of the flowers are double and semi-double while the colors range from yellow to light cream. The plants form bushes 4 to 5 feet high, and are covered from top to bottom with these pretty star-like flowers. The seed we offer is a mixture of the best new varieties. **Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c.**

Double California. The finest double Sunflower. Plants grow 5 to 6 feet high, and the flowers are large, deep yellow and very double. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c; oz. 40c.**

Mammoth Russian. Very large size flowers, bearing an abundance of seed. The seed can be profitably raised for poultry food. **Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 15c; lb. 25c.** See page 46.

SWEET WILLIAM.

A universally admired perennial flower that when once started will last for years. Sow the seed in the open ground in the spring or fall.

Perfection. Extra large flowers of many beautiful colors and markings. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

ZINNIA.

The Zinnia is admirably adapted to our climate. It is remarkably healthy and vigorous, easily grown and flowers abundantly.

NEW CRESTED ZINNIA. These new Zinnias are the handsomest we have seen. The petals being crimped or quilled relieves the flower of its stiffness, which is the drawback to most Zinnias. The colors are also more delicate than are found in other varieties. The flowers are perfectly double and are produced on long stems.

Mixed Colors. **Pkt. 8c; 3 pkts. 20c.**

White. **Pkt. 10c.**

Carmine. A beautiful shade of red. A bed of these Zinnias is very handsome. **Pkt. 10c; 3 pkts. 25c.**

ZEBRA ZINNIA. Very large double flowers, many of which are striped with two or three different colors, which give them a very attractive appearance. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Dwarf Double Zinnias. Dwarf plant, with double flowers of beautiful color. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

NEW DOUBLE GIANT. A splendid variety with flowers of the largest size. The plant is of robust growth and produces a profusion of bloom. Mixed colors. **Pkt. 5c; 3 pkts. 12c.**

Seeds for a Complete Flower Garden at Less than Half Price.

We will send the following collection of Flower Seeds, which amounts to \$1.40 at our regular prices, for **65c**, postpaid. The collection consists of the following varieties, all of which are easily grown in the open ground by simply sowing the seed in the Spring in good soil. These are the very finest varieties we have and will produce beautiful flowers if given the proper care.

	Regular Price	Regular Price
1 Pkt. ASTER, Crego, pink.	.10	1 Pkt. MORNING GLORY, Large Flowering, mixed
1 " " Semple's Branching, mixed colors.	.08	1 " NASTURTIUM, Lobb's Improved, mixed
1 " BALSAM, Double Camellia Flowered, mixed colors.	.08	1 " PHLOX DRUMMONDI, mixed colors.
1 " CANDYTUFT, Empress.	.05	1 " PANSY, Masterpiece, or Giant Ruffled.
1 " CALLIOPSIS, Golden Wave.	.05	1 oz. SWEET PEAS, mixed colors.
1 " CENTAUREA, Imperials.	.05	1 Pkt. POPPY, Shirley, mixed colors.
1 " COSMOS, Early Flowering, mixed colors.	.05	1 " SALPIGLOSSIS, Grandiflora.
1 " LARKSPUR, Branching, mixed colors	.05	1 " SNAPDRAGON, mixed colors.
1 " DIANTHUS, Double Japan Pink, mixed colors.	.05	1 " SUNFLOWER, New Miniature Varieties.
1 " MARIGOLD, Double French Dwarf.	.05	1 " ZINNIA, New Crested, mixed colors.
1 " " Double African Quilled.	.05	
1 " MIGNONETTE, Machet.	.05	
		Total, \$1.42

SPECIAL PRICE FOR THIS COLLECTION 65c.

As these collections are put up ready to send off we cannot change them in any way.

NO DISCOUNT of any kind can be allowed on this collection of Flower Seeds. In ordering simply order "Special Collection of Flower Seeds, 65c."

Flowering Plants and Bulbs.

We offer a few of the best and most satisfactory flowering plants for general culture in the open ground. Some of them, such as Begonias, Cannas, Gladiolus and Dahlias will not stand the winter, but must be taken up in the fall and set out again in the spring. The hardy perennial plants such as Phlox, Anemone, Hollyhocks, etc., may be left out all winter without protection and will usually increase in size and beauty from year to year. There is nothing more satisfactory in the way of flowers than these hardy perennials which come up year after year, without having to be replanted.

ANEMONE. (Windflower.)

One of the most beautiful and useful of the hardy autumn-flowering plants. The flowers are produced on long slender stems well above the plant and are extremely graceful and ornamental both in the garden and as cut flowers. The plants are perfectly hardy and need only a slight covering of leaves in the fall.

Red Japonica. Single flowers of medium size and of beautiful rose color. Very long stems.

White Japonica. Same as above but with snow white flowers.

WHIRLWIND. Semi-double pure white flowers produced in clusters and in great profusion. Stems are not as long as those of the single Japonica.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE. This is the finest Anemone we have seen. The flowers are often 4 inches across and their coloring is very charming, being a silver pink like a La France rose. They are usually semi-double and are produced in great abundance during the fall.

Price of any of the above varieties, strong plants, **15c each; 4 for 50c; dozen \$1.40, postpaid.** By express, **12c each; \$1.25 per doz.**

BEGONIAS.

These large flowering Tuberous Begonias are magnificent plants for beds in the open ground. One who has not seen them can hardly imagine the brilliant and gorgeous effect produced by their large, richly colored foliage, and their beautiful waxy flowers of bright and varied colors. If the bulbs are started early the plants will commence to flower in July and continue in constant bloom until frost. The flowers are from 3 to 4 inches across and are produced in great profusion, almost covering the plant from sight. The bulbs should be started about the first of April in small pots plunged in boxes of earth in the house or hotbed and well watered. Plants can be set out in the open ground as soon as all danger of frost is over. Begonias do best in partial shade.

SINGLE VARIETIES. We offer four colors—**scarlet, white, pink and yellow.** Four bulbs, one of each color **20c; dozen bulbs, your selection of colors, 60c; 2 doz. \$1.10, postpaid.** By express, **50c per dozen; \$3.75 per 100.**

DOUBLE VARIETIES. Handsome, large double flowers that resemble a small rose. Same colors as above. **One bulb of each color (4 bulbs) 25c; dozen, your selection of colors, 75c.** By express, **65c per doz.; 50 bulbs for \$2.75.**

SHASTA DAISY.

Much like the common field Daisy or Marguerites, but much larger, whiter and handsomer. Perfectly hardy. Strong plants, **15c each; 4 for 50c; \$1.50 per doz., postpaid.**

GLADIOLUS.

The Gladiolus is one of the most ornamental and attractive of flowering bulbs. The spikes of flowers grow two feet or more high, the flowers being of every shade of color and beautifully marked. When planted in beds or borders they make a most gorgeous show. The bulbs can be set out any time from the middle of April to the first of June, and will always flower the first year. Set out the bulbs about eight or ten inches apart and three



TUBEROUS-ROOTED BEGONIAS.

or four inches deep. In the fall, after they have flowered, the bulbs should be taken up and stored in a dry place over winter.

GROFF'S NEW HYBRIDS. These are the **very finest large** flowering varieties of Gladioli. We offer two different mixtures as follows:

Mixture No. 1. Composed of a general collection of Mr. Groff's hybrid varieties, including principally red, pink and yellowish shades, with some whites, lilac and blues. By mail, **30c per doz.** By express, **25c per doz.; \$1.75 per 100.**

Mixture No. 2. Composed of the newer white, cream, light yellow and pink varieties and combinations of the handsomest colors. This mixture will produce a beautiful display of flowers of the most attractive colors and markings, as it includes only the very best varieties. By mail, **65c per doz.; ½ doz. 35c.** By express, **60c per doz.; \$4.00 per 100.**

CANNAS.

For lawn decorations there is no plant equal to the improved varieties of Cannas. Their bright, luxuriant foliage and long spikes of brilliant flowers make a beautiful display in beds and borders.

The roots may be started in pots in the house or hot-bed in March or first part of April and the plants set out in the open beds when danger of frost is past. Or the roots may be set out in the open ground about May 1st in this latitude.

The following are among the newest and best varieties of large-flowering Cannas for bedding:

Alsace. Creamy white flowers of good size. Very pleasing when planted with more brilliant colored kinds. Green foliage, 3 or 4 ft.

Buttercup. Pure bright yellow, like a buttercup. The best pure yellow Canna. Green foliage, 3½ ft.

Souy. d'Antoine Crozy. Brilliant scarlet flowers edged with gold. One of the most showy and attractive Cannas grown. Flowers large and abundant and do not fade in the sun. Green foliage, 4 ft.

Queen Charlotte. Each petal has a broad border of golden yellow with brilliant scarlet center. Flowers of large size and produced thickly on the stem. Green foliage, 5 ft.

Florence Vaughan. Rich golden yellow, dotted with crimson, large and handsome flowers. Green foliage, 4½ ft.

Austria. Immense golden yellow flowers spotted in the center like a lily. The largest and handsomest yellow Canna. Green foliage, 6 ft. tall.

J. D. Eisele. Flowers of large size and a beautiful shade of vermillion scarlet with an orange shading, one of the very finest. Green foliage, 5 ft.

Pennsylvania. Immense flower of an intense orange-scarlet, a charming shade of color, and one of the best Cannas. Flowers often 7 inches across and produced in great abundance. Green foliage, 5½ ft.

ITALIA. (Orchid-flowered.) Flowers of the **largest** size and brilliant red with a wide margin of gold on each petal. A gorgeous and beautiful flower. Green foliage, 4½ feet.

KING HUMBERT. This new Canna combines flowers of the largest "orchid-flowered" type with rich bronze foliage. The flowers are of a bright orange-scarlet with deeper red markings and are of immense size. One of the very finest varieties; 4½ feet.

Shenandoah. Beautiful deep red foliage and large rose colored flowers. A very handsome Canna for planting with green foliage varieties. Should be in every collection; 6 ft.

Price. Good dormant roots of the above varieties, by mail, 10c each; \$1.00 per doz. By express, 75c per doz.; 50 roots \$2.50.

HOLLYHOCKS.

Plants set out this spring will flower in July and August and will last for a number of years without any protection.

Finest Double Varieties. We can furnish the following colors: Yellow, pink, deep red and pure white, each 15c; 6 for 75c; 12 for \$1.40, postpaid. By express, \$1.20 per doz.

ALLEGHANY. Very large semi-double flowers with beautifully fringed and fluted petals. These are very handsome new Hollyhocks, and we highly recommend them. Mixed colors. Price same as above.

PERENNIAL PHLOX.

There has been great improvement made in the old-fashioned perennial Phlox, and they are now one of the handsomest and most showy of the hardy flowering plants. They flower from July until November, producing a wealth of bloom and variety of coloring hardly equalled by any other plant. The plants are perfectly hardy and will last for many years without any protection. We offer some of the best varieties of the following colors: **Pure white, bright scarlet, rose pink and salmon pink**, in strong, field-grown clumps. Price, 15c each; \$1.45 per doz., postpaid. By express, 12c each; \$1.20 per doz.

PLANTS OF ANNUAL FLOWERS.

These plants will be ready for delivery about May 15th to June 1st. Orders may be sent at any time and plants will be sent when it is the proper time to set them out.

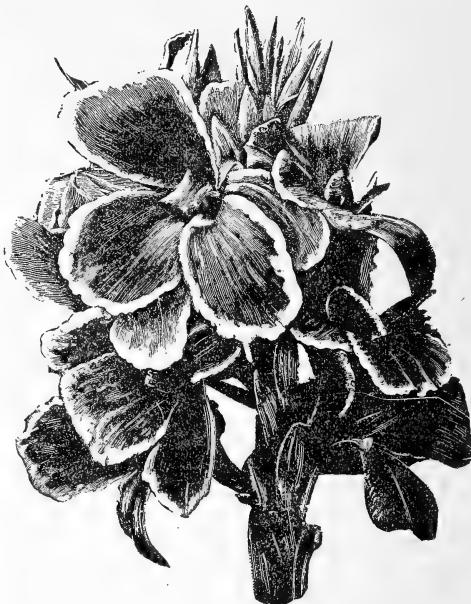
ASTERS. We can furnish first-class large plants of the most desirable varieties of Asters as follows: **Crego**, pink and mixed colors, **Semple's Pink Branching**, **Hohenzollern**—white and dark blue, **Rose Branching** and **Violet King**. (See page 49.) By mail, 40c per doz. By express, doz. 30c; 50 plants \$1.00; 100 plants \$1.75.

CARNATION. The Giant Marguerite Carnation plants we offer will produce flowers in August and all through the fall if set out in the open ground May 20th to June 1st. Ready middle of May. Price same as for Aster plants.

PANSY PLANTS. Our Pansy Plants are grown from seed sown in February, and are much superior for summer flowering to plants wintered over and sold while in flower in the spring. Such plants flower well for a few weeks but will not stand hot weather. Our plants will bloom through the summer and fall. Plants ready May 15th. We offer a mixture of the very finest Pansies we know of, **Giant Ruffled or Masterpiece**. By mail, 40c per doz.; 50 plants \$1.25. By express, doz. 30c; 100 plants, \$2.00.

SALVIA or SCARLET SAGE. The plants we offer will bloom early and will continue to bloom all through the fall. They are strong, well rooted plants, and will be ready to set out June 1st. By mail, 90c per doz. By express, 75c per doz.; 50 plants, \$2.50.

STOCKS. The handsomest Stock we know of is the **"Beauty of Nice."** This is a later variety than the common Stock and to get early flowers the plants should be set out the last of May or first of June. We can furnish good strong plants ready the middle of May. Price same as for Aster plants.



CANNA, SOUV. D'ANTOINE CROZY.

RUDBECKIA, "Golden Glow."

This hardy plant is very ornamental, growing five to six feet high, with **bright yellow** double flowers. They have long stems, and are not only handsome on the plant, but also make beautiful cut flowers. The plants grow very rapidly and bloom early in the summer and continue in bloom until killed by frost. They are perfectly hardy, and bloom more profusely each year. This is undoubtedly one of the most easily raised and most desirable hardy flowers grown. The plants should be watered in dry weather. Strong roots, 12c each; 6 for 60; 12 for \$1.00, postpaid. By express, extra large plants, 10c each; 85c per doz.

TUBEROSES.

Tuberous are very easily raised in the open ground in the summer, and are very ornamental. The flowers have an intensely sweet fragrance. The bulbs should be set out as soon as the soil is warm in the spring, and will flower in August and September. They can also be raised in pots in the house.

Excelsior Dwarf Pearl. The best variety. Flowers large, pure white, double and crowded on the stalk. Large bulbs, 8c each; per doz. 50c, by mail, postpaid. By express, 35c per doz.; 2 doz. 60c.

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS.

About Shipping.

By Mail. We send **first-class large plants** by mail and pack them so they go through in perfect condition. We guarantee their safe arrival in good order.

By Express or Freight. When the plants will weigh over four or five pounds it is usually cheaper to send them by express than by mail. Large lots (except Strawberry plants) can be sent cheaply by freight. Plants shipped by express are carried at 20 per cent less than regular rates. Where the prices are quoted "by express," it means that the plants when ordered at those prices will be sent by express or freight at the expense of the purchaser.

In Ordering Plants please give your **nearest express office**, if different from your postoffice, and state whether we may send by express, prepaid, instead of by mail. Plants can be packed to go by express in a manner to insure their delivery in better condition than if sent by mail.

Safe Delivery Guaranteed.

We assume all risks of the plants reaching the purchaser in good condition. If the plants are not satisfactory and in good order when received we must be notified **at once**, and the matter will be adjusted to the satisfaction of the purchaser. But it must be distinctly understood that we will not hold ourselves responsible for the treatment of the plants after they are received by the purchaser. Perfectly good plants are often ruined by improper planting or unfavorable weather after they are set out. Our responsibility ceases when the plants are delivered in good order.

We will send 50 plants of any variety at half the price quoted for 100 plants, or 500 at half the price of 1000.

STRAWBERRIES.

The best time to set out strawberries is in the spring, when they will grow all summer and form a good bed of plants that will bear profusely the following year.

The plants should be set out in good rich soil in rows 3 to 3½ feet apart and the plants a foot apart in the rows. It is best to set out the plants as soon as the ground can be gotten into good condition in the spring, but they will do very well if set out as late as the middle of May.

Some varieties as indicated below have imperfect flowers and must have some kind with perfect flowers near them to fertilize the blossoms. One row of perfect flowered plants will fertilize the flowers on two rows of an imperfect flowered variety on each side of it.

The plants we offer are of our own growing and are strong and well rooted. We have the finest lot of plants this season we ever raised. We dig and ship the plants the same day, so they reach the purchaser in the best possible condition.

JOHNSON'S EARLY. One of the very best **extra early** varieties. The berries are of good size, handsome color and of **fine quality**. The plant is a rampant grower and remarkably prolific, commencing to ripen early and continues to bear a long time. This berry is a money maker for market and is excellent for home use. Perfect flowers.

BEDER WOOD. A standard **early** kind that has long been considered one of the best. Plants are vigorous and produce large crops of medium size, smooth, deep red berries of excellent quality.

PARRON'S BEAUTY. A large handsome berry of good quality but not firm enough for long distance shipping. For home use or nearby market it is fine. The plant is a strong grower and produces big crops. Ripens medium to late. Perfect flowers.

GANDY. One of the very finest large late berries for home use or market. The berries are of the **largest size**, firm and of exceptional **fine quality**. For moist or heavy land this is certainly one of the very best late strawberries. It does not do well on dry sandy soil. It is not as prolific as some other kinds but the berries you get are large and fine. Perfect flowers.

GLEN MARY. This variety succeeds well everywhere, and is a great favorite with market growers as well as private gardeners. The berries are large, deep red, of even shape, very firm and of fine quality, being sweet and of high flavor. The plant is a strong, vigorous grower and produces heavy crops. Season medium to late. Perfect flowers.

Price of Plants. We can furnish **first-class plants** of above varieties, all of our own growing from plants set out last spring, as follows:

By mail or prepaid express: **Doz. 25c; 50 plants 65c; 100 plants \$1.20.**
By express, not prepaid: **100 plants 85c; 1,000 \$5.00.**

Special Collection for the Home Garden, \$1.00 postpaid.

We will send a collection composed of 110 Strawberry plants of varieties best suited to the needs of those who raise strawberries for their own use, for **\$1.00 postpaid**. This collection consists of **30** plants **Johnson's Early**, one of the earliest kinds, **40** plants **Senator Dunlap**, medium, and **40** plants **Brandywine**, a very fine late variety.

These varieties are all of fine quality and productive, and being composed of early, medium and late kinds they will produce a continuous supply of berries from the first to the last of the season. If ordered separately these plants would cost **\$1.45**. We can make no change in the quantities or varieties of which this collection is composed. The plants will be sent the day they are dug, and we guarantee that they will reach the purchaser in good condition. **ORDER EARLY**—The plants should be set out May 1st to 15th to get the best results.

We will send two of these collections by express at the purchaser's expense for \$1.50 or three for \$2.00.

"I was very much pleased with Strawberry plants which were received in elegant shape. They are growing excellent, and have not lost one. In fact all seeds and plants bought from you have proved very satisfactory."—**GEO. G. CLARK**, Newburg, N. Y.

RED RASPBERRIES.

Plants should be set out in rows five feet apart and the plants three to four feet apart in the row.

Loudon. A comparatively new Red Raspberry of large size and great productiveness. Earlier than Cuthbert and fully as productive. The fruit is large, of fine color and very firm. By mail, 10c each; dozen, 50c. By express, dozen, 40c; 100, \$2.00.

CUTHBERT. A remarkably hardy, prolific, firm, Red Raspberry. When you have the Cuthbert you are nearly always sure of a crop. The berries are extra large, sometimes three inches in circumference, remarkably firm and of excellent quality, conical in shape, of a rich crimson color. Season medium to late. Canes vigorous and perfectly hardy. By mail, dozen, 35c; 100, \$1.50. By express, 100, \$1.25; 1000, \$11.00.

Golden Queen. This is the finest Yellow Raspberry. It resembles the Cuthbert, except in color, which is a light golden yellow. By mail, dozen, 50c; 50, \$1.25. By express, dozen, 40c; 100, \$2.00.

Marlboro. One of the largest and best early Raspberries. Hardy and productive. The berries are bright scarlet and very attractive; quality first-class. By mail, dozen, 45c; 100 \$2.00; By express, dozen, 35c; 100, \$1.75.

COLUMBIAN. This is an improved type of Schaffer's **Cossal.** It is a purple berry intermediate between a red and a black cap raspberry. The berries are a little larger than Shaffer's and of better color. The plant is of very vigorous growth and enormously productive. The fruit has a very sprightly flavor, and is desirable for canning as well as for table use. By mail, dozen, 50c; 50 plants, \$1.60. By express, dozen, 40c; 100 \$2.00; 1000 \$15.00.

BLACK RASPBERRIES.

OR BLACK CAPS.

Cumberland. The berries grow larger than any other variety, and resemble blackberries in size and shape, in some cases nearly as large. The Cumberland, in fact, is supposed to have a little Blackberry blood in it, which gives the fruit its enormous size and elongated form. The fruit is so large and fine that it always sells for the highest prices. The Cumberland is a medium early variety, following closely after Palmer and Ohio. The plants are perfectly hardy. Price, by mail, dozen, 50c. By express, dozen, 40c; 100, \$1.60; 1000, \$14.00.

GREGG. One of the largest and best late varieties of Black Raspberries. Hardy, a remarkable vigorous grower, immensely productive, and of unsurpassed quality. By mail, dozen, 40c. By express, 100, \$1.25; 1000, \$11.00.

KANSAS. One of the very best early varieties. Remarkably productive, with fruit of large size and fine quality. Perfectly hardy and of vigorous growth. We highly recommend this kind. By mail, dozen, 40c. By express, 100, \$1.20; 1000, \$10.00.

BLACKBERRIES.

Plant in rows 6 feet apart and 4 feet apart in the rows

ELDORADO. This blackberry has proved to be one of the very best for the northern part of the country. The canes are perfectly hardy here where we have very cold weather. It is almost as productive and hardy as the Snyder and the berries are nearly twice as large. They are jet black and do not turn red after picking and are of very high quality. This kind is so much better than Lawton that we have given up that variety. The plants we offer are grown from root cuttings and are far superior to canes dug from bearing plants. By mail, dozen, 50c; 50 plants, \$1.50. By express, dozen, 40c; 100, \$2.25.

SNYDER. A very hardy Blackberry standing our most severe winters without protection. Berries of medium size and are sweet, juicy and of fine flavor. One of the best varieties for the north. Plant vigorous and very productive. Root cutting plants. By mail, dozen, 50c; 50 plants, \$1.50. By express, dozen, 35c; 100, \$1.75; 1000, \$14.00.

GOOSEBERRIES.

Pearl. A large white Gooseberry that is quite free from mildew. The bush is wonderfully productive and fruit of large size and fine quality. Price, by mail, strong 1-year old plants, each, 15c; dozen, \$1.25. By express, dozen, \$1.10; 100, \$7.50.

RED JACKET. This is the largest and most vigorous red Gooseberry. The fruit is as large and fine as the English varieties, while the plant is entirely free from mildew. Price same as for Pearl.

Downing. Fruit large, green when ripe, and of excellent quality. Bush a vigorous grower and seldom affected by mildew. Price same as for Pearl.

CURRANTS.

Set the plants 4 feet apart in the row and the rows 6 feet apart. Give clean culture and mulch with coarse manure.

Perfection. A new variety, produced by crossing Fay's Prolific and White Grape Currants. It is larger than Fay's and of as fine quality as White Grape, which is sweeter and of finer flavor than the old red varieties. The color is bright red. The clusters are very long, and the upper part of the stem is free from fruit so that it is easy to pick. The bush is a good grower and remarkably productive. For home use or market there is no finer red currant than this. It ripens earlier than Victoria or about the same time as Fay's and Cherry.

Price—2-year-old plants, by mail, 25c each; 6 plants for \$1.00. By express, 20c each; dozen, \$1.75; 100, \$10.00.

Victoria. The best late red currant. The bush is of great vigor, and the fruit is of good size and produced on long stems. In our experience it is by far the most productive variety, and is of fine quality. By mail, good strong, 1-year-old plants, each, 10c; dozen, 70c. By express, 1-year-old plants, dozen, 60c; 100, \$4.00; 2-year plants, dozen, 75c; 100, \$5.50.

Cherry. One of the largest and most popular Currants. Bush not as vigorous as Victoria, and needs the best of soil and culture. Price same as Victoria.

FAY'S PROLIFIC. Fruit about the size of the Cherry Currant, but with larger bunches. A profitable variety when given high culture. Price same as Victoria.

RED CROSS. A new Red Currant of large size and great productiveness. Bunches long and fruit of good color, large size and fine quality. It should be given a trial. Price same as Victoria.

White Grape. The best White Currant. Price same as Victoria.

LEE'S PROLIFIC BLACK. The best variety of Black Currants. Price same as Victoria.

PERFECTION CURRANT.

GRAPE VINES.

Campbell's Early. A new, very early, black grape of large size and rich sweet flavor. The vine is a strong grower and perfectly healthy. Undoubtedly one of the best early black grapes. Price, 25c each; dozen, \$2.25, postpaid. By express, 35c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

Delaware. Light red. One of the most delicious and high flavored grapes. No one should be without it.

WORDEN. Black. Very similar to Concord, but earlier and larger and of far better quality.

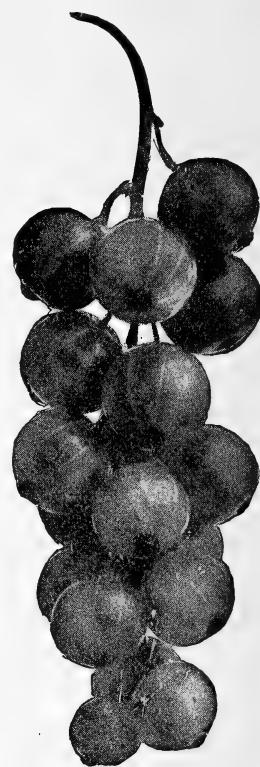
Concord. Black. Early, hardy and enormously productive.

BRIGHTON. Red. A magnificent grape; large, handsome and equal, if not superior, in flavor to the Delaware and far larger.

Niagara. White. One of the most popular white grapes; as vigorous and hardy as Concord. Fruit very large and handsome and of good quality when thoroughly ripe.

Moore's Diamond. One of the best white grapes. Bunch large and compact; berry of good size and of fine quality.

PRICE OF ABOVE GRAPES (except Campbell's Early): Large two-year-old plants, by mail or express prepaid, each, 25c; dozen, \$1.45. By express, not prepaid, 15c each; dozen, \$1.10; 25 plants, \$2.00.



Vegetable Plants.

The plants are all carefully packed and we guarantee their safe arrival in good condition. When the price is preceded by the words "By express," it means that when ordered at this price the plants are sent by express at the purchaser's expense. We shall be glad to quote **special prices** on large lots, if you will let us know the kinds and quantities required.

CABBAGE PLANTS. Early transplanted plants ready

April 15th. These plants are well hardened and will stand frost without injury. They are far superior to plants grown in frames without transplanting. Such plants, of course, can be sold much cheaper. Varieties: Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Wakefield, Enkhuizen Glory, Burpee's All Head Early. By mail, **20c per doz.; \$1.00 per 100.** By express, **15c per doz.; 65c per 100; \$4.50 per 1000.**

Field-Grown Plants. All leading varieties, ready June 10th to July 15th. By mail, **10c per doz.; 50c per 100.** By express, **25c per 100; \$1.50 per 1000; 5000 or more at \$1.10 per 1000.** Please write for price on large lots stating quantity and varieties required.

CAULIFLOWER. Early transplanted plants ready May 1st.

Early Snowball and Danish Giant or Dryweather. By mail, **25c per doz.; \$1.30 per 100.** By express, **\$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1000.**

Field Grown Plants, ready June 20th. By mail, **15c per doz.; 85c per 100.** By express, **65c per 100; \$3.75 per 1000.**

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Field-grown plants ready June 20th. *Same price as cauliflower.*

CELERY. Early transplanted plants ready June 1st. Golden Self-Blanching and White Plume. By mail, **75c per 100.** By express, **50c per 100; \$3.25 per 1000.**

Field Grown—Strong, stocky plants of all varieties listed in this catalogue ready last of June. By mail, **50c per 100.** By express, **30c per 100; \$2.00 per 1000; 3000 or more at \$1.50 per 1000.** Write for prices on larger lots.

EGG PLANT. As these plants are easily injured in transplanting we raise them in paper pots which are sent with the plants so as not to disturb the roots. **Black Beauty**, ready May 25th. By express, **75c per doz.; 50 plants, \$2.00.**

PEPPER. Strong transplanted plants ready last of May. Varieties: **Ruby King, Chinese Giant, Giant Crimson, Neapolitan, Bell or Bull Nose, New Giant Cayenne.** By mail, **25c per doz.** By express, **20c per doz.; \$1.25 per 100; \$8.00 per 1000.**

TOMATO. Our Tomato plants are strong and stocky, and are well hardened and are much superior to plants taken directly out of greenhouse. Varieties: **Earllana, Bonny Best, June Pink, Success, Stone, Dwarf Champion, Tucker's Favorite and Golden Queen (yellow).** By mail, **30c per doz.** By express, **20c per doz.; \$1.25 per 100; \$8.00 per 1000.** Write for price on larger lots, stating varieties desired.

THOSE WHO GET OUR PLANTS LIKE THEM.

MR. GEO. MASON, Manchester Center, Vt., writes July 5, '09:

"Celery, Tomato and Cauliflower plants arrived in good condition, and as usual am thoroughly satisfied with them. I desire to say that I have received better seeds and plants from you than any other seedsman. I have and shall continue to speak in praise of your goods to every one I come in contact with."

MR. FRANK E. DICKINSON, Wiscasset Me., writes May 7, '09:

"I got my box of plants to-day. They are looking fine; the best I've seen, and I have handled quite a lot."

MR. BERT DENISE, Charlotte, N. Y., writes Sept. 2, '09:

"I am delighted with my tomato plants got of you in May. They were certainly very fine."
(Mr. Denise had 2000 tomato plants.)

MR. R. E. POST, Norwich, N. Y., writes Oct. 6, '09:

"From the 2000 Early Cabbage plants I bought of you last spring I sold \$115.50 worth of cabbage."

MR. D. C. SEAGER, Rockford, Ill., writes Feb. 15, '08:

"The cabbage plants you shipped me last July arrived in perfect condition. I was rather doubtful about shipping so far, but they were just as fresh as if pulled at home."

Insecticides.

Arsenate of Lead. We find this much better and cheaper than Paris Green. The great advantage it has over Paris Green is that it does not injure foliage and does not settle so quickly in water. It will remain in suspension more than twice as long, so does not require such constant stirring. It will not injure foliage even if applied two or three times as strong as necessary to kill all insects. It will also stick to the leaves much better than Paris Green so does not need to be applied so often.

Arsenate of Lead is a white paste that looks like white lead. It is readily mixed with water and does not clog spray nozzles. It is used at the rate of about 3 lbs. to 100 gallons of water. It can be used with Bordeaux Mixture the same as Paris Green.

Price, **1 lb. can, 25c; 5 lb. bucket, \$1.00; 10 lb. buckets, \$1.75 each.** Write for price on larger lots.

PARIS GREEN. We can furnish pure Paris Green at **35c per lb.; 5 lbs. for \$1.50; 10 lbs. or more at 29c per lb.** Price variable according to market.

WHITE HELLEBORE. The best remedy for currant and cabbage worms. Apply dry or in water. **Per lb. 20c.** By mail, **30c per lb.**

SULPHO-TOBACCO SOAP. For killing aphides or lice on roses and other plants we have found nothing so effective and convenient as Sulpho-Tobacco Soap. It is easily applied by dissolving in water and spraying or sprinkling on the plants. It is sure death to insects and never injures the plants. This soap is also very effective in killing fleas on dogs and cats.

Directions for use are printed on the cover of each cake. A 3-oz. cake makes $1\frac{1}{2}$ gallons, and an 8 oz. cake 4 gallons of the solution. **Price, postpaid, 3-oz. cakes, 12c; 8-oz. cakes, 25c.** By express, **3-oz. cakes, 10c each; 8-oz. cakes, 20c each.**

TOBACCO DUST. Tobacco dust is an excellent material for keeping bugs off cucumber, melon and squash vines. The dust should be applied when the leaves are wet so that it will adhere to them. It should be used in liberal quantities. **For fumigating greenhouses** the Tobacco Dust we sell is most excellent. It burns evenly and will light without the use of kerosene. 5 lbs. will fumigate a house 25×100 feet. **Price**—by mail, **15c per lb.** By express, **5 lb. package 25c; 10 lbs. 35c; 50 lbs. or more 3c per lb.**

LAMBERT'S DEATH TO LICE. This is the most effective remedy for killing lice on poultry we have found. It is in a convenient form to use and is very effective. Death to Lice is a powder, and is easily applied to the fowls by dusting it through the feathers. It kills the lice within a few minutes after applying. It should be used on setting hens and young chickens as soon as hatched. More chickens and turkeys are killed by lice than people generally realize. Everyone who raises poultry should keep some of the "Death to Lice" powder on hand and use it freely, especially when the hens are setting and young chickens hatch. It is perfectly harmless and it will not injure the most delicate chickens.

Price—**15 ounce cans, 25c each.** By mail, **35c each.** Full directions for use are printed on each can.

Garden Tools, Etc.

**LANG'S
HAND
WEEDER**
HANDIEST
TOOL
ON EARTH.



Lang's Hand Weeder. A very useful tool for hand weeding. A boy with one of these weeders can do twice as much work in a day as he could without it. **Price, 25c each; 3 for 60c.** By mail, 30c each.

Garden Line. Good strong hemp garden line, 50 feet, 30c; (by mail 35c); 100 feet 50c; 200 feet 90c.

Garden Stalks or Labels. Very useful for marking the name of seeds sown in the garden or hot bed; stalks 12 inches long, the best size for garden use, 15c per doz; 80c per 100.

Pot Labels. Four inches long. 20c per 100; \$1.00 per 1000.

Planet Jr. Garden and Farm Tools. We can furnish any Planet Jr. tools required and should be glad to mail a complete catalogue of these tools on request. There are no better tools made.

The "Auto-Spray."

We have used "Auto-Spray" pumps quite extensively for years and find them the best and most convenient hand sprayers made. For applying any kind of spraying material in small quantities to potatoes, cabbage and other small plants, as well as shrubs, roses, etc., there is no sprayer so convenient and effective. The spraying mixture is simply put in the can, which holds four gallons, and the pump is then worked up and down a few times until air pressure is obtained. Then open the stop cock and a fine mist spray will continue for 10 to 15 minutes, after which a few more strokes of the pump will renew the pressure. The Auto-Spray is now supplied with a new device called "Auto-Pop." In operation a lever is moved by simply closing the hand, thus opening the valve and allowing an instantaneous discharge of spray. By releasing the lever it closes itself automatically, hence the spray is under perfect control. The value of the "Auto-Pop" is most apparent in spraying potatoes and other plants in hills where only enough solution is used to spray each hill or plant. It is a great saving over the continuous spray.

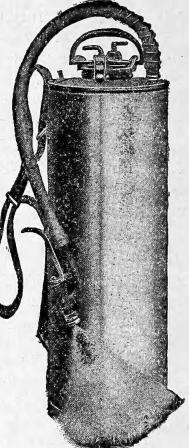
Sprayers having the "Auto-Pop" also have a new "Anti-Choke" nozzle which never clogs and can be adjusted to throw a fine or coarse spray as desired. These sprayers are well and substantially made and will last a long time.

SPECIAL LOW PRICES. We can furnish these sprayers at the following cut prices. They are the genuine Brown "Auto-Spray" pumps direct from the factory. If shipped alone they should be sent by express, but when ordered shipped with seeds that are heavy they can be shipped at very little expense by freight:

Auto-Spray, Brass Tank with Auto-Pop, the best made.....Regular Price \$8.00 Our Price \$6.00
" " Galvanized Tank with Auto-Pop....." " " 6.00 " " 4.50

Either of these with stop-cock instead of the "Auto-Pop" nozzle 75 cents less.

Brass Extension pipe, 2 ft. lengths...40c each. Brass Elbow.....40c each.



Fertilizers.

We can furnish the following fertilizing materials delivered on cars at Rochester without extra charge.

Muriate of Potash. This is the most economical form in which to furnish potash to plants. It contains 52 to 54 per cent. actual potash.

10 lbs. 50c; 100 lbs. \$3.50; bag 224 lbs. \$6.50.

Peruvian Guano. We have found this an excellent fertilizer for garden crops and lawns. It is a fine brown powder and contains no acids or chemicals. It is a high grade fertilizer, containing three to four per cent of ammonia, eighteen to twenty per cent of phosphoric acid and three per cent potash. It should be thoroughly mixed with the soil and when used on growing plants it should not be applied directly on the plants but some distance away, so as to avoid injury. This material, however, is not as apt to injure plants as ordinary commercial fertilizers, which contain more or less acid and caustic salts.

For Lawns this guano will be found most valuable. It produces a healthy and most luxuriant growth of the best grasses, and there is no danger of injury to the lawn by its use, as is the case with some chemical fertilizers.

Price of Peruvian Guano. We offer this material to analyze as given above, screened and in fine, dry condition for drilling as follows:

25 lbs.....	\$.75	100 lbs.....	\$2.60
50 lbs.....	1.35	200 lbs.....	4.50

Nitrate of Soda. This is the most soluble and quickly available form of nitrogen or "ammonia." It is of great benefit in forcing a strong, luxuriant growth in plants. It is especially valuable for **Cabbage, Cauliflower, Beets, Carrots, Onions, Potatoes** and similar crops, as well as for **Grass and Grain.** It can be advantageously used as a top dressing after plants are up. It is immediately available to the plants when applied.

It is completely soluble in water and may be applied to plants by dissolving in water at the rate of about a tablespoonful to a gallon of water. Applied in this way it will greatly stimulate the growth of plants in frames, pots and in the open ground.

10 lbs. 50c; 100 lbs. \$4.00.

White Holland Turkeys.

We have raised White Holland Turkeys for a number of years and like them better than any other breed we have ever had. One great advantage they possess over the Bronze Turkey is that they **do not wander** from home. The hens, instead of going off to the woods to make their nests, as the Bronze do, stay at home and lay their eggs where it is no trouble to find them. They **lay twice as many eggs** as any Bronze Turkeys we have ever had. They are very handsome birds, being **snow white** and they **mature early** and are as hardy as any breed of turkeys. Ours stay out all winter and roost in trees with no protection whatever. While they do not get quite as large as the pure bred Bronze, yet they are large enough for all practical purposes. Our young gobblers often weigh over 20 lbs. early in December and get to weigh 30 lbs. or more when matured.

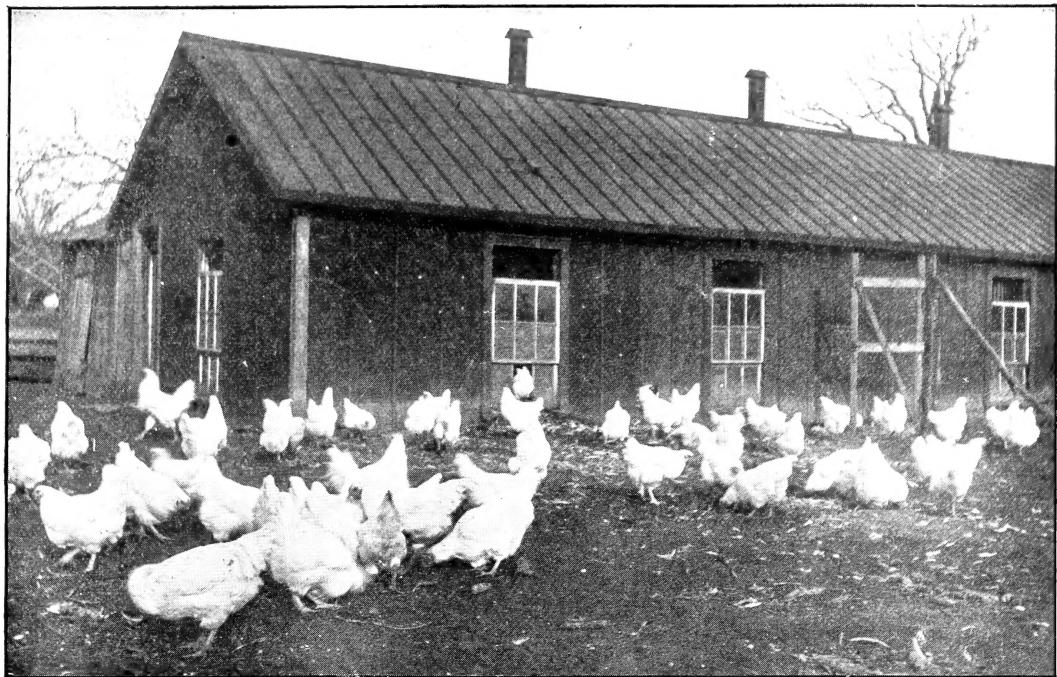
We have a large flock of **very fine** White Hollands this season that were bred from very carefully selected stock. They are **large, vigorous and healthy** and perfectly pure bred. We offer the best young birds, hatched in May or first of June, as follows:

GOBBLER, extra fine, large and vigorous, \$6.00. GOBBLER, good, but not quite as large, \$5.00. HENS, first class, \$4.00 each.

EGGS. We can furnish a few pure bred White Holland Turkey Eggs at \$3.50 per setting of 9 eggs, or \$4.50 for 12 eggs.

Mr. Clarence Snyder, Argyle, N. Y., writes Dec. 8, '09: "The Turkeys arrived all right yesterday. They are fine birds and we are well pleased with them."

Mr. H. W. Clark, Richville, N. Y., writes Dec. 10, '09: "The Turkey arrived O. K. and will say he is a very fine bird."



Our White Wyandottes Have Free Range.

White Wyandottes.

We have raised White Wyandottes exclusively for fifteen years and have bred up a very fine strain that is as fine as any in the country. As we raise only the one kind we can give our fowls *free range* which keeps them *healthy* and *vigorous* and they are consequently far superior for breeding purposes to fowls that are kept confined in small yards as is necessary where more than one breed is raised.

There is no finer breed of fowls than the White Wyandotte. They grow large, have deep yellow skin and yellow legs and make the very best broilers and table fowls. They also are great layers—almost equal to the Leghorns, while they are twice as large as that breed.

The introduction of a few pure bred White Wyandotte cockerels will improve any flock. If kept pure they are very handsome fowls about a place and always attract much attention.

Price of Fowls.

Good large, vigorous cockerels, weighing 7 to 8 lbs., \$2.00 each; 3 for \$5.00.

These cockerels are perfectly pure bred and are just the thing to breed up a flock for practical purposes. It will pay those who have hens of common mixed breeds to get some of these pure bred White Wyandotte cockerels to improve the flock.

EXTRA FINE COCKERELS, carefully selected for purity of color, shape of comb, color of legs, etc., \$5.00 each.

These are as fine cockerels as can be bought of other breeders for \$10.00. They are good enough to put in any flock of pure bred White Wyandottes bred for breeding purposes or show.

PULLETS, fine, large, early hatched pullets, carefully selected for breeding, \$1.75 each. Good large healthy pullets, but not quite as fine as above, \$1.50 each.

White Wyandotte Eggs. We can furnish eggs from our own carefully selected breeding stock. As we raise only one breed our flock has **free range**. We have scratching sheds attached to our hen houses and every other advantage for getting good fertile eggs. As we cannot test eggs before sending them off, as we do seeds, of course we cannot tell just how fertile they are. All we can do is to send only **perfectly fresh** eggs and give our hens the best of care and food. We pack the eggs in the most careful manner and guarantee that they shall reach the purchaser in good condition. Orders for eggs should be sent at least a week before the date the eggs are to be shipped, as our eggs are usually engaged for some time ahead. They are shipped as fast as they are laid and are usually not more than twenty-four hours old when they leave here.

1 setting, 13 eggs, \$1.25. 2 settings, 26 eggs, \$2.00. 50 eggs, \$3.25. 100 eggs, \$6.00,

The eggs and fowls are sent by express at the expense of the purchaser. They are packed in very light carriers so as to make the express charges as low as possible.

HARRIS' SEEDS

GROWN AT

MORETON FARM

Where the Good Seeds Grow

One of our customers says :

"Moreton Farm is certainly the place to send for good seeds."



CREGO ASTERS AT MORETON FARM.

Everyone should raise some of these great, big, beautiful Asters. The "Crego" is the largest and handsomest Aster we have ever seen and we are in the greatest Aster growing section in this country. We offer seed of our own growing, which is unsurpassed. See page 48.

JOSEPH HARRIS CO., SEED GROWERS

MORETON FARM, COLDWATER, N. Y.